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### (54) Title: GENE EXPRESSION PROFILES IN NORMAL AND CANCER CELLS

### (57) Abstract

As a step towards understanding the complex differences between normal and cancer cells, gene expression patterns were examined in gastrointestinal tumors. More than 300,000 transcripts derived from at least 45,000 different genes were analyzed. Although extensive similarity was noted between the expression profiles, more than 500 transcripts that were expressed at significantly different levels in normal and neoplastic cells were identified. These data provide insights into the extent of expression differences underlying malignancy and reveal genes that are useful as diagnostic or prognostic markers.

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# Gene Expression Profiles in Normal and Cancer Cells

This invention was made with support from the National Institutes of Health, Grant No. GM07309, CA57345, and CA62924. The U.S. government therefore retains certain rights in the invention.

# TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention is related to the diagnosis of cancer, and tools for carrying out such diagnosis.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Much of cancer research over the past 50 years has been devoted to the analyses of genes that are expressed differently in tumor cells compared to their normal counterparts. Although hundreds of studies have pointed out differences in the expression of one or a few genes, no comprehensive study of gene expression in the cancer cell has been reported. It is therefore not known how many genes are expressed differentially in tumor versus normal cells, whether the bulk of these differences are cell autonomous rather than being dependent on the tumor microenvironment, and whether most differences are cell-type specific or tumor specific. Thus there is a need in the art for information on the molecular changes that occur in cells during cancer development and progression.

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### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to one embodiment of the invention, a method is provided for diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

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identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

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According to another embodiment of the invention, another method is provided for diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

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identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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In another embodiment of the invention an isolated and purified human nucleic acid molecule is provided. The molecule comprises a SAGE tag selected from SEQ ID NO:1-732.

In yet another aspect of the invention an isolated nucleotide probe is provided. The probe comprises at least 12 nucleotides of a human nucleic acid molecule, wherein the human nucleic acid molecule comprises a SAGE tag selected from SEQ ID NO: 1-732.

According to another aspect of the invention a method is provided for diagnosing pancreatic cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to still another embodiment of the invention a method of diagnosing cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a colon cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic colonic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

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determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to another aspect of the invention a method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first tissue sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In yet another embodiment of the invention a method is provided for diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of expression of the protein is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

In another aspect of the invention a method of diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript

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identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2,

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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According to another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic pancreatic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

determining a poorer prognosis if transcription is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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In yet another aspect of the invention a method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human tissue of the same tissue type, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

determining a poorer prognosis if transcription is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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According to still another aspect of the invention, a method is provided for diagnosing pancreatic cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

encoded by a transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said protein is

encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to yet another aspect of the invention a method is provided for diagnosing cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human tissue, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in the determination of a prognosis of a colon cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic colonic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first tissue sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and

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wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another aspect of the invention a method is provided to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic pancreatic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to even a further aspect of the invention a method is provided to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human tissue of the same tissue type, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another embodiment of the invention a method of treating a cancer cell is provided. The method comprises the step of:

administering to a cancer cell an antibody which specifically binds to a protein encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5, wherein the antibody is linked to a cytotoxic agent.

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In another aspect of the invention an antibody linked to a cytotoxic agent is provided. The antibody specifically binds to a protein encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5.

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According to another aspect of the invention, a method of detecting colon cancer in a patient is provided. The method comprises the steps of

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comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first body sample to a second body sample, wherein the first sample is a body sample of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

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identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In another aspect of the invention a method of detecting pancreatic cancer in a patient is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript encoded by a transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

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identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

Also provided by the present invention is a method of detecting cancer in a patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a

transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

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identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

Additionally provided by the present invention is a method to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a colon cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colon cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

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determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

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Provided by another embodiment of the invention is a method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to still another aspect of the invention, a method to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein said first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

Also provided by the present invention is a method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

The present invention further includes antisense oligonucleotides complementary in whole or in part to SEQ ID NOS:1-732.

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This invention also provides a method for screening for candidate agents that modulate the expression of a polynuleotide selected from the group consisting of the polynucleotides in SEQ ID NOS.1-732 or their respective complements, by contacting a test agent with a pancreatic or colon cell and monitoring expression of the polynucleotide, wherein the test agent which modifies the expression of the polynucleotide is a candidate agent.

The present invention provides the art with new methods and reagents for diagnosing and prognosing cancers. In addition, some of the newly disclosed genes may play an important role in the development of cancers.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1. Comparison of expression patterns in colorectal cancers and normal colon epithelium. (FIG. 1A) A semi-logarithmic plot reveals 51 tags that were decreased more than 10 fold in primary CR cancer cells whereas 32 tags were increased more than 10 fold. 62,168 and 60,878 tags derived from normal colon epithelium and primary CR cancers, respectively, were used for this analysis. The relative expression of each transcript was determined by dividing the number of tags observed in tumor and normal tissue as indicated. To avoid division by 0, a tag value of 1 was used for any tag that was not detectable in one of the samples. These ratios were then rounded to the nearest integer and their distribution plotted on the abscissa. The number of genes displaying each ratio was plotted on the ordinate. Tu: CR tumors; NC: Normal colon. (FIG. 1B and FIG. 1C) Differentially expressed genes in The number of transcripts found to be differentially colorectal cancers. expressed  $(P \le 0.01)$  are presented as Venn diagrams. Diagrams of transcripts that were decreased (FIG. 1B) or increased (FIG. 1C) in CR cancers compared to normal colon epithelium. Comparisons were between primary tumors and cells in culture as indicated.

Fig. 2. Northern blot analysis of genes differentially expressed in gastrointestinal neoplasia. Northern blot analysis was performed on total RNA (5 µg isolated from primary CR carcinomas (T) and matching normal colon epithelium (N), or pancreatic carcinomas. The top panel in each case show an

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example of the ethidium bromide stained gels prior to transfer. The number of SAGE tags observed in the original analysis is indicated to the right of each blot. (FIG. 2A) Examples of transcripts that were decreased or increased in CR cancers. (FIG.2B) Examples of transcripts increased in pancreatic cancers (10). (FIG.2C) Examples of transcripts elevated in cancer which were or were not cancer type specific. Probes used for Northern blot analysis were as follows (Human SAGE Tag unique identifier, gene name, (GenBank accession number)): (FIG. 2A) H204104, Guanylin (M95714); H259108, (see Table 2); H1000193, (see Table 2); H998030, (see Table 2). (FIG. 2B) H294155, RIG-E (U42376); H560056, TIMP-1 (S68252). (FIG. 2C) H802810, EST338411 (W52120); H85882, 1-8D (X57351); H618841, GA733-1 (X13425).

Tables 2-5. Transcripts Differentially Expressed in Human Cancer.

Tag sequence represents the NlaIII site plus the adjacent 11 bp SAGE tag. Tag number indicates a SAGE UID (unique identifier). NC, TU, CL, PT, PC, refers to the number of the indicated tag observed in RNA isolated from normal colorectal epithelium, primary colorectal cancers, colorectal cancer cell lines, primary pancreatic cancers, or pancreatic cancer cell lines, respectively. The Accession and Gene Name refer to representative GenBank entries that contain the tag sequence.

Table 2 Transcripts increased in colorectal cancer.

Table 3 Transcripts decreased in colorectal cancer.

Table 4 Transcripts increased in pancreatic cancer.

Table 5 Transcripts increased in pancreatic and colorectal cancer.

### 25 <u>DETAILED DESCRIPTION</u>

The inventors have discovered sets of human genes which are either upregulated or downregulated in cancer cells, as compared to normal cells. Specifically, certain genes have been found to be upregulated or downregulated in colorectal and/or pancreatic cancer cells, when compared to normal colon

cells. These sets of differentially regulated genes can be used as diagnostic markers, either individually or in sets of, for example, 2, 5, 10, 20, or 30.

Genes whose expression was detected to be increased in colorectal cancer are shown in Table 2. Genes whose expression was detected to be decreased in colorectal cancer are shown in Table 3. Genes whose expression was detected as increased in pancreatic cancer are shown in Table 4. Genes whose expression was detected as increased in both pancreatic cancer and colorectal cancer are shown in Table 5. These latter genes likely play a role in neoplastic development generally.

Tag sequences, as provided herein, uniquely identify genes. This is due to their length, and their specific location (3') in a gene from which they are drawn. The full length genes can be identified by matching the tag to a gene data base member, or by using the tag sequences as probes to physically isolate previously unidentified genes from cDNA libraries. The methods by which genes are isolated from libraries using DNA probes are well known in the art. See, for example, Veculescu et al., Science 270: 484 (1995), and Sambrook et al. (1989), MOLECULAR CLONING: A LABORATORY MANUAL, 2nd ed. (Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York). Once a gene or transcript has been identified, either by matching to a data base entry, or by physically hybridizing to a cDNA molecule, the position of the hybridizing or matching region in the transcript can be determined. If the tag sequence is not in the 3' end, immediately adjacent to the restriction enzyme used to generate the SAGE tags, then a spurious match may have been made. Confirmation of the identity of a SAGE tag can be made by comparing transcription levels of the tag to that of the identified gene in certain cell types.

In addition to the sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS: 1-732, or their complements, this invention also provides the anti-sense polynucleotide stand, e.g. antisense RNA to these sequences or their complements. One can obtain an antisense RNA using the sequences provided in SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 and the methodology described in Vander Krol et al. (1988) BioTechniques 6:958.

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The invention also encompasses polynucleotides which differ from that of the polynucleotides described above, but which produce the same phenotypic effect, such as the allele. These altered, but phenotypically equivalent polynucleotides are referred to "equivalent nucleic acids." This invention also encompasses polynucleotides characterized by changes in non-coding regions that do not alter the phenotype of the polypeptide produced therefrom when compared to the polynucleotide herein. This invention further encompasses polynucleotides, which hybridize to the polynucleotides of the subject invention under conditions of moderate or high stringency.

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The polynucleotides can be conjugated to a detectable marker, e.g., an enzymatic label or a radioisotope for detection of nucleic acid and/or expression of the gene in a cell. A wide variety of appropriate detectable markers are known in the art, including fluorescent, radioactive, enzymatic or other ligands, such as avidin/biotin, which are capable of giving a detectable signal. In preferred embodiments, one will likely desire to employ a fluorescent label or an enzyme tag, such as urease, alkaline phosphatase or peroxidase, instead of radioactive or other environmental undesirable reagents. In the case of enzyme tags, colorimetric indicator substrates are known which can be employed to provide a means visible to the human eye or spectrophotometrically, to identify specific hybridization with complementary nucleic acid-containing samples. Briefly, this invention further provides a method for detecting a single-stranded polynucleotide identified by SEQ ID NOS.1-732 or its complement, by contacting target single-stranded polynucleotides with a labeled, single-stranded polynucleotide (a probe) which is at least 10 nucleotides of the complement of SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 (or the corresponding complement) under conditions permitting hybridization (preferably moderately stringent hybridization conditions) of complementary single-stranded polynucleotides, or more preferably, under highly stringent hybridization conditions. Hybridized polynucleotide pairs are separated from un-hybridized, single-stranded polynucleotides. The hybridized polynucleotide

pairs are detected using methods well known to those of skill in the art and set forth, for example, in Sambrook et al. (1989) supra.

The polynucleotides of this invention can be isolated using the technique described in the experimental section or replicated using PCR. The PCR technology is the subject matter of United States Patent Nos.4,683,195, 4,800,159, 4,754,065, and 4,683,202 and described in PCR: The Polymerase Chain Reaction (Mullis et al. eds, Birkhauser Press, Boston (1994)) or MacPherson et al. (1991) and (1994), supra, and references cited therein. Alternatively, one of skill in the art can use the sequences provided herein and a commercial DNA synthesizer to replicate the DNA. Accordingly, this invention also provides a process for obtaining the polynucleotides of this invention by providing the linear sequence of the polynucleotide, nucleotides, appropriate primer molecules, chemicals such as enzymes and instructions for their replication and chemically replicating or linking the nucleotides in the proper orientation to obtain the polynucleotides. In a separate embodiment, these polynucleotides are further isolated. Still further, one of skill in the art can insert the polynucleotide into a suitable replication vector and insert the vector into a suitable host cell (procaryotic or eucaryotic) for replication and amplification. The DNA so amplified can be isolated from the cell by methods well known to those of skill in the art. A process for obtaining polynucleotides by this method is further provided herein as well as the polynucleotides so obtained.

RNA can be obtained by first inserting a DNA polynucleotide into a suitable host cell. The DNA can be inserted by any appropriate method, e.g., by the use of an appropriate gene delivery vector or by electroporation. When the cell replicates and the DNA is transcribed into RNA; the RNA can then be isolated using methods well known to those of skill in the art, for example, as set forth in Sambrook et al. (1989) supra. For instance, mRNA can be isolated using various lytic enzymes or chemical solutions according to the procedures set forth in Sambrook et al. (1989), supra or extracted by nucleic-acid-binding resins following the accompanying instructions provided by manufactures.

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Polynucleotides having at least 10 nucleotides and exhibiting sequence complementarity or homology to SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 find utility as hybridization probes. In some aspects, the full coding sequence of the transcript, i.e., for SEQ ID NOS: 1-732, are known. Accordingly, any portion of the known sequences available in GenBank, or homologous sequences, can be used in the methods of this invention.

It is known in the art that a "perfectly matched" probe is not needed for a specific hybridization. Minor changes in probe sequence achieved by substitution, deletion or insertion of a small number of bases do not affect the hybridization specificity. In general, as much as 20% base-pair mismatch (when optimally aligned) can be tolerated. Preferably, a probe useful for detecting the aforementioned mRNA is at least about 80% identical to the homologous region of comparable size contained in the previously identified sequences identified by SEQ ID NOS:1-732, which correspond to previously characterized genes or SEQ ID NOS:1-732, which correspond to known ESTs. More preferably, the probe is 85% identical to the corresponding gene sequence after alignment of the homologous region; even more preferably, it exhibits 90% identity.

These probes can be used in radioassays (e.g. Southern and Northern blot analysis) to detect, prognose, diagnose or monitor various pancreatic or colon cells or tissue containing these cells. The probes also can be attached to a solid support or an array such as a chip for use in high throughput screening assays for the detection of expression of the gene corresponding to one or more polynucleotide(s) of this invention. Accordingly, this invention also provides at least one of the transcripts identified as SEQ ID NOS:1-732, or its complement, attached to a solid support for use in high throughput screens.

The total size of fragment, as well as the size of the complementary stretches, will depend on the intended use or application of the particular nucleic acid segment. Smaller fragments will generally find use in hybridization embodiments, wherein the length of the complementary region may be varied,

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such as between about 10 and about 100 nucleotides, or even full length according to the complementary sequences one wishes to detect.

Nucleotide probes having complementary sequences over stretches greater than 10 nucleotides in length are generally preferred, so as to increase stability and selectivity of the hybrid, and thereby improving the specificity of particular hybrid molecules obtained. More preferably, one can design polynucleotides having gene-complementary stretches of more than 50 nucleotides in length, or even longer where desired. Such fragments may be readily prepared by, for example, directly synthesizing the fragment by cnemical means, by application of nucleic acid reproduction technology, such as the PCR technology with two priming oligonucleotides as described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,603,102 or by introducing selected sequences into recombinant vectors for recombinant production. A preferred probe is about 50-75 or more preferably, 50-100, nucleotides in length.

The polynucleotides of the present invention can serve as primers for the detection of genes or gene transcripts that are expressed in pancreatic or colon cells. In this context, amplification means any method employing a primer-dependent polymerase capable of replicating a target sequence with reasonable fidelity. Amplification may be carried out by natural or recombinant DNA-polymerases such as T7 DNA polymerase, Klenow fragment of E.coli DNA polymerase, and reverse transcriptase.

A preferred amplification method is PCR. However, PCR conditions used for each reaction are empirically determined. A number of parameters influence the success of a reaction. Among them are annealing temperature and time, extension time, Mg<sup>2+</sup> ATP concentration, pH, and the relative concentration of primers, templates, and deoxyribonucleotides. After amplification, the resulting DNA fragments can be detected by agarose gel electrophoresis followed by visualization with ethidium bromide staining and ultraviolet illumination.

The invention further provides the isolated polynucleotide operatively linked to a promoter of RNA transcription, as well as other regulatory

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sequences for replication and/or transient or stable expression of the DNA or RNA. As used herein, the term "operatively linked" means positioned in such a manner that the promoter will direct transcription of RNA off the DNA molecule. Examples of such promoters are SP6, T4 and T7. In certain embodiments, cell-specific promoters are used for cell-specific expression of the inserted polynucleotide. Vectors which contain a promoter or a promoter/enhancer, with termination codons and selectable marker sequences, as well as a cloning site into which an inserted piece of DNA can be operatively linked to that promoter are well known in the art and commercially available. For general methodology and cloning strategies, see Gene Expression Technology (Goeddel ed., Academic Press, Inc. (1991)) and references cited therein and Vectors: Essential Data Series (Gacesa and Ramji, eds., John Wiley & Sons, N.Y. (1994)), which contains maps, functional properties, commercial suppliers and a reference to GenEMBL accession numbers for various suitable vectors. Preferable, these vectors are capable of transcribing RNA in vitro or in vivo.

Fragment of the sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-732 or their respective complements also are encompassed by this invention, preferably at least 10 nucleotides and more preferably having at least 18 nucleotides. Larger polynucleotides, e.g., cDNA or genomic DNA, which hybridize under moderate or stringent conditions to the polynucleotide sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-732, or their respective complements, also are encompassed by this invention.

In one embodiment, these fragments are polynucleotides that encode polypeptides or proteins having diagnostic and therapeutic utilities as described herein as well as probes to identify transcripts of the protein which may or may not be present. These nucleic acid fragments can by prepared, for example, by restriction enzyme digestion of the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NOS:1-732, or their complements, and then labeled with a detectable marker. Alternatively, random fragments can be generated using nick translation of the molecule. For

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methodology for the preparation and labeling of such fragments, see Sambrook et al., (1989) supra.

Expression vectors containing these nucleic acids are useful to obtain host vector systems to produce proteins and polypeptides. It is implied that these expression vectors must be replicable in the host organisms either as episomes or as an integral part of the chromosomal DNA. Suitable expression vectors include viral vectors, including adenoviruses, adeno-associated viruses, retroviruses, cosmids, etc. Adenoviral vectors are particularly useful for introducing genes into tissues in vivo because of their high levels of expression and efficient transformation of cells both in vitro and in vivo. When a nucleic acid is inserted into a suitable host cell, e.g., a procaryotic or a eucaryotic cell and the host cell replicates, the protein can be recombinantly produced. Suitable host cells will depend on the vector and can include mammalian cells, animal cells, human cells, simian cells, insect cells, yeast cells, and bacterial cells constructed using well known methods. See Sambrook et al. (1989) supra. In addition to the use of viral vector for insertion of exogenous nucleic acid into cells, the nucleic acid can be inserted into the host cell by methods well known in the art such as transformation for bacterial cells, transfection using calcium phosphate precipitation for mammalian cells; or DEAE-dextran; electroporation; or microinjection. See Sambrook et al. (1989) supra for this methodology. Thus, this invention also provides a host cell, e.g. a mammalian cell, an animal cell (rat or mouse), a human cell, or a procaryotic cell such as a bacterial cell, containing a polynucleotide encoding a protein or polypeptide or antibody.

When the vectors are used for gene therapy in vivo or ex vivo, a pharmaceutically acceptable vector is preferred, such as a replication-incompetent retroviral or adenoviral vector. Pharmaceutically acceptable vectors containing the nucleic acids of this invention can be further modified for transient or stable expression of the inserted polynucleotide. As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable vector" includes, but is not limited to, a vector or delivery vehicle having the ability to selectively target

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and introduce the nucleic acid into dividing cells. An example of such a vector is a "replication-incompetent" vector defined by its inability to produce viral proteins, precluding spread of the vector in the infected host cell. An example of a replication-incompetent retroviral vector is LNL6 (Miller, A.D. et al. (1989) BioTechniques 7:980-990). The methodology of using replication-incompetent retroviruses for retroviral-mediated gene transfer of gene markers is well established (Correll et al. (1989) PNAS USA 86:8912; Bordignon (1989) PNAS USA 86:8912-52; Culver, K. (1991) PNAS USA 88:3155; and Rill, D.R. (1991) Blood 79(10):2694-700. Clinical investigations have shown that there are few or no adverse effects associated with the viral vectors, see Anderson (1992) Science 256:808-13.

Compositions containing the polynucleotides of this invention, in isolated form or contained within a vector or host cell are further provided herein. When these compositions are to be used pharmaceutically, they are combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

This invention further encompasses genes, either genomic or cDNA, which code for a polypeptide or protein in the cell of interest. The genes specifically hybridize under moderate or stringent conditions to a polynucleotide identified by SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 or their respective complements. The process of identification of larger fragment or the full-length coding sequence to which the partial sequence depicted in SEQ ID NOS:1-732 hybridizes preferably involves the use of the methods and reagents provided in this invention, either singularly or in combination.

Five methods are disclosed herein which allows one of skill in the art to isolate the gene or cDNA corresponding to the transcripts of the invention.

### RACE-PCR Technique

One method to isolate the gene or cDNA which code for a polypeptide or protein and which corresponds to a transcript of this invention, involves the 5'-RACE-PCR technique. In this technique, the poly-A mRNA that contains the coding sequence of particular interest is first identified by hybridization to

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a sequence disclosed herein and then reverse transcribed with a 3'-primer comprising the sequence disclosed herein. The newly synthesized cDNA strand—is then tagged with an anchor primer of a known sequence, which preferably contains a convenient cloning restriction site attached at the 5'end. The tagged cDNA is then amplified with the 3'-primer (or a nested primer sharing sequence homology to the internal sequences of the coding region) and the 5'-anchor primer. The amplification may be conducted under conditions of various levels of stringency to optimize the amplification specificity. 5'-RACE-PCR can be readily performed using commercial kits (available from, e.g., BRL Life Technologies Inc, Clotech) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

### Identification of known genes or ESTs

In addition, databases exist that reduce the complexity of ESTs by assembling contiguous EST sequences into tentative genes. For example, TIGR has assembled human ESTs into a datable called THC for tentative human consensus sequences. The THC database allows for a more definitive assignment compared to TSTs alone. Software programs exist (give examples) that allow for assembling ESTs into contiguous sequences from any organism.

Isolation of cDNAs from a library by probing with the SAGE transcript or tag

Alternatively, mRNA from a sample preparation was used to construct cDNA library in the ZAP Express vector following the procedure described in Velculescu et al. (1997) Science 270:484. The ZAP Express cDNA synthesis kit (Stratagene) was used accordingly to the manufacturer's protocol. Plates containing 250 to 2000 plaques are hybridized as described in Rupert et al. (1988) Mol. Cell. Bio. 8:3104 to oligonucleotide probes with the same conditions previously described for standard probes exxcept that the hybridization temperature is reduced to room temperature. Washes are performed in 6X standard-saline-citrate 0.1% SDS for 30 minutes at room temperature. The probes are labeled with 32P-ATP through use of T4 polynucletoide kinase.

Table 2 - Transcripts increased in colon cancer

# Transcripts increased in only colon primary tumors compared to normal colon (61 genes)

NC: Normal Colon

TU Colon Primary Tumor CL. Colon Cancer Cell Line

py Pancreatic Primary Turnor py Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

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Transcripts increased in both colon primary tumors and colon cancer cell lines compared to normal colon (47 genes)

NC Normal Colon

TU; Colon Primary Turnor

CL: Colon Cancer Cell Line

PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor

PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

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cell lines compared to normal colon (181 genes) Transcripts increased in only colon cancer

TU: Colon Primary Tumor NC: Normal Colon

CL. Colon Cancer Cell Line

PT. Pancreatic Primary Tumor PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

Cene Name			S Human ribosomal protein \$12.	Т	Т			T -	o	1	Τ	-	10 Human C41 Hoosemal proven		99 [11.sapiens ribosomal protein L3/a.	1	T	1				Г	T	Т	Т		1	-	255 Human TCB gene encoding cytosolic thyrold normone-	147 Human ferritin L chain	7
ļ		69891X	X41505	1	_	L19739	X83412	_	X76180	0758011	10071			T91925	66999X	1	1	4	X69181	2 U14968	X79234	上	1	4	1	_		55 M23725	M26252	145 M11147	_
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C. I bill tour control		$\dagger$	CATGTGTGTTGAGAG	2 CATCCCCGAGGAAGG	V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V J J V V J V	CATGCAAACCAICCA	4 CATGCACAAACGGTA	1					OTOTOTICE	CATGITGUICLICIO	7 CATGICTCCATACCC	& CATGAAGACAGTGGC	1		10 CATGOOOGANA	II CATGAAGGAGA IGUU	12 CATGGAGGGAGTITC	7	_			16 CAIGICACCACACA	17 CATGCGCCGCLGGCI	18 CATGCTCAACAICIC	19 CATGTGGCCCCACCC		20 CATGCCCTGGGITCT

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TO A TOAGCA FOTCEAG	H150997	0	0	=	0	HOL	7	Vivoli I. I Holing Sapration of the colone c-26b05	e: clone c-26b05.
The state of the s				-	-	747	1	Sapiens partial control of	A clone 284472 5.
		_	-			Z	T		DNA
	69110711	24	32 7	77 3	33 99		M31520		NAM.
	H161624	: :	+	76 2	21 67	_	X53777	Human L23 mRNA for putate er	e ribosomal protein.
23 CATGAGCTCICCLIO	1101011		╄	-	-		3.0	blAA223340 AA223340 Ho.iio	gblAA223340JAA223340 Holio sapiens curin crois cocost of similar in
	19005.11	77	2	74 2	23 87		AA223340	b. Y00371 mal HEAT SHO K	gb:Y00371 mal HEAT SHG K COGNATE /I KU PROTEIN (HOMAN)
24 CATGCCAGGAGGAAI	1330001	3 5	+-	+-	27 61	_	U12404		
25 CATGGGCAAGCCCCA	H0/2342	3   7	+-	╁	┿		F16378	sequence (135	18) from skeletal muscle
26 CATGAGGAAAGCTGC		5 8	4	+	+-	1	723063		gration inhibitory factor
1	H 26261	67	+	+	+	$\perp$	Т	11. sapiens ribosomal protein 1 30.	
ì	H335945	2	+	+	+		Т	Human transketolase (TKT)	
O CATGGCCGCCATCTC	Hc15736	7	4	+	+	1	T	Tuman ribosomal protein L.I.	•
	H769045	9		+	+	-	ī	11 conject ribosomal protein   38	
-	H383489	6	2	2	-	4	T		ransferase
-	11177610	15	27	63 4	43 41	_	T		
12 CATGAGGICCIAGC	H775658	31	26	63	32 96		X65923	I sapiens fau mKNA.	
1) CATGGTTCCCIGGC	00000011	3	-	62	42 68	_	07777X	H.sapiens RPS26	Complete State of the State of
34 CATGIAAGGAGCIGA	11/9071	1	+	+-	17 39	_	W52460	zc45e11.r1 Soares senescent i broblasts Notics Homo	roblasts North Homo
35 CATGAACTAAAAAA		1	+	-		ž	N92893		A clone suguet 3.
	07.007	-	=	5	0	X I6	X14957	Human hmgl mRNA for high m	mobility group protein I.
36 CATGATTTGTCCCAG	H260949		2   5	+-	+	1	1114973	Human ribosomal protein S2	*
1	H200576	=	77	+	+	-	000711		(ein S3 (mS3)
	H348756	81	2	2		1	14370	In the same of the	in L18 (RPL18)
_	H667269	15	3	49	<u>5</u>	4	L 1 566	Homo sapiens Housoning	14 clope 44932 5'
4	H786433	=	∞	48	2	_	H08238		7
	50969711	19	21	48	21 4	47 X	X79239		1.
<u>ن</u>		4	21	47	=	15 U	U31657	Human unknown protein mk	(A, partial cus.
42 CATGCCAGC CAGC						=	1141030	yn92a10.rl Homo sapiens cl. 4A clone 173600 3	A clone 1/3600 3
•		3	7,0	15	23	15 M	M16660	Human 90-kDa heat-shock protein	cin
43 (ATGGGCICC) ACTG	H085384	-	, ,	1	+	1	N57419	yw82e04.rl Homo sapiens cl :NA clone 258750 5' simil	4A clone 258750 5' simil
۲	H853983	>  ·	> !	;	+	+	750157	Human mRNA for Epstein-Ban	in virus small RNAs (EBER)
+	H583573	0	7	\$	-		31756	Homo sapiens acute myeloid ic	eukemia associated protein
+	E *			1	+	7	0000		2. complete cds.
					-	4	700/10		
- 15 ATCAATAGUICCAA	1151925	=	~	46	-	1	M64716	Human ribosolilai pioteni 32	n S20 (RPS20)
	Ho55115	∞	56	45	22	4	L00498	Holing Sapicils Housewill	+ hudralace (AHCY)
	1158533	1	12	44	9	27 N	M61831	Human Stadenosylhomocyste ine liyulolase (Alice)	a llydlolæs (vinc.)
48 CATGAATGCAGGCAG	7700711	-			200		ĺ		

-	705177	M13932	M10030	K00558	87 L19527 Homo sapiens ribosomai proteil L27 (Nr L27)	15 X63237 H.sapiens Uba80 mRNA for ubiquitin.	9 Unknown	42 X69391 H. sapiens ribosomal protein L6.	H111182	T40302	Π	10 H01362 yi99c06.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 147370 5		T49412 ya75b09.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 6/481 3.	T51058 yb55a12.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 75070 5.	25 X07270 Human heat shock protein hsp86.	18 M91670 Human ubiquitin carrier protein (E2-EPF)	X74070	V00599 Human beta-tubulin	X84694	1,38995	Ī	T	X71973	M95787	H80294	R74294	T	F17005	1110519		26 X04409 Human coupling protein G(s) alpha-subunit	X56998	46 F19234 II. sapiens EST sequence (005-X3-16) from skeletal m	16 X52317 Human histone H2A.Z.	A
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•	H610939	+	H928269	H968173	H672265	H78717	1010711	1163/23/	H803309	H1/0400	-	H558943	H217399			CC34527	13010311	H301707	14493033	H24951	H602783			H319302	H621035	H76231	11528067	000000000	11333778	11033340	617C701H	110/4/10	6100#7H	00127711	111/1102	11332003
	69 CATGGCCCAGCTGGA	1	1			$\neg \tau$		\$\$ CATGTATACGCTCAG	S6 CATGTACAAGAGGAA	57 CATGGTTAACGTCCC				S9 CAIGAICCACAICGC			60 CATGGAAGCIIIGCA		62 CATGCTGAGACAAAG		I			65 CATGCATCTICACCA	66 CATGGCCIGCTGGGC	67 CATGACAGGCTACGG	(8 CATGGAAATGTAAGA		69 CATGGAAGCCAGCCA		71 CATGITGCTCACAAA	_	-	_		76 ICATGGACGTGTGGGC

		1310311	-	00	27 19	00	M33680	Human 26-kDa cell surface protein TAPA-1
77 C	CATGCTAAAAAAA	001001	-	╁	27 6	-	L28809	Homo sapiens dbpB-like protein
78 C	CATGGGGTTTTTATT	11/04500	+ 1	+	+	╁	M29536	Human translational initiation factor 2 beta subunit
20 CC	CATGCCGATCACCGG	H363799	+	+	+	+	7515071	zagnall rl Soares fetal lung NbIIL19W Homo sapiens
Т	CATGGCACAAGAAGA	H594051	٥	2	9	$\dashv$	10101	Himas, HI 60 3 directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS01477, clone
7				-	+	+	020203	Graffing MbHI 10W Homo sapiens CDNA clone 303055 3.
+			-			-	76C16N	Soarcs feed fung votings of NA close 249420 3' similar to contains Alu
				-				yv84c(17.5) Homo sapiens civity clone 277.20 5
		1			-	-	1183884	repetitive element;
*	-	00000	r	-	76	13	222572	11. sapiens CDEI binding protein inRNA.
8	CATGICTCTACCCAC	H908373	+	+	+	╁	1	Homo sapiens amyloid protein homologue mRNA, compl
1		*	+	+	+	+	1 19597	Human binding protein mRNA, partial cds.
			$\dashv$	+	+	+	000073	Appli-amyloid precursor protein homolog [human, pla
$\dagger$				-	$\dashv$	+	20002	1 Const. 1 Const. 1 Const. 1 Const. 1 Const. 19W Home sapiens
$\neg$	CATOCITTICO AAG	H783697		0	25 3	0	W0/28/	2000102.11 30dies 10th 1116 30dies chine 261843 5
21/2	A LOCAL TOP A LOCA					_	N28502	1 x 3 6 10 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1
-			$\dagger$	-		_	N35630	yx62a03.rl Homo sapiens cDIVA clone 2002013
<u> </u>		70,000.	1	-	25	3	240265	II. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone c-1xeus.
£	CATGCCTGTCCAGCC	11388420	1	╁	+	╁╴	<del> </del>	zc65c03.s1 Soares fetal heart Nb111119W Homo sapiens
1			+	$\dagger$	+	-	N74893	vx99h09.51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 269921 3'.
		÷	1	$\dagger$	+	+	N12178	Vy75hff9 st Homo sapiens cDNA clone 272249 3.
			+	+	+		H32170	vi34b10 s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 160123 3' simil
72	CATGTCATCATCTGA	H865503	~	<u>-</u>	1	1	1126394	V148e   2 s   Homo sapiens cDNA clone 161518 3' simil
$\top$		-	1	+	+	+	1300711	V. 88407 s. Homo sapiens cDNA clone 212355 3' simil
				1	$\dagger$	$\frac{1}{1}$	1170711	VIIGOBIT 51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 239037 3' simil
				1	+	<del>-</del>	+	DAIA for paginite autonowth-promoting protein
Ţ	TOTTOTOTOTOTO	H358783	~	∞	25	9	-	Human mixix for the coupling of the coupling o
	CALCOCOCOCOTO	11617048	-	_	24		X03168	Human mking for Splitterin.
2	CALGOCCOCCCC					1		
	A A A A O'FO C' F C' F C' F C' F C' F C' F C' F	111023233	7	_	24	2	2 AA143561	
87	CATGLIGGICAAAAA			-				zo01g11.s1 Stratagene colon (#931.204) Homo sapiens Contraction Section
ē							AA152342	
						<u> </u>		z186h 11.51 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens curva cione 311337
							AA115727	
		2000000	14	1	24	1~	15 R76502	1
88	CATGCAAAATCAGGA	11707301	>	•		╁	Ļ	П
			-			-	T34662	
	O COLLEGE CO.	\$1771311	-	2	23	4	7 1104634	yj49103.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 152117.5.
68	CATGGAAGAIGIGG		·					

									September Clone 76012: Ver
					-	+	$\dashv$		H. Siens paintal CDIN Sequence; come 149384 3.
18	CATGGTGCTCATTCA	11761150	0	00	23	9		1184813	VVV St. 07.51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 249602 3' simil
1			+	$\dashv$	-	+	1	ī	yv83107.51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 249829 3' simil
1			1	+	+	+	1	ī	House saniens putative transmenibrane protein (BS)
10	CATGGCTTTACTTTG	H654464	4	+	+	-	1	T	High procedurin (TXN) mRNA
T	CATGTITTCTGAAAA	H1046401	9	+	-	_	<u> </u>	1	Runan ROLD sene
	ATGTTGCTCACACA	H1023250	-	+	+	+	7   5	Τ	Human m R MA for placental-like alkaline phosphatase
i	CATGGATTTCTCAGC	H589267	0	+	+	+	2   5	1	Hundan nyrroline 5-carboxylate reductase mRNA,
T	CATGAGGAGGGAGGC	11166539	7	+	+	+	<u> </u>  -	1	Himmen of the anale dehydrogenase
1	ATGGCTTAACCTGG	H651359	~	4	+	-+-	4 9	$\top$	11. m. a. m. P. M. A. for plutathione Defoxidase
_	ATGCTCTTCGAGAA	H490889	4	∞	+	+	2	T	Hullian History of proliferation-associated gene
$\neg$	TGAGACAAAACC	H132098	-	7	-	+	9 ;	166/9X	Hisapicus ation at the RNA binding (SRB)
	PATOCCAGGGAGAA	H346761		<u>~ </u>	-17	7	+7	. 1	Human Hengy 7 region cDNA, clone land4f11.
				1	+		1	Ī	Tulibal 115 Car and Induced RIG-E
	CATCCACTTCAAGGG	H294155	0	~	-	+	<u>-</u>  -	045710	Initialistical and a second and
	ATOCCOAGAGAGAG	11631331	7	m	20	+	_   _   :	T	Unknown Car connegge (012-72-32) from skeletal m.
	TLUCTOTAL STATE	11989024	₹	7	70	_	77	P2C/1-1	וויאן אונווס ויסיו סטיניטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיטיט
	CATOLINGENERAL	H122449	4	7	70	_	7	ī	Unknown
3	TOURCE OF TREESE	11861095	_	9	61	- 2	-	-	2c0 Jig5 rt Soares parantyfold turner 15017 Stimila
3	THE COORDINATE OF THE COORDINA	11679936	_	7	61	2	_	ī	
5.		11951912	9	0	61	0	0	X00566	Human hipoprolem apoA1.
3	CATUTOONCOCOO	11386904	0	~	61	9	~	M80244	Human El6 mKNA
=		11607318	2	9	8-	8	~	1127927	ylS8cil.si Homo sapiens culture rocket same
2		11249854	2	_	<u>~</u>	5	20	XS7959	H. sapiens ribosomal protein L/
3	(Althright According)	11529899	2	7	<u>«</u>	S	2	AA299898	EST12509 Uterus tumor i monto saprens contra della
2		11686319	~	~	<u>~</u>	∞	_	109510	Human grych-unin Symmetrase
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= :		1111785	0	7		0	~	W16529	20 I Date 1 Source for I had NIGHT 10 W Home sapiens
=								W35192	2C/U005 FI SOMES ICIAI HEAL INDICATE HOMO
								W52451	zc45d09_r1 Soares senescent Hotobiasis Ivorior Homo
	CONTRACTORY	H288373	0	-	17	0	m	D38251	Human mRNA for KPB3 (AAP*4)
=	-	H28872	-	9	17	13	~	D\$2570	Human letal brain cDNA 3 -enu OEIN-001011
2	CATCAACIAAIACIA			- 2			1	D52758	Human letal brain CDNA 3 -end OEN-00/A00-
1							1	D55953	Human Icial Dialn Cory Series 2018 (BMP-28)
	CATOTOTOTO GA	11504187	-	0	17	12	9	M22490	Human bone morphingeneur process and proce
0	CATOCIOINCE								

117 CATGCGACCCACGC	H398663	2	9	11	48	0	M12529	Human apolipoprotein E
	11819213	0	-	9	7	7	X16539	H.sapiens RNA for neuroleukin gene.
18 CA 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10							M27691	Human transactivator protein (CREB) mRNA, complete
TIO CATGATCITGAAAGG	H228867	0	0	91	2	3	M86667	H.sapiens NAP (nucleosome assembly protein)
	H302741	0	-	16	4	0	X53743	H.sapiens mRNA for fibulin-1 C.
120 CA IGCACCIONA POR TO TICA TO A FIGURE A PORTION A PO	H228867	0	0	9	~	3	226328	II. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone HEC059
	11228867	0	0	91	~	2	Z26328	II. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone HEC059
	H762554	2	2	9	6	~	U22055	Human 100 kDa coactivator mRNA
122 CATGGTGGTGGTGG	11762197	7	~	2	7	2	R91724	yp98e02.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 195482 5' simil
7							W\$1770	zc48a02.rl Soares senescent fibrobiasts NbHSF Homo
						T	N42086	yy05b03.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 270317 5'
CALGGAGCAGCTGGA	11561787	0	2	15	2	4	R80990	yi94c02.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 146882 S'
							R95056	yq44f01.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 198649 5' simil
TOOR OCCUPATION	H633002	_	9	~	90	7	F16507	H.sapiens EST sequence (147-09) from skeletal muse
173 CA1000000000000000000000000000000000000							T50201	yb77h05.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 77241 5' simila
A K A L L O O O L L A A A	11256497	-	000	2	0	9_	\$85655	Human prohibitin
Lo CATUAL TOOL TOOL	PSPCSH	c	-	2	4	0	M38188	Human unknown protein from clone pHGR74 mRNA, comp
127 CATOUNAANNTTIAN	11577840	9	15	5	0	0	Y00711	Human lactate dehydrogenase (3 (LDH-B).
	21988111	_	7	2	23	2	D83174	Human collagen binding protein 2.
	11910430	G	0	2	0	7	X70940	11.sapiens elongation factor 1 alpha-2.
	118469	=	7	~	ļ-	=	T30623	EST19638 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None.
DI CATUANCAUANU AA	50.01	ì				7.		HUMGS0004747, Human Gene Signature, 3'-directed cDNA
							C01011	sequence
					Ī			zm62406.s1 Stratagene fibroblast (#937212) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
							AA111865 530219 3'	530219 3'
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CATGTGTTCACGACG	11980130	-	-	14	~	=	H30299	yo77d04.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 183943 S' simil
_							H50265	yo28c02.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 179234 5'.
13 CATGTAGATANTGGC	H822331	_	4	4	9	14	W01702	za37a06.rl Soares fetal liver spicen INFLS Homo sa
-							W04495	zaS8b10.rl Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS Homo sa
Company of the Compan							W23528	2c71g11.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens
114 CA FOCUTA A TO CHOA	11508767	0	9	4	9	15	D11838	Human HepG2 3'-directed Mbol cDNA, clone hm02e09
	H673954	0	9	4	2	=	X75598	11. sapiens nm23111 gene.
_	H925194	0	S	14	3	0	T35470	EST85850 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None
130 CATOLOACIO				e.			T35536	EST86951 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None.
		1						

T35545 EST 87066 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None		N78851 [zb17d08.s1 Homo sapiens cult clone 30050 1	H90469   yv01e06.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA cione 241474 5 siiiii	R76765 yi63g01.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 143932.3 simil	T35045 EST79335 Homo sapiens cDNA similar to None.	HS1447 Vo31a05.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 179504 5.		Т	T	Т	T	1	T	T	X 1485U Human mistoric utrass.		1	$\neg$	X74796 H. sapiens posmem minima.	D28480 Human mRNA for hMCM2, complete cus.	D55716 Human B lymphoma mRNA for Plcdc41, complete cus.	T30327 EST14849 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None	T34394 EST66942 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None.	T47475 Jyb14c03.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 71140 5.	T50289 yb14h08.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 71199 5.				D16891 Human HepG2 3' region cDNA, clone hmd2c11.	M29882 Human apolipoprotein A-11	249216 H.sapiens mitoxantrone-resistance associated mKNA		Unknown	M93651 Human set gene	1
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	2		9			1	•	$\dagger$	$\dagger$	1	0	× ,	7		-	-	0				1	9				7	7	4	4	0	150	<u> </u>	· c	-	-
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	DOT OTTO TE OCE	CATGGATAGTGTGG		CATGGTGGTGGACAC			CATGTGGGGTACCIT				CATGTTCATTATAAT	CATGCTTCTGTGTAC(T)	CATGACTGGCGAAGT		ASTOCA A ACAGCTICA			LAS CATOANALI COLOC	I.O v that O come a	1-16 CATGCTGCACTIACT			147 CATGAATATTGAGAA				1-18 CATGTCGCCGGCCGC	149 CATGGGGGCAGCCG	150 CATGCCAAGAAGAA	151 CATGTTTTGATAAA	152 CATGIGTGGAGAGCC	153 CATGCCCACGGTTAG	154 CATGAATTCTCCTAA	155 CATGGACCTCCGGGC	156 CATGTGAATCTGGGT

Human alpha-actinin.	609F Homo sapiens cDNA clone 609 similar to SE1 protein	HHEA18W H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone HFA18W;	zq73e07.r1 Stratagene neuroepithelium (#937231)Homo sapiens cDNA	clone 647268 S' similar to TR:E16910 E16910 ENDOMICLEASE.;	za98h04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 300631 3'.	ze90d01.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens CDNA clone	366241 3*	2585h05.s1 Soares NbITGBC Homo sapiens cDNA clone 704313	31	Unknown	2k84f04.51 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone	489535 3' similar to SW:A5 XENLA P28824 A5 PROTEIN PRECURSOR	yj67c12.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 153814 5'.	zp01c02.r1 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo supiens cDNA	clone 595106 5'	HUMMAC30X Human MAC30 mRNA, 3' end.	yr24a07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 206196 3'.	yul 1f12.51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 233519 3'.	za18d05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 292905 3'.	yp52c11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 191060 3' simil	13/49g03.rl 110mo sapiens cDNA clone 152116 5'.	yi66e12.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 144238 5.	yh68g02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 134930 3' simil	yd77g07.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 114300 5' simil	transcript ch 111 [human, RF1, RF48 stomach cancer c	Human spermidine synthase	Human mutator gene (hMSH2)	Human heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein	Human lymphocyte activation antigen 4F2 large subunit	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-108D03.	yb96f02.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 79035 5'.	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-171G06.	yv44d02.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 245571 5'.	EST90898 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to EST c
X15804	T19569	236249		AA207189	97.208NI		AA025809		AA279492		and the same of th	AA098867	R48460	-	AA173819	L19183	H61710	H77330	N69482	H41078	H04630	R77027	R32331	T86566	577357	M34338	U03911	D55671	103569	D53402	T61971	D61243	N77240	T35761
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H884181	11843485	H114144		11358581	H540023					H550274		H631275	H656453			H1022502				H598335	H294401	H719435	H1007018	-497192	H753665	H506149	-835515	H242380	H545906	H12992				H371131
157  CATGTCCTTCTCCAC	158 CATGTATCTGTCTAC		2.22.21.22.20.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.	160 CATGCCCTGAGTCAG	161 CATGGAATTCCTCGA					TO CATCOACCOCCAACT	107 CM 100 MC 200 CM	CATGGCGGACTGGG	163 CATGGGAACACAG	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		CATCATCAGGAGGG	103			166 CATGGCAGACATTGA		16) CATGGGTFGGCAGG				<del></del>		-						177 CATGCCGGGCGTGGT

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	Carrie	178 CATGGACTGAGCTIG				170 PATCACCCAA!		COCCOUNT ACT ACT ACT ACT	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	HOLINATION OF A TOOLAND HOLIN	「ハンハハ・こうとうつつつつとく)
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Table 3 - Transcripts decreased in colon cancer

## Transcripts decreased in only colon primary tumors compared to normal colon (51 genes)

NC: Normal Colon

TU- Colon Primary Tumor

CL. Colon Cancer Cell Line

PT. Pancreatic Primary Tumor

PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

110   185   203   111   X00351     83   245   36   502   X12883     23   36   53   104   D00017     27   38   37   46   X04106     4   42   6   32   X65513     5   26   6   32   W61077     15   26   6   32   W61077     16   21   15   8   4   D60944     19   24   16   20   W07627     10   21   15   8   D43682     12   26   24   20   W07627     13   26   24   20   W07627     14   17   8   D43682     15   16   17   8   D43682     16   17   8   D43682     17   18   AA341633     18   4   31   104823     19   18   A X00551     10   20   6   31   104823     11   26   31   104823     12   26   13   116798     13   16   R50013     14   15   6   31   R50013     15   16   17   R50013     16   17   R50013     17   18   R50013     18   18   R50013     19   18   R50013     10   10   10     10   10   10     10   10	Į	(\$)	1	CZ	£	10	14	Jd	Accession	Gene Name
CATGCCTTTATITION         H034371         134         15         15         15         2         3         3         4         4         2         3         3         4         4         2         3         3         4         4         6         3         3         4         4         6         3         3         4         4         6         3         3         4         4         6         3         3         4         4         6         3         3         4         4         6         3         4         4         4         6         3         4         4         4         4         6         3         4         4         4         6         3         4         4         4         4         6         3         4         4         4         4         4<	#	$\neg$	rag Number	3 3			203	2 =	X00351	Human mRNA for beta-actin.
CATGCTAGCCTCACU         H488434         170         17         17         17         17         17         17         17         17         17         17         18         15         15         16         17         18         17         18         17         18         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         19         10 </td <td></td> <td>CATGGCTTTATTIGI</td> <td>H034391</td> <td>130</td> <td>2 5</td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td>75</td> <td>X04098</td> <td>Human mRNA for cytoskeletal gamma-actin.</td>		CATGGCTTTATTIGI	H034391	130	2 5		<u> </u>	75	X04098	Human mRNA for cytoskeletal gamma-actin.
CATGCAAACCAICCA         H203476         157         55         104         200           CATGCTTCCAGCTAA         H513181         64         23         36         37         46         200           CATGCTTCCAGCTAA         H513181         64         23         36         37         46         200         300	7	CATGCTAGCCTCACG	11408434	37	5 5			502	X12883	Human mRNA for cytokeratin 18.
CATGCTCCAGCTAA         H318181         64         23         36         27         36         37         46         20         30         30         40         40         60         32         263513         40         40106         40         60         32         263513         40         40106         40         60         32         26         32         8         40         60         32         8         40         60         32         8         40         60         32         8         60         32         8         60         32         8         60         32         8         60         32         8         8         60         32         8         8         60         32         8         8         60         32         8         8         60         34         8         9         40         9         40         9         40         9         40         9         41         10         21         41         10         21         41         10         21         41         10         21         41         10         21         41         10         21         41         10         21	~	CATGCAAACCATCCA	HZ03470	2 3	3 5		-7	104	200017	Human lipocortin II mRNA.
CATGCCCCAGTTGCT         H348922         61         27         36         37         40         42         6         32         265513           CATGGATGACCCCCC         H381974         53         4         42         6         32         265513           CATGCTGTACAGACA         H504098         50         22         26         6         32         W61077           CATGCCGGACTCACTG         H427848         47         15         26         18         4         D60944           CATGCCCCGGGAA         H349801         47         10         21         15         8           CATGCCCCGGGAA         H349801         47         10         21         15         8           CATGCCCCGGGAA         H341140         46         19         24         16         30         N3342           CATGGCCTGGCATC         H621140         46         19         24         16         20         N3362           CATGGCCTGGCAGG         H180053         43         12         6         57         2         10         N01630           CATGGCCGCCTGCA         H618805         36         10         5         10         N01630           CATGGCCCGCCTGCA	4	CATGCTTCCAGCTAA	H515181	3	3 5	3 3	3/5	146	X04106	Human mRNA for calcium dependent protease (small subunit)
CATGGATGACCCCCC         H581974         53         4         42         6         32         205513           CATGCTGTACAGACA         H504098         50         22         26         6         32         W61077           CATGCTGTACAGACA         H504098         50         22         26         6         32         W61077           CATGCGGACTCACTG         H349801         47         10         21         15         8         D60944           CATGCCCGGGAA         H387107         46         19         39         47         14         102783           CATGCCCGGCATC         H621140         46         19         24         16         20         N33042           CATGGCCTGGCATC         H150053         43         12         26         24         20         W07627           CATGACCTGGCAGG         H150053         43         12         26         37         2         10         X01630           CATGACCGCCTGCAGG         H28233         40         5         6         39         K00557           CATGGCCGCCTGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGA		CATGCCCCAGTIGCT	H348922	5	7	38	1		001500	11 Car Caland DNA genomic Meel fragment of
CATGCTGTACAGACA         H504098         50         22         26         6         32         W61077           CATGCTGTACAGACA         H427848         47         15         26         18         4         D60944           CATGCGGACTCACTG         H349801         47         10         21         15         8           CATGCCCGGGAAGAGG         H387107         46         19         39         47         14         J02783           CATGCCTGGAAGAGG         H387107         46         19         24         16         20         N33042           CATGGCCTGGCATC         H621140         46         19         24         16         20         N33042           CATGACCTGGCATC         H150053         43         12         26         24         20         N07627           CATGACCTGCAGG         H28235         42         6         57         2         10         X01630           CATGGCCGCCTGCA         H615802         40         12         16         17         8         D29146           CATGGCCGCCTGGA         H648575         38         10         5         D29146           CATGGCCCCTGG         H485160         35         4	1	CATGGATGACCCCCC	H581974	53	4	4	٥	1	515597	H. Saplens Cho Islailu DIVA genomic Wast medium, ci
CATGCCGACTCACTG         H427848         47         15         26         18         4         D60944           CATGCCCGGGAA         H349801         47         10         21         15         8           CATGCCCCGGGAA         H349801         47         10         21         15         8           CATGCCCGGAGAGGG         H387107         46         19         24         16         20         N33042           CATGGCCTGGCATC         H621140         46         19         24         16         20         N33042           CATGACCAGGACAG         H150053         42         6         57         2         10         N01630           CATGAACGTGCAGGG         H28235         42         6         57         2         10         N01630           CATGGCCGCCTGCA         H615802         40         12         16         17         8         D29146           CATGGCGCCCTGCA         H648575         38         10         6         39         K00557           CATGGCCGCCTGCA         H648575         37         5         15         19         18         A341633           CATGGCCATCGGG         H485615         35         4         36 <td><u>'</u></td> <td>CATGCTGTACAGACA</td> <td>H504098</td> <td>50</td> <td>22</td> <td>26</td> <td>9</td> <td></td> <td>W61077</td> <td>2d30d02.r1 Soares letal near Notifiely withing sapiens</td>	<u>'</u>	CATGCTGTACAGACA	H504098	50	22	26	9		W61077	2d30d02.r1 Soares letal near Notifiely withing sapiens
CATGCCCCGGGAA         H349801         47         10         21         15         8           CATGCCCCGGGAAGGG         H387107         46         19         39         47         14         102783           CATGCCTGGAAGAGG         H187107         46         19         24         16         20         N33042           CATGACCTGGCAGC         H180053         43         12         26         24         20         W07627           CATGACGTGCAGG         H28235         42         6         57         2         10         X01630           CATGGCCGCCTGCA         H615802         40         12         16         17         8         D43168           CATGGCGCCCTGCA         H648575         38         10         20         6         39         K00537           CATGGCTGCCTTGA         H648575         38         10         20         6         39         K00537           CATGCTCCCTTGA         H951667         35         4         36         8         0         X77956           CATGCGTCCCTTGCG         H851667         33         7         2         6         31         104823           CATGCGTCCCTTG         H826831         33<	1~		H427848	47	15	26	<u>∞</u>	4	D60944	Human Ictal brain CDNA 3 -cnd GEN-141002.
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CATGAGCAGAGA         H150053         43         12         26         24         20         W07627           CATGAGCAGGAGCAG         H28235         42         6         57         2         10         X01630           CATGACCGCCCTGCA         H618802         40         5         36         10         5         D43682           CATGGCGCCCTGCA         H648575         38         10         20         6         39         K00557           CATGGCTGCCATCTGC         H955615         37         5         15         19         18         AA341633           CATGCGTCCCTTGC         H456167         35         4         36         8         0         X77956           CATGCGTTCCTGCGG         H456167         35         14         13         10         X87949           CATGTGGCATCTGGG         H826831         33         7         12         6         31         J04823           CATGTGGCCTTATGG         H826831         33         7         26         19         27         R50350           CATGTGGCCTAAGGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50013	-1-	CATOCOTTO	H621140	46	61	24	16		N33042	yy05d05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 270345 3
CATGAACGTGCAGG         H28235         42         6         57         2         10         X01630           CATGAACGTGCAGGG         H28235         42         6         57         2         10         X01630           CATGGCGCCCTGCA         H615802         40         5         36         10         5         D29146           CATGGGGAGAGA         H960651         38         10         20         6         39         K00557           CATGGCTGCCTTGA         H948575         37         5         15         19         18         AA341633           CATGGGCATCTGG         H456167         35         4         36         8         0         X77956           CATGTGGCATCTGGG         H456167         35         4         36         8         0         X77956           CATGTGGACTCTGGG         H937452         33         7         12         6         31         J04823           CATGTGGACTCTTGG         H826831         33         5         18         9         13         U16798           CATGTAGCCTATGG         H826831         33         5         18         9         13         U16798           CATGTGGCCTAGGG         H760267 <td></td> <td>CAIGCCIOCCATO</td> <td>H150053</td> <td>43</td> <td>12</td> <td>78</td> <td>24</td> <td>20</td> <td>W07627</td> <td>zb06a05.r1 Soares fetal lung NbHL19W Homo sapiens</td>		CAIGCCIOCCATO	H150053	43	12	78	24	20	W07627	zb06a05.r1 Soares fetal lung NbHL19W Homo sapiens
CATGGCGCCTGCA         H615802         40         12         16         17         8         D43682           CATGGCGCCCTGCA         H615802         40         5         36         10         5         D29146           CATGGCGCCCTTGA         H648575         38         10         20         6         39         K00557           CATGGCTGCCATCTGC         H955615         37         5         15         19         18         AA341633           CATGGGTTCCTGCG         H456167         35         4         36         8         0         X77956           CATGTGGCATCTGGTG         H931452         33         9         14         13         10         X87949           CATGTGGACCTCCTT         H755160         33         7         12         6         31         J04823           CATGTGGACCTCTTT         H826831         33         5         18         9         13         U16798           CATGTGGCCTATGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50350           CATGTGGCCTAGGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50013	-1	2 CAIGAGCAGGAGCAG	H28235	42	9	57	2	1	X01630	Human mRNA for argininosuccinate synthetase.
CATGGGGAGGAGGA         H960651         40         5         36         10         5         D29146           CATGTGGGAGAGGA         H960651         40         5         36         10         5         D29146           CATGTGGCTGCCTTGA         H948515         37         5         15         19         18         AA341633           CATGTGGCATCTGGG         H456167         35         4         36         8         0         X77956           CATGTGGCATCTGGTG         H937452         33         9         14         13         10         X87949           CATGTGGACCTCTTT         H755160         33         7         12         6         31         J04823           CATGTGGCCTATGG         H826831         33         5         18         9         13         U16798           CATGTAGCTCTATGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50350           CATGTGGCCTAGGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50013		3 CA IGAACU ICCAGGG	HK15802	6	12	16	11	8	D43682	Human mRNA for very-long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogen
CATGCTGCCTTGA H648575 38 10 20 6 39 K00557 CATGCTGCCCTTGA H648575 38 10 20 6 39 K00557 CATGTGCCATCTGC H955615 37 5 15 19 18 AA341633 CATGTGCATCTGCTG H937452 33 9 14 13 10 X87949 CATGTGCATCTGGTG H937452 33 9 14 13 10 X87949 CATGTGCATCTGTG H826831 33 7 12 6 31 J04823 CATGTGACCTCTTT H755160 33 7 12 6 31 J04823 CATGTAGCTCTATGG H826831 33 5 18 9 13 U16798 CATGTGCCTAGGG H760267 29 7 26 19 27 R50350 CATGTGCGCTAGGG H760267 29 7 26 19 CATGTGCGCTAGGG H760267 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	-1	4 CAIGCCGCCCIGCA	H960651	64	~	36	2	5	D29146	Human keratinocyte cDNA, clone 173.
CATGGCCATCTGC H955615 37 5 15 19 18 AA341633 CATGTGGCCATCTGC H955615 35 4 36 8 0 X77956 CATGTGCATCTGGTG H937452 33 9 14 13 10 X87949 CATGTGCATCTGGTG H937452 33 9 14 13 10 X87949 CATGTGACCTCCTT H755160 33 7 12 6 31 J04823 CATGTGACCTCATGG H826831 33 5 18 9 13 U16798 CATGTGGCGCTAGGG H760267 29 7 26 19 27 R50350 CATGGTGCGCTAGGG H760267 29 7 26 19 27 R50350	-1	S CATGLGGGGGGGGGG	H648575	38	02	20	9	39	K00557	human alpha-tubulin mRNA, 3' end.
CATGCTTCCTGCGG         IH456167         35         4         36         8         0         X77956           CATGCGTTCCTGCGG         IH456167         33         4         13         10         X87949           CATGTGCATCTGGTG         H755160         33         7         12         6         31         J04823           CATGTAGCTCTATGG         H826831         33         5         18         9         13         U16798           CATGTAGCTCTATGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50350           CATGGTGCGCTAGGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50013	-   -	6 CATOCCIOCCITOR	11955615	37	~	15	6	∞	AA341633	AA341633 EST47188 Fetal kidney II Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end
CATGTGGTG         H931452         33         9         14         13         10         X87949           CATGTGGACCTCCTT         H755160         33         7         12         6         31         J04823           CATGTAGCTCTATGG         H826831         33         5         18         9         13         U16798           CATGTAGCTCTATGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50350           CATGGTGCCCTAGGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50013		CATGCGTTCCTGCGG	11456167	35	4	36	∞	0	X77956	H.sapiens Id1 mRNA.
CATGAGCTCCTT         H755160         33         7         12         6         31         104823           CATGTAGCTCTATGG         H826831         33         5         18         9         13         U16798           CATGTAGCTCTATGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50350           CATGGTGCGCTAGGG         H760267         29         7         26         19         27         R50013	1	O CATGTGCATCTGGTG	H937452	33	6	14	13	0	X87949	H.sapiens mRNA for Bip protein.
CATGAGCTCTATGG H826831 33 5 18 9 13 U16798 CATGAGCTCTAGGG H760267 29 7 26 19 27 R50350 CATGGTGCGCTAGGG H760267 29 7 26 19 27 R50013	1	CATGGTGACCTCCTT	H755160	33	7	12	9	31	104823	Human cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIII (COX8) mRNa
CATGGTGCGCTAGGG H760267 29 7 26 19 27 R50350 R50013	1.	L CATGTAGCTCTATGG	H826831	33	5	<u>∞</u>	6	=	U16798	Human Na, K-A TPase alpha-1 subunit mKNA, complete c
R50013	11.		11760267	29	7	26	6	27	R50350	gb/RS0350/RS0350 yj59c04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 103030 3.
	"1								R50013	yj59c04.rt Homo sapiens cDNA clone 153030 5.
				1					C02981	Human Heart cDNA, clone 3NHC0642.

				+	-	-		ESTIMAS Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to ubiquinol
								Colored Stadiotack 64 kDa
	11694767	28	9	20	6 26	_	T31329	ylochrolic-C redetast, co.
23 CATGGGGCGCTTOTO	11382130	27	9	12	3 19			Unknown
24 CATGCCTCCAGIAC	2079011	27	-	4	8		H63643	yr34d11.rl Homo sapiens cDNA cloue 20/102 5 5
25 CATGCCTGTGACAGC	H30007/			~	12	1	W60924	zd27c08.rl Soarcs fetal heart North 19 W rolling sapicities
26 CATGTCACAGTGCCT	H856806	7 2	1.	0 1-	+-	$\top$		Human GTPase (rhoC) mRNA, complete cds.
27 CATGAATAAAGGCTA	H49320	7 2	1	- 12	╁	_		
28 CATGITGITGITGAA	111031929	57	٠,	2 5	+-	1		
29 CATGAAGGTAGCAGA	H44179	57	7 (	2 4	+			yi 14b06.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 139187 3'.
TO CATGOTGTTGGGGGT	H769707	21	7	1	+	7		H sapiens mRNA for uridine phosphorylase.
31 CATGLE GCGCCTG	H936344	21	-	7	+	- 1		vn 54c02.s.1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 172226 3' simil
SI CATOLOGO ACIONA	11238697	70	7	4	5			CCT17149 Homo saniens cDNA 5' end similar to None.
32 CATGATGGCACACCC	11608326	20		9	_	1		ESTITITY TOWN OF POPIN
33 CATGGCCAGACCC	06051511	20	0	17		0 0		Human gene for alphia i Broom:
34 CATGCTTCTTGCCCC	277761	2	,	7	22	9 XS	X51345	Human jun-B mKNA for JUN-B protein.
	H86453	2 5	4		$\perp$	8	R72429	yj90e08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 130030 3.
14 CATORCIGCTGCCTGCC	H686458	2	1	-	+	T	DA84401	vi67b10.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 153787 3.
				1	+	200	B45128	vi72b03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 154253 3.
					+	7	2010	Human Na+ K+ ATPase gene exons 1 - 3 (alpha III is
OTOGOGO -	H\$67660	<u>∞</u>	7	7	9	2	V12210	
17 CATGGAGGGCCGGTG	20010511	12	-	~	2	7	-	Unknown
38 CATGGATGAATCCGG	11001041			=	7	×	X81006	II. sapiens HCG I mRNA.
39 CATGAGCCCGACCAC	11153109	2	1	:   :	-	1.	L08666	Homo sapiens porin (por) mRNA, complete cds and tr
10 CATGGITCAGCTGTC	H774780	0	1	10	+	1	1104627	Human 78 kDa gastrin-binding protein mRNA, complet
A CATOC TOGCTCAGT	H383443	٥	-	0		1	770711	Human BENE mRNA, partial cds.
TOAAATAAAAGT	H265219	15	-	2	×	7	07600	Himan semanhorin V mRNA, complete cds.
42 CA IOCANATION	11940378	15	-	000	0	1	078309	it is a street of the control of the
43 CA   G   G   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	11601752	15	0	9	4	3. D	D12038	Human report 5 uncock and make alement mRNA
44 CATGGCAGTGGCCIC	1502137	14	0	5	3	 ∩	U77396	Human INF-alpha inducible tesponistic commen
45 CATGC FGGGCCTGAA	1207131	: :	-	٧	13	2 11	229093	H. sapiens EDDR1 gene for receptor tyrosine kinase.
46 CATGGCCCATTGGAG	11011302		-	, ,	,	-	T94990	ye38a04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 119982 3.
17 CATGAAGAAAACCTC	H32792	71	-	7	1	Ī	N69310	za25g05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 293624 3.
					2			2b86e03.s1 Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo sapiens cIJNA
	,						N98502	clone 310492 3'
		-		,	4	4	F18838	II sapiens EST sequence (007-X1-01) from skeletal m
48 CATGGAATGATTTCT	14538878	2	>	0	-	$\neg \neg$		zr21b10.s1 Stratagene NT2 neuronal precursor 937230 Homo sapiens
		2		~		∞	AA226928	cDNA clone 664027 3'
49 CATGGCCTGGTCCTT	H621212	7		\ -	\  -	1	M60047	Human heparin binding protein (HBp17) mKNA
SO CCATGGCCCACACAG	H6105/9					٦		
20100	ĺ							

zc45e09 r1 Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo 2 W52456 H671052 SI CATGGGATTCCAGTT

## Transcripts decreased in both colon primary tumors and colon cancer cell lines compared to normal colon (130 genes)

NC: Normal Colon

TU: Colon Primary Tumor

CL. Colon Cancer Cell Line PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor

Line
= °
Cancer
catic
Panci
٥

1	Tao Sequence	Tag Number	NC	TU	CL	PT	PC	Accession	Gene Name
: [-	CATGCTCAGCTAC	H382109	83	16	304	136	663	X12882	Human mRNA for cytokeratin 8.
- -	CATGCTAAGACTTCA	11460926	708	282	402	142	497	F15636	P.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (002T15)
	CATGGCCAGGTCAC	H610997	705	28	7	2	_		Unknown
1-	CATGACCCTTGGCCA	1190022	512	348	93	43	235	F16940	Il sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (009-T1-21) I
	CATGACATTGGGTGA	1181583	504	92	4	0	0	M10050	Human liver fatty acid binding protein (FABP) mRNA
. 4	CATGGGAAACCCTG	11622680	486	801	27	30	13	\$61953	c-erbB3=receptor tyrosine kinase (alternatively sp
1	CALGACCCTACAAA	11153361	367	242	132	1	204	1	1i. sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (1-1-02) from
- ×	CATGGACCCAAGATA	11545828	276	131	0	7	0	T39321	ya04c01.r2 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 60480 5.
T.			¥.		1			H24673	yl41a01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 160776 3'.
T									HUMGS02706 Human colon 3'directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS02706,
								D25586	clone cm 1673.
								T96160	ye09b02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 117195 3.
0	o TATOGOOGIAGO	11617195	256	88	148	4	178	X64364	H.sapiens mRNA for M6 antigen.
\  =	10 CATGERGGGTTTCC	H1026814	202	75	84	235	369	M11146	MIII46 Illuman ferritin H chain mRNA, complete cds.
2=	CATGUTCCACCCGAA (or G)	H479577	201	120	0	=	6	L15203	Human secretory protein (PI.B) mRNA, complete cds.
2	13 CATGGCAGGCCTCA	11600670	961	89	9	32	61	X93036	11. sapiens mRNA for MAT8 protein.
:									yv07h09.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 242081 5' similar to SP:A39484
	in CATGATCGTGGCGGG	11224923	194	2.1	16	40	39	1193844	A39484 ANDROGEN-WITHDRAWAL APOPTOSIS PROTEIN RVPI
7	CATGCAAGCATCCCC	H271574	130	66	101	ಜ	139	F17001	H.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (011-T1-13) f
2	15 CATGGACATCAAGTC	H544012	189	33	9/	27	219	Y00503	Human mRNA for keratin 19.
:[									2605all r. I Soares fetal lung NbHL 19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
									301148 5' similar to gb. V00567 BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN
4	IA CATGGTTGTTAA	11782013	178	011	4	340	139	W16632	W16632 PRECURSOR (HUMAN);
2									zo31h04.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
- 2								AA143804 588535 3'	588535 3'

					a				97 z192h02.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
	*			*				AA133597 512115 3	5121153
$\perp$								T53199	ya86c05 s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 68552 3'.
1-	CTAG IGCTCCTACCC	H947654	174	27	-	0	0	R00081	ye73c04:s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 123366 3'.
Ţ	18 CATGCACCCTGATG	H284132	172	33	26	~	9	M16364	Human creatine kinase-B mRNA, complete cds.
			*				1.5		y122e12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 127630 3' similar to contains Alu
<u> </u>	CATGCCGCTGCACTC	H368200	163	40	ব	01	4	R09410	repetitive element
			,					- 22	HUMGS0003915, Human Gene Signature, 3'-directed cDNA
								C01918	sequence.
$\perp$								-	yq04h09.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 196001 3' similar to
								R92735	contains Alu repetitive element
$\perp$							İ		2h78e12.s1 Soares fetal liver spicen INFLS S1 Homo sapiens
				- 30				W90374	cDNA clone 418222 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
۶	CATGCCCCCCC	H501111	163	20	0	56	-	X52003	H.sapiens pS2 protein gene.
1	CATGCCTGGATC	H350116	99	6	24	88	181	M18981	Human prolactin receptor-associated protein (PRA)
;   ;	CATGTTCACTGTGAG	H1001401	99	34	=	74	11	M64303	Human galactoside-binding protein mRNA.
:   ?	CATGATTGGAGTGCT	H256186	155	34	-	=	9	X16455	Human mRNA for carcinoembryonic antigen pCEA80-11.
ंदि	CATGCTGACCTGTGT	H493039	149	44	32	86	37	U14943	Human MHC antigen (HLA-B) mRNA, complete cds.
; ;	CATGAGCAGATCAGG	H149715	145	20	80 80	156	130	M81457	Human calpactin I light chain mRNA, complete cds.
۽ اُڏ	26 CATGGGAAACAGAA	H655433	126	37	0	24	91	C21047	HUMGS0002546, Human Gene Signature, 3'-directed cDNA sequence
1					*				zo21h08.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA
	٠					-		AA132779	AA132779 clone 587583 3' similar to SW:LEG4_RAT P38552 GALECTIN-4
$\perp$									z168h06.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA
		-						AA054072	AA054072 clone 509819 3'
	X					-			zol 8g08.sl Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
	-						-	AA132736	AA132736 587294 3' similar to SW:LEG4 RAT P38552 GALECTIN-4
1,	CATGICACCGGTCAG	H857781	122	7	7	30	7	X04412	X04412 Human mRNA for plasma gelsolin.
٠١٠	28 CATGEGGGGGGGGG	H936217	122	56	32	84	7	X77658	X77658 H. sapiens mRNA for HL.A-B*7301.
1		ā		-	-	100			zo35c09.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
ζ,	29 CATGGGAACTGTGAA	H657337	===	7	_	14	21	AA146606 588880 3'	588880 3'
1							,		zo35g09.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		-		9				AA146775 588928 3"	588928 3'
									2074g11.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		•						AA161043 592676 3	592676 3'

		v					-		1 or many of the class
L							-	ž	ZIRSIUR.SI Siratagene colon ( 337204) muno sapiens colon cione
								AA088704 511239 3'	11239 3'
5	SA TOCCACCOCAG	11404117	114	32	2	99	6	1100427	yj23g11.rl Homo sapiens cl. 1A clone 149636 5'.
<u>3</u>	200000000000000000000000000000000000000						0		zo63d03.s1 Stratagene pancr. as (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
								AA158715 591557 3"	591557 3'
								T08562	EST06454 Homo sapiens cD. IA clone HIBBG31 3' end.
$\perp$				1		-	-		zm21a12.s1 Stratagene panc. cas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
			-					AA078845 526270 3'	526270 3'
=	CATGTAAATTGCAAA	H790417	Ξ	9	-	0	0		H. Sapiens mRNA for cytoke atin 20.
15		H686762	=	36	48	45	43		Human profilin mRNA, con lete cds.
: 2	13 CATGGTGCTGAATGG	H761359	109	20	30	19	=		Human smooth muscle myo. a alkali light chain mKNA
3 2	14 CATGGTGCACTGAGC	H758243	107	13	36	34	82		
:   :	CATCTITAACGGCG	H1032614	107	=	4	3	37	F15592	H. sapiens mitochondrial ES1 sequence (001724) from
٤]	CALCILLANCOCCO					T			z174e07.s1 Stratagene colon #937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
;	0 4 90000000000000000000000000000000000	11157729	901	17	7	~	9	4 A 0 5 3 6 6 0	AA053660 510372 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
2	ראומריכוריכיסטטט								HUMGS04077 Human colon 3'directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS04077,
						9		D25711	clone cm1210
$\perp$									H. sapiens CpG DNA, clone 140c4, reverse read cpg 14(Mitochondria
	2 CATGAGGTGGCAAGA	H178755	105	15	22	4	27	Z56800	EST
7 2	SO CATGATACTCCACTC	H204104	102	=	0	0	0	M95174	Human guanylin mRNA, complete cds.
ႏိုင်	S CATOCICCOCTOGO	H484987	101	25	2	4	91	**	Unknown
1									yn01b01.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 167113 5' similar to SP.ZK783.1
		11697514	82	32	28	37	65	R90863	CE00760;
7	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	-						T24702	EST277 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 10H4.
:	JOR DO A AGO A CO	H\$33666	80	33	42	28	87	X95404	H.sapiens mRNA for non-muscle type cofilin.
7   5	41 CATOONACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACACA	H338569	75	22	78	8	91	X67325	H.sapiens p27 mRNA.
3 :	CATOCCACCOCCAC	1170211	74	3	2	2	3.	F16604	H.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (009T28) from
7	CATCACACACCACA								za 16a03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 292684 3' similar to contains Alu
	CATCACAATACITG	H134304	69	29		~	0	N69361	repetitive element; contains element L1 repetitive element
7									ze30b10.s1 Soares retina N2b41IR Homo sapiens cDNA clone
						-		AA015918	AA015918 360475 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
$\perp$					_	i)		-	y114h01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 158257 3' similar to contains Alu
						100.0		1126689	repetitive element, contains TARI repetitive element;
$\perp$						1			zr79h11.s1 Soares NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 681957 3
	TOSCIOLOGOT	11424875	89	6	٥٠	~	23	AA256365	AA256365 similar to WP.C33A12.7 CE05353
	CATOCOCIOINOUSI	1.7.81.7							

							W47157	clone 324716 3
	-			-	1		_	2690103.s1 Saures senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo sapiens cDNA
		0					W19276	clone 310877 s'
The second secon	-						R07159	yf13h12.s1 Hemo sapiens cDIAA clone 126791 3.
46 ICATGCATAGGTITAG	H314109	89	2	0	0	0	L02785	Homo sapiens colon mucosa-associated (DRA) mRNA
47 CATGGCCGACCAGGT	11614731	8	6	0	3	9	U11862	Human clone 15-DA01 diamine oxidase
CATGAGCTCTTGGAG	11161769	64	=	-	-	2	N93240	zb68b06.s1 Hanto sapiens cDNA clone 308723 31.
	-	-						NIB1986 Novamilized infant brain, Bento Soares Homo sapiens cDNA
				-		1	T16906	3'end.
								yu22h07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 234589 3' similar to
,	ī						H78256	SP:SBP_MOUSE P17563 SELENIUM-BINDING
								EST47523 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to similar to Selenium-
		-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T32362	binding protein, liver.
49 CATGCCCAACGCGCT	11344474	57	-	0	3	0	V00493	Human messenger RNA for alpha globin.
CATGGACGCGCGC	11550554	55	21	2	7	4	1	Unknown
CATGACCCCCCCCCC	1187386	54	91	15	15	3	X51346	Human jun-D mRNA for JUN-D protein.
CATGCGGGGGAGAA	11236169	52	9	0	=	7	R34039	yh83f04.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 136351 5'.
					-		1103961	yj44e07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 151620 3'.
							R33498	yh83104.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 136351 3'.
								2171e06.rl Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
CATGTCAGCTGCAAC	11862097	2	9	0	0	0	AA053043 510082 5"	510082 5'
SAICATGGTAAGTGTACT	11723890	8	4	15	-	30	F17394	II sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (007T13) from
SSICATGTGTGGCTGCTG	11977640	49	70	11	21			H.sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin.
S6 CATGGCTGTGCCTGG	H650847	48	11	15	∞	3	X15505	Human mRNA for pancreatic trypsinogen III.
CATGTGAGTGACAGA	H929299	48	4	0	0	0	H14641	y126g02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 159410 3'.
CATGGGCTGGGCCTG	H686744	47	=	=	32	80	M20469	Human brain-type clathrin light-chain b mRNA,
								yy92c07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 281004 3' similar to contains Alu
CATGTAATCCCAGCA	11800074	46	15	2	∞	=	N50873	repetitive element; contains element MER32 repetitive elentent
60 CATGGACCAGTGGCT	H545514	45	-	0	0	-	U79725	Human A33 antigen precursor mRNA, complete cds
CATGGGCACCGTGCT	H673210	44	0	-	14	14		Unknown
CATGAAGGACCITIT	H41344	43	11	14	22	24		ym14f05.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 47991 5'.
					S -		1	yt85h08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 231135 3'.

							-		
				*1			_ ₹	A303091	AA303091 EST12940 Uterus tumor I Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end
									za52d02,r1 Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS Homo sapiens cDNA clone
(1)	CATOGOAGOTOT	H599903	43	<b>o</b> c	1	24	13.	W02429	296163 5'.
	20000					-		N20325	yx44c11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 264596 3'.
1						1		N45127	yz13c12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 282934 31.
-					+	-	-	-	zb38c11.s1 Scares parathyroid tumor NbHPA Homo sapiens cDNA
		-		-				N90407	clone 3058° 6 3°.
_	CATCACATCACATAC	H972720	43	12	4	25	~	003106	Human wile type p53 activated fragment-1 (WAF1) mR
CAIC	21.00.00.00								zci 101.si Suares parathyroid tumor NbHPA Homo sapiens cDNA
CATCAL	CATGAGAAACGCCA	1165878	42	9	7	12	=	W37827	clone 322009 3'
CV 100					7	_			gblW15332 W15332 zc16d10.s1 Soares parathyroid tumor NbHPA
					·	,	_	W15332	Homo sapiens cDNA clone 322483 3'
-			Ī	7	$\vdash$				zc04g10.s1 Soares parathyroid tumor NbHPA Homo sapiens cDNA
								W32410	clone 321378 3'
					-	-		N32312	yw82c01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 258720 3'.
TOTO	GOOGLACCATORIOG	H828331	4	9	=	9	6	U51478	Human sodium/potassium-transporting AT Pase beta-3
00 CA1017	CATCACTCTCCCCC	11126619	14	-	-	4	35		Unknown
6/ CA10A	ירוחוחמרחחר					-			zp44f11.st Stratagene muscle 937209 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
CATCG.	CATGGTAGCAGGTGT	H730287	40	7	<u> </u>	17	24 A	A180815	AA 180815 612333 3' senitar to contains Alu repetitive element;
00147									yh87e04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 136734 3' similar to contains Alu
								R34696	repetitive element;
						-			yh87e04.s1 110mo sapiens cDNA clone 136734 3' similar to contains Alu
				-				R34696	repetitive element;.
						 		,	2906e03.s1 Stratagene muscle 937209 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
						,	<u> </u>	A194497	AA 194497 628924 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
					1				hbc760 Home sapiens cDNA clone hbc760 3'end similar to nonspacific
40 CA TO A	A T A A T C A A T A	H53508	40	12	0	m	0	T11144	crossreacting antigen.
20100	NA LONGO COLONIA					-			2167e01.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
							< :	AA058357	509688 3' similar to TR:G189087
-							-	C05803	similar to none
									2031e02.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
70 CATCA	CATGAGGATGGTCCC	11167606	40	=	4	4	S A	A143765	AA143765 588506 3'
						*			zp45b09.s1 Stratagene HeLa cell s3 937216 Homo sapiens cDMA clone
		*					<u> </u>	A179299	AA179299 612377 3'

CATGCCAAAGCTATA   1	H328308 H434907 H618121 H349706 H259108 H611050 H241323 H386390 H950457 H740629 H511670 H502136 H11047673	33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	- 1 3 - 0 - 1 3 - 0 0 - 1 3 - 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	99500007-0004	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	18 18 18 18 18 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	M35252 Human C X79882 H.sapien. Unknown 103037 Human c. Unknown M92843 H.sapien. X60188 Human E. V01512 Human c. U34279 Human un yb47801 yb47801 T55226 repetitive y656e10 R37446 INTER R09752 Unknown R81530 yj02b10-r T32348 EST4721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721 Z41721  M35252   Human C 0.029.   R87448   ym89c16   Homo sapiens cDNA clone 166098 3.   X79882   H.Sapiens   Ir mRNA.   Unknown   Unknown   Unknown   H.Sapiens   Ir mRNA   In the sapiens   Ir mRNA   Human cashonic anhydrasc II mRNA, complete cds.   Unknown   Un	
86 CATGACCTGGGGAGG 87 CATGCCTTCAAATCA	H390158	31 2	>	0	0	0 -		yg52g07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 36232 3' similar to gb:M33987 CARBONIC ANHYDRASE I
CATGTCGGAGCTGTT	11893564	30	-	4	7	-	H98618 AA171705 H99212	H98618 yx12a06.51 Homo sapiens cUNA clone 201490.5.  2097h01.51 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens cDNA AA171705 clone 594865.3' H99212 yx15g08.51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 261854.3'.

							o l		zk10e12.51 Socies pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
								AA029975 470158 3'	470158 3'
9	CATGGGAGGTGGGGC	11666539	30	9	~	32	22	M75161	H.sapiens grandin mRNA, complete cds.
3 8	CATGTTCACTACC	H1003970	30	7	6	91	17	T30344	gb U53204 HSU53204 Human plectin (PLEC1) mRNA, complete cds.
> I =	O CATGGGGGAT	H752297	29	-	3	6	~	T60135	yc22a06.s111cmo sapiens cDNA clone 81394.3'.
- 1									gblU67963][153U67963 Human lysophospholipase homolog (HU-K5)
								T30403	mRNA
1									yh39a12.rl Humo sapiens cDNA clone 132094 5' similar to gb:D26129
•	JJIJJJJA VILJI	H984414	29	2	0	80	0	R23595	RIBONUCLEASE PANCREATIC PRECURSOR (HUMAN)
7									yj83c08.51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 155342 3' similar to gb:D26129
			-	-				R69445	RIBONUCLEASE PANCREATIC PRECURSOR (HUMAN);
- 1									yi84h01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 145969 3' similar to gb.D26129
			£			-		R79191	RIBONUCLEASE PANCREATIC PRECURSOR (HUMAN);
				Ī		T	-		yj56c03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 152740 3' similar to gb. D26129
		0						R49965	RIBONUCLEASE PANCREATIC PRECURSOR (HUMAN);
1	V			T	İ	İ	İ		2v35h12.rl Scares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone
			-				-		755687 5' similar to TR:G459890 G459890 OVEREXPRESSED IN
		11231029	78	~	~	4	9	4A410947	AA410947 TESTICULAR TUMORS
	מיומעומערמיי							H02520	yj40c11.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 151220 5'.
									zo12g08.rl Stanagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
				*				0	586718 5' similar to TR.G459890 G459890 OVEREXPRESSED IN
		X				0		AA130551	AA130551 TESTICULAK TUMORS.
•							1		zd33c10.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
_	OT A THOUSAND TO	11286420	28	~	0	~	4	W68230	342450 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
_ :	A CALOCACO A								yp90a02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 194666 3' similar to contains Alu
					÷	*		R89822	repetitive element;
- 1								*	
						. 17			2k69e08.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
						0		AA053322	AA053322 488102 3' similar to contains element MER6 repetitive element
10	OS CATGGATCCCAACIG	11578824	27	-	-	24	17	V00594	Human mRMA for metallothionein from cadmium-treated cells
٦.							-		yp21d05.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 188073 5' similar to gb:105021
~	96 CATGCTTAGAGGGT	11510123	27		\$	6	9	1143742	EZRIN
/ 1 (**	97 CATGATGGCCCATAC	11238925	27	4	3		0		emblY09616[HSICE H.sapiens mRNA for putative carboxylesterase
- 1 9	98 CATGGCAAGAAAGTG	11591884	27	_	0	2	0	V00497	V00497 Human messenger RNA for beta-globin.
ك	00.000	Α	-						

06	99 CATGTACCTCTGATT	H810468	27	~	7	=	12	X65614	X65614 Ill sapiens mRNA for calcium-binding protein S100P.
100	100 CATGATGATGCACC	H233106	26	0	2	0	2		
		7,34,011	7	,	-	7			emb/269881/HSSERCA3M H. sapiens mRNA for adenosine
<u> </u>	10  CATGTTCTGTAGCCC	H1014366	3 2	^ -	2	<b>5</b> -	2 ~	TOOSER	urprospirates, carciniti
20	102 CA I GCC I G I C I GCCA	11369307	3		1	-	$\top$	100	yd89009.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 115433 3'.
			1			T			gb AA347726 AA347726 EST54132 Fetal heart II Homo sapiens cDNA
103	103 CATGTATGATGAGCA	H844682	23	4	0	_	0	÷	5' end similar to transmembrane secretory component
100	104 CATGCTGGCAAAGGT	H500747	23	0	0	0	0		
105	105 CATGCTTGATTCCCA	H517078	23	Þ	4	17	7	1,42379	Homo sapiens bone-derived growth factor (BPGF-1) m
90	106 CATGCTTGACATACC	11516402	22	0	0	7	2	X68277	H. sapiens CL 100 mRNA for protein tyrosine phosphase
									Human N-benzoyl-L-tyrosyl-p-amino-benzoic acid hydrolase
107	107 CATGGCTGGCACATT	11649492	22	~	0	0	0	1	alpha subunit (PPH alpha) mRNA, complete cds
108	108 CATGTCTGAATTATG	H909556	21	-	-	_	-	X16354	Human mRNA for transmembrane carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA)
									H.sapiens mRNA for Gal-beta(1-3/1-4)GlcNAcalpha-2,3.
100	109 CATGGGAAGAGCACT	H657554	21		_	7	~	X74570	sialyltransferase
						-0		-	yo45d01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 180865 3' similar to contains
100	HUCATGGCTCTTCCCCA	11646998	70	7	0	_	0	R87768	PTRS repetitive element
		ı				*			yo36g07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 180060 3' similar to contains
	×	1 ,						R85880	PTRS repetitive element
	HICATGAAATCTGGCAC	1114245	70	2	0	4	3	L20826	Human I-plastin mRNA, complete cds.
	CATGTAATITGCATT	11802708	61	2	0	-	7	Z50751	HSB4BMR H.sapiens mRNA for B4B
								U77085	Human epithelial membrane protein (CL-20) mRNA, complete cds
		-				- 11		Y07909	HSPAPR H.sapiens mRNA for Progression Associated Protein
Ē	CATGGTGGGGGCGCC	11764570	<u>®</u>	_	-	8	2	R48529	yj64g10.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 153570 5.
	The second secon					××			EST10a24 Clontech adult human fat cell library HL1108A Homo
=======================================	Ha CATGITA IGGIGIA	11998127	17	0	0		0	127534	sapiens cDNA cione 10a24.
15	CATGGGAGAACAGC	11663571	12	-	7	4	0	T86124	yd84b04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 114895 3.
									zo15g05.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens ct>NA clone
						Å.		AA131008 587000 3	587000 3
						. 1		R49945	yj58g11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 152996 3'.
						-		T57044	ya84h01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 68401 3'.
91-	116 CATGCCAACACCAGC	11328787	17	-	0	0	0	2	
117	117 CATGAGGTGACTGGG	H178299	17	0		0	0		
=	118 CATGGCCATCCTCCA	H609654	16	0	리	히	0		gb R73013 R73013 yj94a09.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 156376 5.

	000000	-	-	6	-	A M6	9013 Hu	M69013 Human guagine nucleotide-binding regulatory protein
119 CATGTT CTCG I CCC	H1039799	2	-	,	-	+		
TOPLICATION	11860776		_	_		0	5	
		ï					χ.	yv72h06.s! Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS Homo sapiens
	*		1-			-	9	cidna clone 248315 3' similar to contains element PTR7 repetitive
CATCOCOLOGICA	H1006014	4	-	0	0	2 NS	N58523 ele	element
CATGIA GGTGTGGG	11814011	4	-	0	0	0	<u>ت</u>	Jnknown
CA TOCTCAGAGTTG	11477216	4	0	_	4	13	5	Лакпоwп
CATGGGACTGA	11662543	=	-	0	-	0 M2	M29540 Hu	Human carcinoembryonic antigen mRNA (CEA), complete cds.
	-					,	<u></u>	HUMGSU4154 Human colon 3'directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS04154,
TI 8000 TI COUNTY OF SELECTION	H653988	12	0	0	0	1 D2	5786 clo	D25786   clone cm0215.
				-			yc	yc36e02.ri itomo sapiens cDNA clone 82778 5' similar to gb:L07765
			. 1			17	T73613 LT	LIVER CARBOXYLESTERASE PRECURSOR
	1486138	2	-	0	0	  -	5	Jinknown
126 CA LUAL CLAME I DEC	2000	1	1	,	,	c	40	PAITOSE NITOSE NE 40e03 st Homo sapiens CDNA clone 120220 3
127 CATGCTGAACCTCCC	11491894	7	5	5	7	7	80	17303 (1730) 1730
					_		7.7	zrigbilisi Stratagene N12 neuronai precursor 937230 momo sapiens
TOTALO	H271102	=	0	0	7	0 AA2	26797 cD	AA226797 cDNA clone 663837 3'
128 CA10CA30A0111001							bz	2q97h01.s1 Stratagene NT2 neuronal precursor 937230 Homo sapiens
*						AA2	118730 cD	AA218730 cDNA clone 649969 3'
			T		1		G.X	vp57f10.r1 110mo sapiens cDNA clone 191563 5' similar to gb:M90657
ACTOCACTOCA	H743610	=	0	0	•	\$ H3	H38178 TT	TUMOR-ASSOCIATED ANTIGEN L6 (HUMAN);
150 CATOO TOO TOO 157	111042446	=	6	=	c		Ö	Unknown
130 CATGTTTGGTTTCAC	H1043443		,	,	,	,		

cell lines compared to normal colon (78 genes) Transcripts decreased in only colon cancer

	NC: Normal Colon	TU Colon Primary Tumor	CL. Colon Cancer Cell Line	pT. Pancreatic Primary Tumor	PC Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line
•	ž	2	겁	PT	2

_	T	Ī	Т	$\neg$	1	T	$\top$		T	$\neg$	$\top$	T	T	T	<u> </u>	Ī						<u> </u>	Γ	T	T	T	7
Cana Name	(01)	H. sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (1-t-12)	H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone c-39e04.	Human autonomously replicating sequence (ARS) mKNA	H.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (001714)	Human cortex mRNA containing an Alu repetitive element	H. sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (141-20)	Human mitochondrion cytochrome b gene, partial cds	H sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (101-03)	H.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (1-t-07)	II sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (022T19)	yj47a08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 151862 3'.	H. sapiens mRNA for MHC class II transactivator.	Human thymosin beta-4 mRNA, complete cos.	Human EST overexpressed in pancreatic cancer (xs31)	Human mRNA for cysteine proteinase inhibitor precursor	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-129B05.	Human mRNA for adenocarcinoma-associated antigen	Homo sapiens CD24 signal transducer mRNA	Human fetal brain cDNA 3'-end GEN-002A10.	Human cathensin D mRNA, complete cds.	Human Tax I hinding protein mRNA, partial cds.	III	Thursail metaboliopic gindinate receptor a mirror	TRANSCIONO (Inuitati, Inuscie, Metara Material Contains	yourcount main sapiets cours come recome	Human glooin gene.
	Accession	F15516	F12396	L08441	F15553	X51525	F16402	009800	F15744	F15511	F18587	H03983	X74301	M17733	U46913	X05607	D54113	X14758	L33930	D50954	M11233	108801	100770	03050	146618	148809	M69023
1	2	333	173	314	161	132	191	83	223	75	57	47	51	107	49	34	15	15	~	-	3,4	2			-		0
	77	191	249	8	64	278	76	14	17	21	49	69	111	183	4	75	24	=	F	۶	2 2	3 5	7	2	او	2	23
	CL	411	158	235	114	223	171	78	88	2	94	16	63	17	17	25	28	17	4		) =	2   2	7	<u>≈</u>	~	2	_
	TO	755	266	595	357	402	446	527	69	127	183	199	194	106	186	48	12	12	1 4	271		3 5	5	2	8	2	23
	S	612	603	452	444	385	396	293	200	184	147	145	124	86	97	19	44	5 5	3 3	3 5	3	49	49	\$	4	43	39
	Tag Number	H285759	11260227	11933704	995000111	H335437	11114966	11791787	111272	11478249	11885334	H103075	H1025322	111027595	H214616	11941638	3777	00000111	11666390	2000011	11902434	11527436	11763719	H765509	H704160	H763567	H821029
	# Tag contence	Т	CATGATTTGAGAAGC	CATOATTTCACTT	CAIGIGATIICACII	4 CAIGIICAIACACCI	$\neg$	6 CATGACIANCECCI		8 CATGARACATICIC		IN CATOACGCAGGGAGA			$\neg$						19 CATGTGGTGTATGCA	20 CATGGAAATACAGTT	21 CATGGTGGCTCACGC	22 CATGGTGGTGCACAC	_	24 CATGGTGGCGGGTGC	,

D51017 Human felon an ain cDNA 3"-end GEN-007C04.	W15552 2b91h11.8 Seares parathyroid tumor Nb1fPA Homo sap		F163.26 muscie	EST186995 HCC cell line (matastasis to liver in mouse) Il Homo	AA315049 sapiens cDPAS S'end	F01150 H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone A6A03; ver	N29971   yw53h01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 255985 3".	K02883 Human MHC class I HLA-A2 gene, complete cds.	R09140   yf25f12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 127919 3.	R76005  y122c10.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 158994 31.	T33596 EST58371 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None	F16449 H.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (129-09)	2154f10.s1 Scares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone	AA292959 7261873'	zt31c11.rt. Soures ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone A A 2022466 723996 5' similar to TR-G205858 G205858 RAT ORF	2b62d07.81'Soares fetal lung NbHL 19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone	308173 3' similar to PIR: A39484 A39484 androgen-withdrawal	N92384 apoptosis protein RVP1, prostatic - rat	zb19c06.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 302506 3' similar to	PIR: A39484 A39484 androgen-withdrawal apoptosis protein RVP1,	N80203 prostatic - rat;	zk39d06.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA	clone 485195 3' similar to PIR: A39484 A39484 androgen-	AA039323 withdrawal apoptosis protein RVP1	U21468 Human partial cDNA sequence with CCA repeat region	M34088 Human episialin variant A mRNA, 3' end.	Unknown	T10098   seq816 Homo sapiens cDNA clone b4HB3MA-COT8-HAP-Ft	X83228 H.sapiens mRNA for LI-cadherin.	L27415 [Homo sapiens huntingtin (HD) gene, exon 66.		C00470 directed cDNA sequence.	N63531   yy62g08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 278174 3.
-	+	-	-	- 1					₹	×	-	-		AA.	4	-	-	ž			Z			AA				Ţ	×		9		Ž
13	E		2	,	2	36	2	12	5	2 12		9	e pe (V)	7	,	1			-	-10					01	17	0	4	7	2		~	_
25	29	:	9		8	17	9	9	20			4		-	-	•			-						70	45	0	3	0	2		_	
13	9	:	=		=	=	0	~	7			7	*	_		1								-	7	0	_	2	7	-		7	
144	372		2		=	∞	=	14	32			73		6	~	9	-	-	-		١.			-	218	2	6	=	6	١	-	~	1
38	37	!	37		33	3	32	32	32			29		28	3,0	07									26	25	24	24	22	21		71	-
11641789	H687915		169669H	B 75 B	H261569	H294488	H386963	H132598	11489822			H609624		11610922	07073011	0000061									H175872	H387596	H188027	H353760	H2235	H607977		H167659	
LCATCCCTAGGT*PTAT		7	CATGGGGGTCAGGG	1	CATGALTTTCTAAAA	1	_	CATGAGAACCTTCCA	CATGCTCTGCCTC			CATGGGGATCCCCTT		CATGGCCCAGCGGCC	7	CATGIGGCOCOTOIC									CATGAGGGTGTTTTC	_	_	1	1	CATGGCCACGTGGAG	The state of the s	CATGAGGATG1GGG	_
1	3 5	i	۶۹		. 62	E	-	12	1			12		"		۾		0							٦	× 2	2	8	4	5		43	

			-						2080f04.st Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens
					-			5679	5679 cDNA clone 393215 3'
1									2v40a02.s1 eares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone
77	CATGTATAGTCCTCT	11838494	20	7	_	3	4	1012	
_			1			2			z192g08.s1 Se stagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
								3595	3595 512126 3'
1		*							2156b12.s1 Scares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		-			-			2774	2774 726335 3'
T	CATGGGTCCTCTCT	11710520	20	7	7	2	2	53216	yj73h02,r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 154419 S' simil
1	CATGATGGGCTTGAT	11240121	61	4	0	~	6	D20113	Human HL60 3'directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS01086, clone
12	CATGCTGCCCCCCAT	11496981	61	~	0	_	ধ	-	Unknown
1	CATGITICTCTACACA	H1013522	61	4	1	83	2	U35048	Human TSC-22 protein mRNA, complete cds.
+-	CATGAAGAAGCAGGG	H33355	81	4	7	2	8	R81767	yj05g03.rl Hosao sapiens cDNA clone 147892 5'.
+	CATGAGTAGGTGGCC	H183018	-82	131	2	17	7	D51021	Human fetal basin cDNA 3'-end GEN-007D07.
+	CATGACAGTGTGTGT	H77551	<u>∞</u>	~	3	0	œ	D26146	Human DNA for putative protein kinase.
+	CATGGGAAAAGTGGT	11655547	82	2	٣	70	_	M11465	Human alpha-! antitrypsin mRNA, complete eds.
+	CATGAAGAAAGCTC	1132926	11	4	0	~	_	R78188	yi81g01.r1 Houro sapiens cDNA clone 145680 5'.
+	CATGACACCCATCAC	H70965	17	4	0	0	0	M22406	Human intestinal mucin mRNA, partial cds, clone SM
	CATGAGATCCCAAGG	11144707	17	18	0	0	0	T24507	EST082 Home sapiens cDNA clone 3E6
							-		za63a11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 297212 3' similar to
			ē					N79237	PIR:S49589 S49589 cortical granule lectin - African clawed frog ;.
								T31354	EST30893 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None
	CATGAATAGTTTCCC	1152214	91	4	0	0	0	H54696	yq92e02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 203258 3' simil
-	CATGCAGAAAGCATC	H295060	91	6	0	0	0	M22430	Human RASF-A PLA2 mRNA, complete cds.
	CATGGCTTTGCTTTG	H654976	91	4	7	∞	_	AA374631	EST86866 HSC172 cells I Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end
		ē							zn93g08.r1 Stratagene lung carcinoma 937218 Homo sapiens
			-					AA137163	AA137163 cDNA clone 565790 S
					-				zk10f05.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA
		*	- 14					AA029320	AA029320 clone 470145 3'
	CATGLGCFGCATTGA	11948543	15	2	0	-	0	D25681	Human colon 3 directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS04047, clon
4			,			,			2172g02.51 Source MilliMPu S1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 668978
						-		AA253331	3.
	The state of the s							H05110	y175f07.s1 Home sapiens cDNA clone 43778 3.
+	CATGCCATCGTCCTT	11341720	15	8	-		01		Unknown
+	CATGGAACAGCTCAC	H529013	14	23	0	0	0	AA297150	AA297150 EST112734 Colon I Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end

			-		ia.	_			
3	CATGGGGCTACGTCC	11695406	14	4	0	-	0	M25629	Human kallikrein mRNA, complete eds, clone clone p
1	CATGCCCGCCCCC	11354776	14.	7	-	~	2	H18836	ym45d10.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 51262 3'.
		-							2K01e10.s1 Soures pregnant uterus MbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA
						ı		AA026974	AA026974 clone 469290.3'
			*						zu12c12.rl Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 731638 5'
		•							similar to gbiM61900 Human prostaglandin D synthase gene,
*					· · · · · · ·			AA405031	AA405031 complete cds. (HUMAN);
			ī	-					gb U66894 IT:U66894 Human epithelium-restricted Ets protein ESX
64	CATGAGGTACTACTA	H176584	13	6	0	6	00	U66894	mRNA,
<u> </u>									Human epithelial-specific transcription factor ESE-1b (ESE-1)
-								U73843	mRNA, complete cds
8	CATGCAAATAAATIA	H265232	=	3	0	-	0	D25996	Human colon 3'directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS06772
1/2	CATGCTGTAAAAAAA	H503809	13	9	0	_	_	-	Unknown
									ze88g07.s1 Scares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
47	CATGGTTCAATCCCT	11774358	13	~	0	7	0	AA071520 366108 3'	366108 3'
		-							za90h10.s1 Soares fetal lung NbHL19W Homo sapiens cDMA clone
	-	4		- 3				N90742	299875 3'.
									zn52h06.s1 Stratagene muscle 937209 Homo sapiens clond clone
								AA086292 561851 3"	561851 3'
3,4	CATGAATAAAGCCIT	H49304	12	4	0	0	0	D11499	Human HepG2 3'-directed Mbol cDNA, clone a-35.
3 8	CATGGGAAGGITIAC	H658173	12	2	0		0	T16031	1B2474 Home sapiens cDNA 3'end.
3/5	_	11670333	12	-	0	9	_	T74426	yc82e01.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 22306 5'.
2   =	7	H715099	12	2	0	3	2	17757N	za61h02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 297075 3.
:	_								zh75f08.s1 Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS SI Homo sapiens cDNA
							8	W90388	clone 417927 3'
		3		-				F03786	H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone c-29h08
12	CATGTACTGTACTIC	H817952	12	7	0	0	0	U14631	Human 11 beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 11
:									ya31a06.s5 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 62194 3' contains Alu
73	CATGCCCTTGCACTC	11360008	Ξ	9	0	3	3	T41121	repetitive element,
7	7	11440966	=	4	0	2	0		Unknown
12	_	11611590	11	2	0	0	0		Unknown
36		H616862	=	2	0	0	0	Z58486	Unknown
F		H666014	=	-	0	0	0		Unknown

2d42c12.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone W68073 343318 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element; 0 0 0 H874226 CATGTCCCCGTTACA %

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Table 4 - Transcripts increased in pancreas\_cancer .

## SAGE Tags elevated only in Pancreatic Tumor

NC Normal Colon
Tu Colon Tumor
CC Colon Cancer Cell Line

CC Colon Cancer Cell Line
PT Pancreatic Tumor
PC Pancreatic Cell Line

	T	T					-				174		<u>ల</u>				$\neg$	•	$\neg$		1	558		7358		one	tel e
Gene Name	"hothod of House conjene of MA clone 137455 3"	(1192004.51 from 5 apricus COAR Croice 137435) 5	2XY3003.51 Socies pregnam ulcius morir o momo sapiens civina cione	490541 3'	zk51c03.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone	486340 3'	2133008.51 Soares pregnant uterus NbIPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone	503726 3'	2071h12.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone	592391 3'	2154e04.51 Soares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 726174		2078c07.s1 Stratugene pancicas (#937208) Homo 2078c07.s1 Stratagene	pancreas (#937268) Homo	yj70h01.s1 Home sapiens cDNA clone 154129 3'	yb99f08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 79335 3'	H. sapiens mRNA for cytokeratin 13	H. sapiens spasmolytic polypeptide (SP) mRNA.	za61d12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 297047 3'	zv16g01.r1 Soares NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens cl)NA clone 753840 5'	zv16g01.s1 Soases NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 753840 3'	z186g12.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 511558	31	2019e04.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 587358	3,	2044a06.s1 Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens cDNA clone	
Accession		Examples 100300		AA126719		AA044296		AA131586		Examples AA157983		AA292929	·	AA159306	R54012	T62936	Examples X52426	Examples X51698	Examples N70419	AA411599	AA410508		Examples AA115723		AA132875		
79	<u> </u>	=						-		<u></u>		.,					13	7	13				13		-		
TO	-	~  -								2 21	1						0	1 16	0				<b>8</b> 9			-	
00 110	_	3								<u>-</u>		0			1	-	0	0	0				_				_
7 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	ag Number INC	H9222								119408		·					H9898	H13803	1114865				1121247				
re, rancreane cen cone	Tag Sequence	CATGAAAGCAAACCA				-,					CAI GAMAGCAGIIII						TOPEGGGGGT	A CATCADATCCTCGGT	4 CATGAMATGGACAAC		**		TSTITE		*		

*									
	-								[2981h12.s1 Stratagene hNT neuron (#937233) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		- 1		1_	1			AA206883	12200 - 111 - 111 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 -
CATGAACTCTTGAAG	H30689	7	-	=	=	=	Examples KO1318	81118	yg/1103.SI Homo Sapiens CUNA Clone 38681 3
-				-	_			T35270	EST82235 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None
		~~~							
		1	$\dashv$	-	-			AA412071	2165h12.s1 Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 727271 3'
N CATGAACTGCTTCAA	H31221	7	9	∞	9	130	Examples N63154	N63154	yz37f12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 285263 3'
			_		L			T87236	yc81h04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 22603 3'
		<u> </u>	-		L	-		AA150720	2146f04.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone 5049
	-	-	-	-	-	-		AA045773	2168b12.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens
VICATGAACTTGGCCAT	H32405	0	0	0	-	Ξ	Examples X07819	X07819	Human pump-1 mRNA homolog, to metalloproteinase,
		-	-	-	_	-	i .	L22523	Human matrilysin gene, exon 5
IN CATGAAGATCCCCGC	1136183	12	01	4	12	23	Examples R72650	R72650	yj95e05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 156512 3'
		1	+	+	-				
			-			1	-		2d58e02.s1 Soares fetal heart 14bHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
									344858 3' similar to SW:CUTA ECOLI P36654 PERIPLASMIC
	*			r T	*			W70287	DIVALENT CATION TOLERANCE PROTEIN CUTA
		1	-	-	_	-			yj95e05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 156512 3' similar to
		7				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			SP.CYCY_ECOLI P36654 C-TYPE CYTOCHROME BIOGENESIS
							-	R72650	PROTEIN CYCY
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*		ī						4	zp61a11.s1 Stratagene endethelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
			·········					0	624668 3' similar to SW:CUTA_ECOLI P36654 PERIPLASMIC
	*						-	AA181976	DIVALENT CATION TOLERANCE PROTEIN CUTA
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>					Human phosphotyrosine independent ligand p62 for tthe Lck SH2 domain
I CATGAAGGGAGGGTC	1143180	9	m	∞	15	41	Examples U46751	U46751	mRNA, complete cds
CATGAAGTTGCTATT	1148756	2	6	81		27	Examples 103077		Human co-beta glucosidase (proactivator) mRMA
			7	-				M86181	Human prosaposin (PSAP) gene
		<u>!</u> 	1	-				D00422	Human sphingolipid activator proteins, mRNA
			-	1		-	- 20	103015	Homo sapiens sphingolipid activator protein 1 mRNA
		<u>'</u>	<u> </u>		,			M60255	Human mutant cerebroside sulfate activator protein
1 CATGAATGAAAAAA	H57345	3	-	2	2	01	No Match		
1 CATGACAAACTGTGG	1166031	-	4	77	5	09	Examples N22375		yw37d01.s1 Homo sapiens cDIAA clone 254401 3'
		1		_		_	-	-	zn20e01.s1 Stratagene neurocpithelium NT2RAMI 937234 Homo sapiens
		- ,					0	AA084643	cDNA clone 547992 3'
		1	-	-					

		-	$\vdash$					
							AA279290	2584a06.51 Soares NbHTGBC Homo sapiens cDNA clone 704146 3'
		1	<u> </u>					zf12a02.s1 Soarcs fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
							AA046253	376682 3'
15 CATGACAACTCAATA	1167396	2	7	7 16	37	Examples 258016	258016	Il sapiens CpG DNA, clone 26c7,
								OCOUNTY TO A LINE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
		1,				۰		2029c02.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 388290
							AA151668	3' similar to SW:BI3 MOUSE P28662 BRAIN PROTEIN 13
		$\vdash$				-		za07e06 r1 Soares melanocyte 2NbHM Homo sapiens cDNA clone 291874
341	*	*				***	W02958	\$
		+	-					2070e05.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
していましょうない。	H71151	0	-	7	4	Examples	Examples AA1556464	592256 3'
ופוראופארארנרופופר		+	+					ze90h09,s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
			-				AA025673	366305 3'
		-	$\vdash$	1			N70895	za89h12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 299783 3'
	1185974	6	8	=	4	Examples X02491	X02491	Human interferon-inducible mRNA (cDNA 9-27): membrane
CAI GACCAI I GGAI I		+	1_					Human interferon-inducible protein 9-27 mRNA
		╁				1	X84958	H sapiens mRNA for interferon-induced 17kDa membra
a Ja 4 i. HE J J J 4 J H 4 J F	H90050	F	4	2 13	1	Examples X56841	X56841	H. sapiens HLA-E gene.
מראו פארפרו ו ואינופ		+	$\vdash$		-		X64879	H.sapiens mRNA for HLA-E heavy chain (exons 4 - 7)
上がからからからなってなって	H91579	49	22 45	2	94	Examples M21186	M21186	Human neutrophil cytochrome b light chain p22A
וא ראו פאררפרים ופפי							M61107	Human p22-phox (CYBA) gene, exons 3 and 4
ACCASTS ACCAST	1197158	0	[m	0 28	17	Examples D00244	D00244	Human Pro-urokinase gene,
		╁	$\vdash$				K02286	Human urokinase gene, 3' end
		-	-				M15476	Human pro-urokinase mRNA, complete cds
		$\vdash$	-		-		X02419	Human uPA gene for urokinase-plasminogen activator
31 28 76 76 76 76	H103912	0	-	=	2	Examples L08835	L08835	Human myotonic dystrophy kinase (DM kinase) gene
		$\vdash$	-				M87313	Homo sapiens myotonin protein kinase (DM) mRNA
STASTOSTS CASTAS	H113380	77	4	5	20	Examples H44451	H44451	yo75f06.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 183779 3'
ייי כאו פערפו פפן פייי		$\vdash$	-		7			zo42f07.s1 Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		-						589573 3' similar to SW-L10K_RAT Q05310 LEYDIG CELL. TUMOR 10
	-	-				*	AA157329	KD PROTEIN
	- -						*	2c32g05.s1 Sogres senescent libroblasts Not15F Homo saptens CDNA clone 324058 3' similar to SW.L10K RAT Q05310 LEYDIG CELL TUMOR 10
							W46455	KD PROTEIN
		1	-	1				

	6000		3 31		a Evamp	Examples M92357	Homo sapiens E94 protein mRNA, complete cds.
23 CATGACTCAGCCCGG	11119383	5					
	11735711	0	0 53	3 22	-	Examples X64875	H. sapiens mRNA for insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3
TALCALI GAGLOGO			1				Human growth hormone-dependent insulin-like growth factor binding
		,				M31159	protein 3
				_	. i.	M35878	Human insuling like growth factor-binding protein-3
			-	_	i.	S56205	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3 (3' region)
STOBOLOGOTA STAN SE	H124264	0	0 22		9 Exampl	Examples U65932	Human extracellular matrix protein 1 (ECM1) mRNA
ייי ראופערופירו			-			U65937	Human extracellular matrix protein 1 (ECM1) gene, exon 9
	7	*	-	L			zo03f09.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 566633
	11176208	3	- 6	2 22	-	Examples AA148916	3,
20 CAL 6ACT 61A1 111C							zo12a11.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 586652
		*				AA129137	3,
			+	_			2185g09.51 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 511456
						AA115437	31
			+				2187e07.s1 Straigene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 511620
	·				-	AA126967	3'
	1110105	6	Je	3 16		Examples R24613	yh36c03.rl Hamo sapiens cDNA clone 131812
17 CATGAGCACTGCAGC	23003111	•   -				Examples H43243	vp05c05.rl Hamo sapiens cDNA clone 186560 5'
28 CATGAGCAGGAGCGT	11150622	7 0				Examples X54942	H. Sapiens Charles mRNA for Cks1 protein homologue
29 CATGAGCTGTALLCT	1		+		-		2k50g07.si Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
	H.167446		12	10 13		Examples AA044081	486300 3'
MI W. SAGGATOR CCC		1	1				zk50g07,ri Stares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		- '					486300 5' sandar to PIR.A40533 A40533 cAMP-dependent protein kinase
			-1		· · ·	AA044211	major membrane substrate
TANDEDONOR	11178129	4	9	09	2 Examples	es X14787	Class A, Human mRNA for thrombospondin.
	111 78603	0 2	2	=		Examples R27738	yh64f11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 134541 3'
DOOD TOWN IN THE			<u> </u>	_			yj22f12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 149519 3' similar to SP. ZK637 5
					1	H00276	CE00436 ARSA
			-	_		-	zm19d07.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
ないいとしてなられることで	H183787	3	_	15 7	73 Examp	Examples AA076235	526093 3'
12 CA1 GAG1 A1 C 1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		-	$\vdash$	-		H13159	yj16c04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 148902 3'
			-	_			2071e11.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA cione
i						AA146632	592364 3
THE CANADA AND A COLOR	11204740	0	<u></u>	18	9 Examp	Examples X80062	H.sapiens SA mRNA.
SA CATGATACTITANT	7	+	_	_		U01691	Human annexin V (ANX5) gene
	-	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	-			

			L	Ĭ			
						X12454	Human mRNA for vascular anticoagulant
					,	M18366	Human placental anticoagulant protein (PAP) mRNA
					-	M21731	Human lipocortin-V mRNA, complete cds
				-		103745	Human endonexin II mRNA, complete cds
							GAMMA-INTER-ERON-INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IP-30 PRECURSOR
15 CATGAT CAGGAATCC	11213518	2 1	Ś	25	_	Examples 103909	(HUMAN)
							EST97384 Thymus II Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to interferon,
				-		aa383911	
CATGATCAAGGGTGT	H213679 1:	2 9	25	12	156	Examples U09953	Human ribosomal protein L9 mRNA
	8					U21138	Human ribosomal protein L9 mRNA, complete cds
						2	II
		-		1	1	100+101	Truman minary for munian monograe of tal moscillar profession
CATGATCAAGTTCGA	H213751 (	0 2	∞	. u	2	Examples AA063259	zm03a05.s1 Stratagene corneal stroma (#937222) Homo sapiens cDNA   clone 513008 31
38 CATGATCCGGCGCCA	H219750 16	, ,	4	12	40	Examples L42856	RNA polymerase II transcription factor SIII p18 subunit mRNA
19 CATGATGAAACTTCG	H229502	0	0	12	4	Examples Z59242	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 13a10, reverse read cpg1
	2		-2				
40 CATGATGCGANAGGC	H235531 2	3	12	3	22	Examples 225820	H. sapiens mRNA for mitochondrial dodecenoyl-CoA dehydrogenase
						L24774	Homo sapiens delta3, delta2-CoA-isomerase mRNA
11 CATGATGTCTTCGTT	H243676 0	0		0 .	14	Examples M84711	40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3A (HUMAN)
42 CATGATGTCTTTTCT	H243710	2	_	14	2	Examples M62403	Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein 4
			1			3 4 00 W **	Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein-4 (IGFBP4) gene,
						U20982	promoter and complete cds
43 CATGATGTGTAACGA	H244487 0	4	2	44	94	Examples 233457	H sapiens mts1 gene.
	ē	J				M80563	Human CAPL protein mRNA, complete cds
44 CATGCAACTTAAAGC	H270083 0		2	0.	_	Examples N23207	yx70b09.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 267065 3' similar to gb.L12350 TTROMBOSPONDIN 2 PRECURSOR (HUMAN)
					-		2125e11.s1 Soares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 714188
15 CATGCACCTGTCCTT	H286424 0	4	2	10	_	Examples AA285023	
					×	M33680	CD81 antigen
16 CATGCACTCAATAAA	11291889 0	0	2	3	19	Examples D78203	Neurosin
				<del> </del>		1086911	brotese M

				-				
47 CATGCAGCCTGGGGC	H300971	0	0	0	2	Examples AA149942		2068d04.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 592039 3' similar to TR:E218488 E218488 TRYPTASE
				0	-		·	zp66b09.r1 Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 625145 5' similar to gb:M16937 HOMEOBOX PROTEIN HOX-B7
TOOOSOSCAL	H301462	4	11 12	01	21	Examples AA187553		(HUMAN); contains element MER22 repetitive element
	2					2	M16937	Homeobox protein HOX-B7
19 CATGCAGGTTGTCCT	H307126	0	0 4	0	0	No Match		
SUICATGCAGTCTCTCAA	H309109	7	9 9	7	11	Examples U14972	114972	Human ribosomal protein S10 mRNA
SICATGCATCCGTGAC	H316857	0	3	3	2	Examples U27293		Human leukotriene A4 hydrolase gene
		-		-	-	Ĭ,	103459	Human leukotriene A-4 hydrolase mRNA, complete cds
		-			-	<u> </u>	102959	Human leukotriene A-4 hydrolase mRNA, complete cds
STORTECTECT	H325080	0	2 5	13	3	Examples X82434		H. sapiens mRNA for emerin
STOREGUEGO	H333138	<u></u>	7 17	90	2	Examples M88338		Human serum constituent protein (MSE55) mRNA
SUCCESSOR OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANFORD OF STANF	H339606	23	1 37	22	99	Examples U14971		Human ribosomal protein S9 mRNA
SETUTE THE GOOD AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	H344031	0	2 6	=	9	Examples L01697		Homo sapiens alpha-1 type XV collagen mRNA
SG CATGCCCAAGCTAGC	H344691	6	8	82	44	Examples X54079		Human mRNA for heat shock protein HSP27.
		-			-	2		H. sapiens mRNA for 28 kDa heat shock protein
		_			1	×	X16477	Human mRNA fragment for estrogen-regulated 24k protein
		-		-	-	S	S74571	estrogen receptor-related protein=27-kda heat shock protein
AAADOCAAOOCO ES	11347489	2	15 43	6	130	Examples X69392		H sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L26.
					-		L07287	Human ribosomal protein L26 (RPL26) genc
SALPATOCOCOTOCAGA	H350099	0	9	14	25	Examples U40434		Human mesothelin or CAK1 antigen precursor mRNA
		-			-			Human mRNA for pre-pro-megakaryocyte potentialing factor, complete
				*		<u>u</u>		cds.
SW LATECTOCOCCATAGAT	H353481	0	0	8	Ξ	Examples U12819	112819	Human p16-INK4 (p16) gene
		-		-	-			Human hypothetical 18.1 kDa protein (CDKN2A) mRNA
		-		-	-			MTS1=multiple tumor suppressor 1/cyclin-dependent kinase 4 inhibitor
						S	S69804	p16
				$\vdash$		S		CDK41=cyclin-dependent kinase 4 inhibitor
		-				٠		tumor suppressor gene, P16/MTS1/CDKN2*cell cycle cycle negative
			**1	1	-	2	S78535	regulator beta form
	79873511	~	2 5	4	34	Examples 247319		H.sapiens mRNA for expressed sequence tag (clone 21fi7119)
60 CATGCCT CCT 6666	12010011						-	

		-				<b>V</b>	AA398406	2160h12.s1 Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 726791 3'
この 本土 こうじゅうしつごうはんご イン	H370034	4	17	4	61	Examples U21049	21049	Human DD96 m: NA
A A C C C E C C E C C E C C E C E C E C	H187925	0	2 1	8	66	Examples X03212	03212	KERATIN, TYPE II CYTOSKELETAL 7
02 CA16CC16G1 CCCCA			-		-			zp73f01.s1 Strangene HeLa cell s3 937216 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		•				<u> </u>	AA187637	625849 3'
				1		.415	201001	zp35g11.s1 Strangene muscle 937209 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 611492
63 CATGCCTTTGAACAG	H392709	~	9	7	57	Examples AA1 (043)	A1/043/	Similar to the web 200 0003200 to the
			-					ZDJOGITIST OHERRIGGER BROSER ZJIZOZ TROBIO SEPICIES CELTAS OTTAGO
					-	Y	AA176541	3' similar to 11' (2003/09' U003/09' DULA.
CA CATCCCCGACGATG	H415844	21	13 45	75	7	Examples X02492	(02492	Human interfer an inducible mRNA tragment
65 CATGCTCAACAGCAA	H475429	7	5 10	9	17	Examples T53402	53402	ya88g05.s1 Hours sapiens cDNA clone 68792 31
	-				<del></del>			and a State of the based Mit UI 10W Home conjene of NA clone
			1 "	ŧ,		_:		244/800.51 30ates tetal iteatification from Supremo Control
		1				*	W69493	343858 3. SIMITAT (0 PTK. 224106 224106 Hypoucheat protein - munian
COCCOMPANACTOR	11475478	-	4 2	23	-	Examples X13916	13916	Human mRNA for LOL-receptor related protein
CALCACTOR DAY CTO	11493576	2	3	∞	82	Examples X80335	(80335	H. sapicns (24) Ferritin H pseudogene.
COUNTY 040 COUNTY 0 00	H494454	-	4	77	13	Examples X04828	04828	Human mRNA for G(i) protein alpha-subunit
ACCAPACION CONTRACTOR	11498887	191	30 28	30	44	Examples U14966	14966	Human ribosomal protein L5 mRNA
S CATGOTOCOTOCOTO	H499247	-	3 4	=	2	Examples T90665	59906	yd41g08.s1 Home sapiens cDNA clone 110846 3'
W CAI GCI GCI GCI GC		+	-		-	7,		EST43791 Fetal train I Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to steroid
	-	•.			0	<del>V</del>	AA338799	hormone receptor hERR1
		1				=	H97236	yv98b06.s1 Home sapiens cDNA clone 250739 3'
TABUUGUGUGAT	14501337	10	0	0	10	Examples C14084	14084	Human fetal brain cDNA 3'-end GEN-018D10
	11513181	64	23 36	2	104	Examples D00017	000017	Human lipocortin II mRNA
73 CATGOTT CONCERNO	11514022	0	3	68	2	Examples Z19574	19574	II sapiens gene for cytokeratin 17.
		<u> </u>				×	X62571	H. sapiens mRNA for keratin-related protein
		<u> </u>				×	(05803	Human radiated Accatinocyte mRNA 266
まりりひませのできまってまる。	11522198	0	2	9	4	Examples X79067	79067	H.sapiens ERF-1 mRNA 3' end.
25 CATGODADADADADA	11524289	1	14 21	56	37	Examples X51779	£51779	Human mRNA containing an Alu repeat
		_		1.	<u> </u>		X82240	H.sapiens mRNA for Tcell leukemia/lymphoma 1
STASAACAAACCEAC	H525348	4	7 14	80	22	Examples V00572	V00572	Human mRNA encoding phosphoglycerate kinase.
S CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF TH			_		1		029018	Human keratinocyte cDNA, clone 001
		-	_		,		C00160	Human phosphoglycerate kinase (pgk) mRNA
THOROGENERATION	H527436	49	35 10	001 01	36	Examples X05344	(05344	Human mRNA for cathepsin D
CAIGGMMI DODGE	A	-						

			-	-	_			M11233	Human cathepsin D mRNA, complete cds
		$\dagger$	$\dagger$	+	$\downarrow$	-			vd42f03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 110909 3' similar to SP:R151.9
'N CATGGAAATGATGAG	H527929	4	7	~	4	26 Ex	Examples T90296	190296	CE00827
			!		* .			AA320942	EST23523 Adipose tissue, brown Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end
			-	-	_	_	3		zp64f07.s1 Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
** CATGGAAGATGTGTG	H533436	3	7	19	9	28 Ex	amples /	Examples AA181811	624997 3'
		-	$\vdash$	+	L		,		2106c06.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
						I	,	AA148508	491530 3' similar to WP.ZK652.2 CE00448
SUICATGGAATTTTATAA	H540621	9	<u></u>	9	6	28 Ex	Examples L21950	.21950	Human peripheral benzodiazepine receptor related mRNA
			-	-			4	M36035	Human peripheral benzodiazepine receptor (hpbs) mRNA
ST CATGGACAAAAAAA	H540673	=	~	2	-	17 No	No Match		
CATGGACCACCTTTA	H545152	0	-	0	_		Examples U19718		Human microfibril-associated glycoprotein (MFAP2).
SICATGRACCAGGCCCT	H545430	0	3	0	20	18 Exa	Examples M75165	475165	H sapiens epithelial tropomyosin (TM1) mRNA
			-	-	_		_	M12125	Human fibroblast muscie-type tropomyosin mRNA
			$\vdash$	100	_	_	_	M74817	Human tropomyosin-1 (TM-beta) mRNA, complete cds
CICATOCACOCAAGGC	H546059	2	2	6	16	10 Ex	Examples M74092	474092	Human cyclin mRNA
TODOSCO DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA CONTROCATION DE LA	H546710	=	36	20 7	11/6	65 Ex	Examples L37033	.37033	Homo sapiens FK-506 binding protein homologue
		$\dagger$	-			_	-		2b37g02.s1 Soares parathyroid tumor NbHPA Homo sapiens cDNA clone
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		-	-	-			***	*	2106a10.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
				····			+	AA115048	491514 3'
N. CATGGACGGCGCAGG	H551315	~	4	5 3	32	3 Ex	Examples M63193	463193	Human platelet-derived endothelial cell growth factor
NACATEGACTCTCTGTT	HS54876	=	4	<u></u>	0	14 Ex	Examples M61764	461764	Human gamma-tubulin mRNA,
N. CATGGAGAGCTTTGC	H559615	0	0	0	2	10 Ex	Examples D17793	517793	Human mRNA (HA1753) for ORF
WE CATEGAGAGTGTCTG	950095H	0	~	8	32 1	I Ex	Examples S68252	68252	TIMP-1=metalloproteinase inhibitor
			-	_	_			X02598	EPA glycoprotein (erythroid-potentiating activity)
				-	_		Ŷ	X03124	tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2
4 CATGGAGCAGGATGA	11561807	0	0	0		12 No	No Match		
	F1567486			0	-4	-13 Ex	amples /	Examples AA214523	2189c01.51 Soarcs NbHTGBC Homo sapiens cDNA clone 682848 3'
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	7		+	-	_			N30324	yw75d01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 258049 3'
11 CATEGAGTCCGGAGC	HS70787	0	3	7		10 Ex	Examples X70070	(7007)	H saplens mRNA for neurotensin receptor.
UNCATGGAGTTATGTTG	11572656	0	0	E	0	10 Ex	Examples H57673	157673	yr27a10.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 206490 3'
20000100	4	1	1	1			-		

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CATGGAGTTCGACCT	,, · * • • ·		_	_			7	zel 2008.si Coares letai neari North I yw moing sapiens culing cione
CATGGAGTTCGACCT CATGGATTAAGTGAG		·····			·		<u></u>	358766 3' similar to SW;YA94_SCIIPO Q09783 HYPOTHETICAL 11 4
CATGGAGTTCGACCT						W94333		KD PROTEIN CI3G6.04 IN CHROMOSOME I
CATGGATTAAGTGAG	11577806	7	7	2	29	No Match		
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200.000.000.000	11585913		5 2	7	19	Examples AA046631		488363 3'
				-	-	R91942	Ī	yq06g03.s1 fomo sapiens cDNA clone 196180 3'
		-	1	-	-		2	2k46c12.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
				-		AA0	AA040439 4	485878 3'
	11587800	1-	2	-	12	Examples U60205		methyl sterol oxidase (ERG25)
COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR DE LA COLOR	11589825	17 13	3 29	12	38	No Match	-	
-	11605956	2 10	8	<del> -</del>	55	Examples X60489		Human mRMA for elongation factor-1-beta.
		-		$\vdash$	<del>                                     </del>	95909X		H. sapiens mRNA for clongation factor 1-beta
-	11606471	0	0	12	-	Examples U08021		Human nicotinamide N-methyltransferase (NNMT) mRNA, 0
-	11611597	1		47	6	Examples X15256		Human mRNA for 14kDa beta-galactoside-binding lectin
101 CAI GOCCCCANIAN				-	-	X14829		Human mRNA for beta-galactoside-binding lectin
		-		-	+	104456		Human 14 kd lectin mRNA, complete eds
		+		-	-	S44881		III. 14=beta-galactoside binding protein
		-						200404 et Soares pregnant némis NMIDEL Homo caniens CDNA clone
	-				,	4		A00310 (Charles to contains Alt renefitive element
102 CAT GGCGGCTACTTC	11616224	о С	-    -	~	2	Examples AA034463	T	117077
							., 3	zr68g12.s1 Soares NhtHMPu S1 Homo saptens cDNA Clone 668614-3 similar to gb:X02492 INTERFERON-INDUCED PROTEIN 6-16
	11617891		5 2	4	~	Examples AA243725		PRECURSOR (HUMAN)
	11618841		1	23	39	Examples X13425		Human mRNA for pancreatic carcinoma marker GA733-1, 0
MA CAT GOOD TACCOONS	1.001011	-		-				z102b03.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
IIIS CATGGCGGGGTGGAG	11633577	~	8	27	9	Examples AA136985		4911173'
				-8				2/70h04 st Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDMA clone 510007
	11643707	12 .29	9 24	35	35	Examples AA053346		3' similar to gb: 221507 ELONGATION FACTOR 1-DELTA
TO CATEGOLI CAGO CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL CONTR	11655177	,		=	9	Examples U43368		Human VEGF related factor isoform VRF186 precursor, 0
CALCACT LICAGO				-		U52819		Human vascular endothelial growth factor B 186
a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	H655361		30	91	38	Examples M38259		Human cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIb
IIIS CAT GGGAAAAAAAA		+	1	+	1	09W		Human histone H1 (H1F4) gene, complete cds

		<del> </del>	_		_	- .3.	M73239	[Human (clone SF1) hepatocyte growth factor (HGF)
		-					M73240	Human (clone SF2) hepatacyte growth factor (HGF)
1119 CATGGGAAAAGTGGT	11655547	18	13 3	70	-	Examples X02920	X02920	Human mRNA for alpha I-antitrypsin carboxyterminal, 0
		-	-				X01683	Human mRMA for alpla 1-antitrypsin
		$\vdash$					V00496	Human messenger RNA for alpha-1-antitrypsin
		-		1			100067	Human alpha-1 antitry sin gene, 3' end
		-						2122b01.s1 Spares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
HOLATGGGAAGGGAGGC	11658059	0	4	9	16	Examples	Examples AA127040	502633 3*
		-					*	2d86f06.s1 Somes fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
	ŧ					3	W81387	347555 3'
							H45477	yo72h08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 183519 3'
HEATGGGAGTCATTGT	11666943	9	5 6	10	32	Examples	D26598	Human mRNA for proteasome subunit HsC10-II 0
	11667367	0	-	=	2	Examples N74310	N74310	2278c01.s1 Homo sapicins cDNA clone 298656 3'
		<u> </u>				3,	1192750	y192e01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 231768 3'
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		_		1			124084	Seq12/1 Homo sapiens CDNA Cione SSO4HB3MA(extended-11-0) 3
11 CATGGGATTGTCTGG	11671455	~	7 13	5	71	Examples X17567	X17567	H. sapiens RNA for snRNP protein B
		-					M34081	Human small nuclear ribonucleoprotein particle SmB
14 CATGGGCCCCTCACC	H677330	0	0	6	22	Examples M69054	M69054	Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein 6, 0
		_					M62402	Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein 6
113 PATGGGCCCTCTGAG	11677753	Э	4	7	14	Examples N74323	N74323	za78d08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 298671 3'
		-				-	H46766	yo18f08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 178311 3'
							1141102	yn88a08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 175478 3'
								zm84b09.s1 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens cDNA
116 CATGGGCTGGTCTGG	H686815	0	<u></u>	13	22	Examples AA074777	AA074777	clone 544601 3'
					3	1		zm04a04.s1 Stratagene corneal stroma (#937222) Homo sapiens cDNA
				-		Ti.	AA062735	clone 513102 3'
						-	i i	[2m63f12.s1 Stratagene fibrotilast (#937212) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
					-		AA112905	530351 3'
117 CATGGGGAAGCAGAT	11688713	25	7 9	0	72	No Match		
118 CATGGGGAGGGGTGG	11690863	2	3 1	91	2	No Match		
119 CATGGGGAGGTAGCA	11690890	_	-	14	-	No Match		
120 CATGGGGCATCTCTT	11693112	<u> </u>	1	39	2	Examples V00523	V00523	Human mRNA for histocompatibility antigen HLA-DR
						. 1	X00274	Human gene for HLA-DR alpha heavy chain a class II
		-	F		_		V01171	Human HI A DP alnh chain mPNA

VATCGCTCGCGCACAT   H71540    4   10   10   10   10   10   10									
H728718   1   1   10   14   Examples   U18009			-	-	-		7000		uman hla-dr heavy chain gene; 3' flank
H728778 3 1 16 30 Examples M59911 H728810 23 10 16 15 50 Examples X87689 H737344 0 0 0 10 1 Examples L13350 H73734 0 0 0 1 0 1 Examples L13350 H752531 0 0 0 1 13 No Match H752531 0 0 0 1 13 No Match H753162 0 2 8 1 13 No Match H75433 25 14 42 15 89 Examples X87373 H754567 0 2 8 1 13 No Match H76503 14 17 15 39 Examples X87373 H76503 14 17 15 39 Examples X87373 H774529 0 2 1 13 Examples X62088 H774529 0 2 1 13 Examples X62088 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples K02765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples K02765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples K02765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X57025 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765 H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X62765	'I CATGGGTGGGGAGAT	H715401	-	<u> </u>	1		Examples U180		duman chromosome 17q21 mRNA clone LF113.
H728778   3   1   16   30   Examples M59911     H72878   3   1   16   15   50   Examples M59911     H73234   0   0   10   1   Examples L12350     H73234   0   0   10   1   Examples L12350     H75251   0   5   7   12   2   Examples H51290     H753162   0   1   1   1   2   Examples M20318     H754323   25   14   42   15   89   Examples M3913     H754367   0   2   8   1   10   No Match     H754567   0   2   8   1   10   No Match     H75457   0   2   8   1   10   Examples M3913     H76503   14   17   15   39   30   Examples M46430     H76503   14   17   15   39   30   Examples M39132     H774629   0   2   1   3   Examples M55100     H774629   0   2   1   3   Examples M55100     H774629   0   2   1   3   Examples M35100     H774629   0   1   13   3   Examples M35100     H774629   0   1   13   3   Examples M37011     H7745291   16   12   4   14   Examples M17987     H7782013   178   110   14   340   139   Examples M17987     H7782013   178   110   14   340   139   Examples M37025     H7797169   0   6   1   12   Examples M37025     H802793   0   2   5   2   10   No Match			$\vdash$	_	-		T334		ST57778 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None
H728778   3   1   16   30   Examples M59911     H728810   23   10   16   15   50   Examples X87689     H737344		-		<u> </u>		1	T333		ST57474 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None
H752810	CATGGTACTGTAGCA	H728778	3	5	1 16		Examples M599		luman integrin alpha-3 chain mRNA
H752296 25 35 45 76 29   Examples L12350   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   Examples D21261   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D295444   D29543   D295444   D295444   D29543   D295444   D29543   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D2954444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D295444   D2954444   D2954444   D2954444   D2954444   D29544444   D2954444   D29544444   D29544444   D29544444   D29544444   D295444444    D295444444   D2954444444   D295444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D2954444444   D295444444444   D29544444444   D2954444444   D29544444444   D29544444444   D29544444444   D29544444444   D29544444444   D295444444444   D29544444444   D29544444444   D295444444444   D295444444444   D29544444444   D295444444444444   D295444444444444   D295444444444444444444444444444444444444	PICATGGTACTGTGGCT	H728810	1	<u>.                                    </u>	Ì		Examples X876		I sapiens mRNA for putative p64 CLCP protein
H752296 25 35 45 76 29 Examples D21261	14 CATGGTCAAAATTTC	H737344	0			-	Examples L123		duman thrombospondin 2 (THBS2) mRNA
H752521   0   5 7   12   2   Examples H51290     H752531   0   5 7   12   2   Examples H51290     H753162   0   0   1   13   No Match     H754323   2   1   2   1   10   No Match     H754567   0   2   8   1   10   Examples X87373     H76481   2   9   13   26   Examples X87379     H76503   14   17   15   39   30   Examples H46430     H76503   14   17   15   39   30   Examples H46430     H76503   14   17   15   39   30   Examples K5288     H76503   14   17   15   39   30   Examples K5288     H774629   0   2   1   13   3   Examples K02765     H781823   1   6   30   24   Examples K02765     H782013   178   10   14   340   139   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   139   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   139   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   139   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   139   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   139   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   139   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   130   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   130   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   140   Examples K02765     H78213   18   10   14   340   140   Mo Match	MCATGGTCTGGGGCTT	H752296	1	l			Examples D212		luman mRNA (HA1756) for ORF
H752521   0   5   7   12   2   Examples H51290			-	_			D295		luman keratinocyte cDNA, clone 686
H75253  0 0 0 1 13 No Match   AA158271   H753162 0 1 2 1 10 No Match   H753162 0 2 8 1 10 Examples X87373   H754353 1 2 1 1 2 5 Examples X87373   H761481 2 9 9 13 26 Examples K15439   H76503 14 17 15 39 30 Examples U5280   H76503 14 17 15 39 30 Examples U5280   H774629 0 2 1 1 13 3 Examples X59288   H774629 0 2 1 1 13 3 Examples X59288   H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples D00760   H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples D00760   H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples D00760   H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples D00760   H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X57025   H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match   No Match   No Match   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793   H802793	CATGGTCTGTGAGAG	H752521	0			7	Examples H512		p07a05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 186704 3'
CATGGTCTGTGCAGG H772531 0 0 1 13 No Match CATGGTCTGTAGAGCC H773162 0 1 2 1 10 No Match CATGGTCTGAAGCC H773162 0 1 2 1 10 No Match CATGGTCTGAAGCC H773162 0 1 2 1 10 No Match CATGGTGCAAGGCAGT H774567 0 2 8 1 10 Bxamples X8938 CATGGTGCGGAGAC H7760361 0 3 2 11 25 Bxamples X81439 CATGGTGCGGAGAC H7760361 0 3 2 11 25 Bxamples X151439 CATGGTGCGGAGAC H7765003 14 17 15 39 30 Bxamples H46430 CATGGTGGTACAGGA H7765003 14 17 15 39 30 Bxamples X59288 AA130701 CATGGTGGTACAGGA H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Bxamples X59288 AA130701 CATGGTTCTTTGG H7781823 1 1 6 30 24 Examples X15928 CATGGTTTAAAATGGA H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X17025 CATGGTTTAAAATGGA H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X57025 CATGGTTAAAATGGA H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X57025 CATGGTTAAAATGGA H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X57025 CATGGTTAAAATGGA H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X57025 CATGGTTAAAATGGA H7782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples X57025 CATGGTTAAAATGGA H778203 0 2 5 2 10 No Match						1	N203		x44g12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 264646 3'
CATGGTCTGTGCAGG         H752531         0         0         1         13         No Match           CATGGTCTTGAAGCC         H753162         0         1         2         1         10         No Match           CATGGTCAAGGCAGT         H753162         0         1         2         1         0         Mo Match           CATGGTCAAGGCAGT         H754323         2.5         14         42         15         89         Examples X87373           CATGGTGCAGGAGC         H760361         0         2         1         2         Examples X87373           CATGGTGCGAGGAC         H760361         0         3         1         2         Examples L0280           CATGGTGCGAGGAC         H762303         1         1         3         Examples L0280           CATGGTGCTGGAGGAC         H76203         1         1         3         AA130701           CATGGTGCTGGAGGAC         H76203         1         1         3         Examples L0280           CATGGTGCTGGAGGAC         H76503         1         1         3         Examples L0280           CATGGTTCACTGCA         H76503         1         1         3         AA130701           CATGGTTCACTGCA         H782013			-	-			`		o76c09.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
CATGGTCTGTGCAGG         H752531         0         0         1         13         No Match           CATGGTCTTGAAGCC         H753162         0         1         2         1         10         No Match           CATGGTCTGAAGGCAGT         H754323         25         14         42         15         89         Examples         X8038           CATGGTGGAGGCAC         H76431         2         8         1         10         Examples         X51439           CATGGTGCGAGGAC         H76431         2         11         25         Examples         X51439           CATGGTGCAGGACAC         H76503         14         17         15         39         30         Examples         M6430           CATGGTGGAGGCAC         H76503         14         17         15         39         30         Examples         M6430           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H76503         14         17         15         39         30         Examples         M6430           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H76503         14         17         15         39         30         Examples         X59288           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H774629         0         2         1         30				·			AAI		92840 3'
CATGGTCTTGAAGCC         H753162         0         1         2         1         10         No Match           CATGGTGAAGGCAGT         H75433         25         14         42         15         89         Examples X81313           CATGGTGAATGAGGG         H754567         0         2         8         1         10         Examples X81319           CATGGTGCGAGGAC         H761361         0         3         2         11         25         Examples X51439           CATGGTGCGAGGAC         H762513         1         1         3         4         Examples X51439           CATGGTGGAGGCAC         H765003         14         17         15         39         3         Examples H46430           CATGGTGCTACAGGA         H765003         14         17         15         39         Examples H46430           CATGGTGCTACAGGA         H774629         0         2         1         3         Examples K59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         3         Examples K59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H781823         1         6         30         24         Examples K20265           CATGGTTGTGTTAAA         H782131         1<	CATGGTCTGTGCAGG	11752531	0		Ξ	13	No Match		
CATGGTGAAGGCAGT         H754323         25         14         42         15         89         Examples         X81373           CATGGTGAAGGCAGT         H754567         0         2         8         1         10         Examples         X08058           CATGGTGCGAGGAC         H761481         2         9         13         26         Examples         M15008           CATGGTGCAGGACAC         H76203         14         17         15         39         Bxamples         M62800           CATGGTGGAGGCAC         H765003         14         17         15         39         Bxamples         M6430           CATGGTGCAGGAC         H765003         14         17         15         39         Bxamples         H46430           CATGGTGCACGCAC         H774629         0         2         1         13         Bxamples         H46430           CATGGTTCACTGCAC         H774629         0         2         1         13         Bxamples         X59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAC         H774629         0         2         1         13         Bxamples         X59288           CATGGTTGGTTAA         H782013         17         14         Bxamples         M7786	28 CATGGTCTTGAAGCC	H753162	0	=		유	No Match		
CATGGTGAATGAGG         H754567         0         2         8         1         10         Examples K08058           CATGGTGCAGAGAC         H760361         0         3         2         11         25         Examples U15008           CATGGTGCAGGAC         H761481         2         9         13         26         Examples U15008           CATGGTGGAGGAC         H765003         14         17         15         39         30         Examples U5280           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H765003         14         17         15         39         30         Examples U5280           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H765003         14         17         15         39         Examples K3928           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples K3928           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples K3928           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         3         Examples K302765           CATGGTTGTCTTAA         H782013         178         110         14         4         Examples K37025           CATGTAATTTGGAA         H8	ON CATGGTGAAGGCAGT	H754323	25		1.5	83	Examples X873		lass C, H.sapiens RPS3a gene
CATGGTGCGGAGGAC         H760361         0         3         2         11         25         Examples X51439           CATGGTGCTGGAGAA         H761481         2         9         13         26         Examples U5200           CATGGTGGAGGCAC         H762533         1         1         15         39         30         Examples U62800           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H765003         14         17         15         39         30         Examples H46430           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H774629         0         2         1         13         Examples H46430           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         Examples K55288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         Examples K02765           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H781823         1         6         30         24         Examples K02765           CATGGTTGGGTTAA         H782013         178         110         14         340         139         Examples K02765           CATGGTTGAATCTGGA         H782013         178         11         6         12         4         14         Examples K07056           CATGGATTAAATCTGGAA </td <td>O CATGGTGAATGACGG</td> <td>H754567</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>10</td> <td>Examples X080</td> <td></td> <td>JULTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE P (HUMAN)</td>	O CATGGTGAATGACGG	H754567	0		_	10	Examples X080		JULTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE P (HUMAN)
CATGGTGCTGGAGAA         H761481         2         9         13         26         Bxamples U52800           CATGGTGGAGGCAC         H762533         1         1         15         39         30         Examples U62800           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H765003         14         17         15         39         30         Examples H46430           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples H46430           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples K59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H781823         1         1         3         Examples K59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H782013         178         110         14         340         139         Examples K02765           CATGGTTGGCTTAA         H782013         178         116         14         340         139         Examples M17987           CATGGTTGAGCTTAAATCGA         H782013         178         14         Examples K57025           CATGGTTAAATCTGGAA         H802793         0         6         1         14         Acamples K57025	1 CATGGTGCGGAGGAC	H760361	0			25	Examples X514	12	Iuman mRNA for serum amyloid A (SAA) protein
CATGGTGGAGGGCAC         H762533         1         1         3         6         34         Examples U62800           CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H765003         14         17         15         39         Bxamples H46430           CATGGTCACAGGA         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples K59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples K59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples K59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H781823         1         6         30         24         Examples K02765           CATGGTTGAATTGGA         H782013         178         110         14         340         139         Examples K02765           CATGGTTTAAATCGA         H782013         178         10         14         44         Examples K57025           CATGGTTAAATTTGGAA         H802793         0         6         1         12         Examples K57025	CATGGTGCTGGAGAA	11761481	2		-1)	76	Examples U150	7	Iuman SultMP core protein Sm D2 mRNA
CATGGTGGTACAGGA         H765003         14         17         15         39         Bxamples         H46430           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples         X59288           CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples         X59288           CATGGTTGTCTTTGG         H781823         1         6         30         24         Examples         M55100           CATGGTTGTGTTAAATCGA         H782013         178         14         44         Examples         M0760           CATGGTTTAAATCGA         H1782013         178         14         Examples         X57025           CATGGTTAAATTTGGAA         H802793         0         6         1         12         Examples         X57025	CATGGTGGAGGGCAC	H762533	-				Examples U628		ystatin M (CST6)
CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  CATGGTTCACTGCAG H781823 1 1 6 30 24 Examples K02765  CATGGTTGTCTTAG H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples M17987  CATGGTTTAAATCGA H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples K02765  CATGGTTTAAATCGA H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples K57025  CATGTTAAATTTGGAA H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match	11 CATGGTGGTACAGGA	H765003	14				Examples H464		o12h12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 177767 3'
CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  CATGGTTGTCTTTGG H781823 1 1 6 30 24 Examples K02765  CATGGTTGAATTTGGA H782391 1 6 12 4 14 Examples D00760  CATGTTAAACTGAATTTGGAA H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match			-				- 1	-	f13a06.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  M24283  M24283  M35100  CATGGTTGTCTTTGG H781823 1 1 6 30 24 Examples K02765  CATGGTTGAATTTGAA H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples M17987  CATGGTTAAAATCGA H797169 0 0 6 1 12 Examples X57025  CATGTAAATTTGGAA H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match					- 1		AA04	Ì	76786 3'
CATGGTTCACTGCAG         H774629         0         2         1         13         3         Examples         X59288           CATGGTTGTCTTTGG         H781823         1         1         6         30         24         Examples         K02765           CATGGTTGTCTTTGG         H781823         1         1         6         30         24         Examples         K02765           CATGGTTGTGTTAAA         H782013         178         110         14) 340         139         Examples         M17987           CATGGTTTAAATCGA         H782391         1         6         1         14         Examples         D00760           CATGTAATTTGGAA         H802793         0         6         1         12         Examples         X57025			-	-					.013f02.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 58677
CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  CATGGTTCACTGCAG H774629 0 2 1 13 3 Examples X59288  M24283  M24283  M24283  M35100  CATGGTTGTGTTAAA  H781823 1 1 6 30 24 Examples K02765  CATGGTTGAAATCGA H78153 1 6 12 4 Examples M17987  CATGGTTTAAATCGA H78169 0 0 6 1 12 Examples X57025  CATGTAAATTTGGAA H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match							AAI	10.	
CATGUITGTCITTGG H781823 1 1 6 30 24 Examples M17987 CATGUITGATTAAATCGA H782013 178 110 14 340 139 Examples D00760 CATGUITGAAGCITAAA H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match	S CATGGTTCACTGCAG	H774629	0	7	13	3	Examples X592		I sapiens gene for intercellular adhesion molecule
H781823 I I 6 30 24 Examples K02765 H782013 I 78 I 10 14 340 I 39 Examples M17987 H782391			-	_			M242		luman major group rhinovirus receptor (HRV) mRNA
H781823 I I 6 30 24 Examples K02765 H782013 I 78 I 10 14 340 I 139 Examples M17987 H1782391 I 6 12 4 I 4 Examples D00760 H1787169 0 0 6 I 12 Examples X57025 H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match			-	-			1031		Juman intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (ICAM-1)
H782391 1 6 30 24 Examples K02765 H782391 1 6 12 4 14 Examples D00760 H1797169 0 6 1 12 Examples X57025 H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match			-				M55		łuman cell surface glycoprotein P3.58 mRNA
H782391   H782391   H782391   H782391   H782391   H782391   H782391   H782391   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782393   H782	No CATGGTTGTCTTTGG	H781823	-	-		24	Examples K027		luman complement component C3 mRNA, alpha and beta
H782391   6   12   4   Examples D00760   H797169   0   6   1   12   Examples X57025   H802793   0   2   5   2   10   No Match	CATGGTTGTGGTTAA	ļ				139	Examples M175		luman beta-2-microglobulin gene
H197169 0 6 1 12 Examples X57025 H802793 0 2 5 2 10 No Match	NATGGTTTAAATCGA	11782391	-			14	Examples D007		luman mRNA for proteasome subunit HC3
H802793 0 2 5 2 10	() CATGI AAGGCTTAAC	H797169	S			12	Examples X570	*	NSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR IA PRECURSOR (HUMAN)
	10 CATGTAATTTTGGAA	H802793	0			10	No Match		

	H802793				IND INTRICT		
CATCHACATCAT	H806901	2	~	14	Examples X8	X85373	H sapiens inRNA for Sm protein G
CATCHACTOCOTACA	1_		0	2	No Match		
CATCTACCCTTCTAT	H808925 0	0	=	7	No Match		
TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO TO T	_	0	2	24	Examples 102931	2931	Human placental tissue factor (two forms) mRNA
1212020201010		-		1	Σ	M16553	Human tissue factor mRNA, complete cds
					M	M27436	Human tissue factor gene, complete cds
ATOTOTATOR ATOTA	H831416 49	19	8	2	Examples X64899	14899	H. sapiens mRNA homologous to mouse P21 mRNA.
C1210170001010170		1			X	X16064	Human mRNA for translationally controlled tumor protein
		-	- 3		17	L13806	Homo sapiens (clone 04) translationally controlled tumor protein
CATGTATATTTCTC	H839672	0	∞	191	Examples M98479	98479	Human transglutaminase mRNA
CATGIATTITCIGG	H851834 0	1 2	16	С.	Examples D12149	2149	Human HepG2 3'-directed Mbol cDNA, clone \$247
IN CATGTCACAAGCAAA	H856209 10	28 7	24	48	Examples X80909	6060	H. sapiens alpha NAC mRNA
HICATCTCCAAATCGAT	0 695898H	-	43	17	Examples X56134	6134	Human mRNA for vimentin.
		-			12	219554	H. sapiens vimentin gene
		-			Σ	M14144	Human vimentin gene, complete cds
		-			X	M25246	Human vimentin (HuVim3) mRNA, 3' end
SHUTATETECACTGGCCT	H870310 0	0	12	2	Examples N92906	9067	zb57a08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 307670 3'
		0			=	T17488	NIB978 Normalized infant brain, Bento Soares Homo sapiens cDNA 3'end
		+			A	AA349906	EST56900 Infant brain Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end
が出張が出いませんが、こと	H871920 6	01	25	3	Examples X67016	57016	H sapiens mRNA for amphiglycan
ראופורכטוכונות	L	+			D	D13292	Human mRNA for ryudocan core protein
SOCATGACGACATAATC	H899060 2	5 15	=	69	Examples M77233	77233	Human ribosomal protein S7 mRNA
STORTGEOTERATECT	H908858 1	5 2	46	19	Examples S48568	8568	tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2 (3'-end region)
				7			
THUR ABOTHURAS 1.	H916232 0	4		=	Examples N71680	71680	yz93b03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 290573 3'
STATISTICATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY	14	22 15	20	45	Examples X03083	3083	Human lactate dehydrogenase-A gene
יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי		+			×	X02152	Human mRNA for lactate dehydrogenase-A
		-		1	×	X02153	Human pseudogene for lactate dchydrogenase-A
150 CATGTGAAGTCACTG	H920392 1	-   -	0 9	91	No Match		
	0 30300011		٧	=	Evamules X07679	776/19	CTGTGG Class A Human mBNA for fibronectin recentor beta subunit

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	H932731	0	3	=	12	Examples AA027860	
CALCATOLOGICATION OF THE CALCADA	H938876		٦	m	91	Examples M25753	G2/MITOTIC-SPECIFIC CYCLIN B1 (HUMAN)
100000000000000000000000000000000000000		+		$\vdash$	-	T60151	,
		-			$\vdash$	R67969	y129g08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 140702 3'
		-		-		1	
		-					2091f03.s1 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens cDNA
							clone 594269 3' similar to SW:NGAL_HUMAN P80188 NEUTROPHIL
A A A A A D H U U U U H A D C C C	H939841	111	<u></u>		43	Examples AA169614	
In CAI 61 GCCC1 CARCA				+	-		2b i 5d08.51 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 302127 3' similar to
					<del></del>		SWINGAL HUMAN P80188 NEUTROPHIL GELATINASE-
	11020840		-	=	- 6	Examples N79823	
161 CATGIGGGGICAGAA	70000	$\perp$	$\perp$	+	+		Ī
				171		•	2m90h04.s1 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens cDNA
					, I		clone 545239 3' similar to SW;NGAL_HUMAN P80188 NEUTROPHIL
CALCAGO CATOR GGA	H939851	13 31	2	25	83	Examples AA075896	96 GELATINASE-ASSOCIATED LIPOCALIN PRECURSOR
בייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	H920392	-		-	-	No Match	
102 CA1016CC1CA000		-	Ĺ	+			2181e07.51 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 511044
またまして ませいしつ まりませい	H941856	0		7	13	Examples AA 100279	
COUCHIODOROR	11944038	2	77	12	5	No Match	
וויי ראופופרפרופפרים		-		+	+		2k10a01.s1 Soares pregnant uterus Nbi IPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
	11949560	2 6	<u> </u>	-	91	Examples AA029262	
CA101011101010	2000	1	1	+	+		py66e10.s1 Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS Homo sapiens cDNA clone
1, 7		<del></del>				N54281	
		+			-		zn76c02.s1 Stratagene NT2 neuronal precursor 937230 Homo sapiens
		-				AA114075	775 cDNA clone 564098 3'
SOME SOUTH SOME SOUTH SOME SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOUTH SOU	H953251	18 15	7	22	48	Examples L76200	Homo sapiens guanylate kinase (GUK1) mRNA
TOUR CATCHOLOGICA	11955723	0	<u></u>	37	4	Examples X00570	Human mRNA for precursor of apolipoprotein Cl
COCACHOOCH THE COL	11962086	13 15	12	192	27	Examples L16510	Homo sapiens cathepsin B mRNA
Tay CA1 ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST ST		1	1	-		M1422	Human cathepsin B proteinase mRNA, complete cds
#10000888E3E1E40 #31	11975446		m	22	00	Examples L35240	
CHARACTORDER AND INC.	11976644	8 2	192	18	8	Examples L38941	Homo sapiens ribosomal protein L34 (RPL34) mRNA
POSTERIOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE P	11978687	1	19	25	13	Examples X03473	
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	11997944	<u> </u>	=	21	-	Examples AA034505	
	ada an armenda an armenda a da						

		9	121	21311:06.51 Soares ovary tumor NUHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 723923
		¥	A A 235464 3'	
		*	Τ	zk30c10.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		A.	AA037024 4	472050 3'
	01 00 7 0 10	3 Examples H53629		yu38d04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 236071 3
CATGTTCATTGTAGA				EST04595 Home sapiens cDNA clone HFBDX32
				VIVO continuo concil
				NIB [599 Normalized infant brain, bento boares nomo sapiens convo
		<u> </u>	T16635 3	3'end similar to EST04595 H. saptens cDNA clone HFBDX32
				ze97h02.si Soares fetal heart Nutitiff9W Homo sapiens culnA cione
4 CATGTTCTGTGAATC	H1014660 3 4 3 24	S Examples AAU20070		20,00
	-2-	*	A A 280283   ZI	2105a03.s1 Soares NbHTGBC Homo sapiens cDNA clone 712204 31
			Т	ym05a09.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 46675 3'
	8 0 0 92616011	17 Examples X66029	-	H. sapiens mRNA. for tyrosine kinase receptor.
. Archigeceedie				Human mRNA for collagen VI alpha-1
THE WATER TRACTET	1	X		H. sapiens gene for glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase
				2k73h10.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Honto sapiens cDNA clone
5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	01 92 11 16 10	24 Examples AA044568		488515 3'
CATGTTGGAGATCTC				yz36b07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 285109 3'
				Te de de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la contraction de la
		¥	AA400793 z	2171g03.s1 Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA cione 121828 3
	H1026814 202 75 84 235	369 Examples X80336		H. sapiens (5) Ferritin H pseudogene.
		X		Human mRNA for apoferritin H chain type
		X	X03488	Human apoferritin II gene exons 2-4
		M	M97164	Human ferritin heavy chain mRNA, complete cds
			L20941 I	Human ferritin heavy chain mRNA, complete cds
	H1027595 98 106 17 183	107 Examples X02493		Human interferon-inducible mRNA (cDNA 6-26).
CATGITEGI GANGGA		X	1	Human promyelocytic leukemia cell mRNA
		M	M17733 I	Human thymosin beta-4 mRNA, complete cds
	1110011110 0 111	1 Examples N78832		2b17a08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 302294 3'
INI CATGITICCCTCAAA				2133d02.s1 Soares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 724131
		<b>V</b>	AA411095	31
				zd84g11.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
		3	W81693	347396 3'
	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	-		178

		Human lymphocyte clathrin light-chain A mRNA	T		Human connective tissue growth factor mRNA		v/78c08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 44273 3	TANKA 21 3 Illand Money	EST94173 Homo sapiens curve 3' end similar to none	1. C. 11. AMIN D. C. 11. C. L. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	AA253218 [2753g10.s] Soares Nathwird St. Hollio Sapiells Colore South		
	H1038296 0 6 3 7 17 Examples M20471	M20472		Examples X78947	05LP111	051+10	H06492		T35952		AA25321		
	2		1						-	1	1-1	1	
	7	t	†	9	<u> </u>	_		-		1	-	1	
İ	m			0	I	_							
	0	1	1	7	1	_	-		-		L	4	
	H1038296			H1041504 2 0 0 16			30077011	H1044772					
		N CAIGITICATION		かかかりなりのははいはない	INT CATE I TOCACCITI			AAAATTGTTGTAGITA					

Table 5 - Transcripts increased in pancreas and colorectal cancer SAGE (ag that were elevated in both in coloreactal and pancreatic tumor, and are likely to be specific for tumor in general.

		*	
Las Cantance		Tag Number Accession	Description
		-950498 M10629	Human alpha-1 collagen gene, 3' end with polyA sit
	$\dagger$	20411 65 (11/2976	
CATG CACTTCAAGG G	$\dagger$	016210 01752-	
		070201 20207	SPARC/osteonectin mRNA, complete o
3 CATG ATGTGAAGAG T(A)	<del>-</del>		
J400440000 00440		-610466 X53416	Human mRNA for actin-binding protein (filamin) (AB
CATG GCCCAAGGAC	$\dagger$	-229106 X02761	Human mRNA for fibronectin (FN precursor).
SCATE AICTIOTINE	$\dagger$	K00799	human fibronectin (fn) 3' coding region and flank,
CARP CHECKTRAG C	$\dagger$	-760291 XS8536	
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	$\dagger$	M26432	cds.
PATC BEAGGETACG G	$\dagger$	-76231 M95787	Human 22kDa smooth muscle protein (SM22) mRNA, com
	+	M83106	Human SM22 mRNA, 5' end.
e Thrustano State	$\dagger$	-769020 M77349	or-beta i
CATC CATTOTAG	-	-589267 X53279	Human mRNA for placental-like alkaline phosphatase
200 010	T	X55958	H.sapiens mRNA for alkaline phosphatase.
	1	304948	Human alkaline phosphatase (ALP-1) mRNA, complete
		-85882 X57351	Human 1-8D gene from interferon-inducible gene fam
10 CATC ACCATICISC	1		Human interferon-inducible mRNA (cDNA 1-8).
	$\dagger$	-884181 X15804	Human mRNA for alpha-actinin.
CAIG ICCLICION	ļ,	-515821 D80012	Human mRNA for KIAA0190 protein.
CAIG CITCLES OF A		-241665 M74090	Human TB2 gene mRNA, 3' end.
13 CATG AIGINGON		303801	Human lysozyme mRNA, complete cds with an Alu repe
		M19045	Human lysozyme mRNA, complete cds.
11 CATE GECAGAGGAC C		-673954 X17620	Human mRNA for Nm23 protein, involved in developme
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		X75598	H.sapiens nm23H1 gene.
15 CATE BATATTGAGA A		-53129 062962	NA, complete cds.
CATG TTTTGATAA		-1048113 016891	
CATG CAGCTGGCCA		-302741 X53743	H, sapiens mRNA for fibulin-1 C.

A MARKA SANGARAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN MARKAN

INCATE GITCACATIA	9	-774461 X00497	Human mRNA for HLA-DR antigens associated invarian
		M13560	Human Ia-associated invariant gamma-chain gene, ex
19 CATG AAAAGAAACT	£	-2056 Y00345	
AATGCAGGCA	g	-58533 M61831	Human S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (AHCY) mRNA
	-	M61832	Human S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (AHCY) mRNA
21 CATG TGAAATAAAA	J	-918273 X16934	Human hB23 gene for B23 nucleophosmin.
		M28699	Homo sapiens nucleolar phosphoprotein B23 (NPM1) m
		M23613	Human nucleophosmin mRNA, complete cds.
		M26697	Human nucleolar protein (B23) mRNA, complete cds.
22 CATG TTATGGGATC	Ţ	-998030 M24194	OΙ
CATG CAATAAATGT	T	-274492 023661	Human mRNA for ribosomal protein L37, complete cds
		111567	Homo sapiens ribosomal protein L37 mRNA, complete
24 CATG AGCCTTTGTT	g	-155632 D83174	
ACCTGTATCC	U	-97078 X57352	e gene
CATG TTCAATAAA	A	-1000193 M17886	hoprotein
		105068	human transcobalamin I mRNA, complete cds.
27 CATG CGACCCCACG	2	-398663 M12529	mRNA, complete
		K00396	lleles)
28 CATG CAGATCTTTG	H	-298495 X56998	Human UbA52 adrenal mRNA for ubiquitin-52 amino ac
		66695X	Human UbA52 placental mRNA for ubiquitin-52 amino
29 CATG CTGGCGAGCG	0	-501287 X07491	Human DNA inserts showing sperm-specific hypomethy
,		M91670	Human ubiquitin carrier protein (E2-EPF) mRNA, com
30 CATG ATTGGCTTAA	4	-256497 L14272	Human prohibitin (PHB) gene, exons 1-7.
		285655	
3) CATG GTGGTGGACA	U	-765573 062435	Human nicotinic acetylcholine receptor alpha6 subu
		068041	Human breast and ovarian cancer susceptibility pro
32 CATG TCCTGCCCCA	i-	-883029 M24398	Human parathymosin mRNA, complete cds.
CATG	ţ.,	-125661 X58965	
	٠.	M36981	
		116785	actor (pu
34 CATG AAGAAGATAG	4	-33331 002032	mRNA, partial c
		037230	Human ribosomal protein L23a mRNA, complete cds.
		043701	Human ribosomal protein 1.23a mRMA, complete cds.
	-		

		- 1
	11.13799	Homo sapiens (clone 01) liver expressed protein mR
35 CATG ACATCATCGA T		
CATG	-507577 D14530	age tropponar brocks
0140	-249854 X57959	for ribosomal
	X57958	: 1
	X52967	17.
	116558	nRNA, CON
	-655115 L06498	Homo sapiens ribosomal protein S20 (RPS20) mRNA, c
38 CATG GCTTTTANGG		sapiens
39 CATG GGCANGNINGA A	1,25346	sapiens ribosomal protein L27 (homologue of
	-490889 Y00433	mRNA for glutathione p
40 CATG CICITOONSA	Y00483	Human gene for gluthathione peroxidase.
	x13710	
	90751X	Human gox1 mRNA for gluthatione peroxidase.
	400101	Himso clutathione peroxidase (GPXI) mRNA, complete
	FOC 1261	Himman liver many fragment DNA binding protein UPI
41 CATG CTGTTGATTG	-50/455 X04347	2 (CAC) n/(GTG) n repe
	000947	Human Clone Cit 3: Condition ANA Complete Cds
42 CATG CTGGGTTAAT A	-502724 M81757	There is such as a second
A A SCATE ATGCTGGTA I	-239533 X17206	for Lineps.
0 6	-583573 X59357	
44 CAIG GAIGCIGCCO	L21756	$\nabla$
	017652	Human mRNA for HBp15/L22, complete cds.
	\$76343	AMI1EAP (translocation breakpoint) [human, chro
	-390692 014970	Human ribosomal protein SS mRNA, complete cds.
	-482584 016811	Human Bak mRNA, complete cds.
46 CATG CICCICACCI	023765	Bak protein mRNA, complete cds.
(and arrange of all	-978825 X16869	clone (clone
100010101010	X16872	Human DNA for elongation factor 1-alpha (clone lam
	X03558	
	017182	CDNA,
	017245	CDNA,
	D17259	3' region Mbol cDNA, clone
	017276	Human HepG2 3' region MboI cDNA, clone hmd6al2m3.
	2	

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		- 1
	M27364	Human elongation factor 1 alpha mRNA, 3' end.
	M29548	Human e'sugation factor 1-alpha (EFIA) mRNA, parti
	L41490	Homo sapiens oncogene PTI-1 mRNA, complete cds.
	141498	Homo sapiens oncogene PTI-1 mRNA, complete cds.
48 CATG TTACCATATC A	-988366 U57846	
CATG GCCTGCTGGG	-621035 X71973	U) I
•	-383489 226876	
	-803369 X69391	1
	-803369 D17554	Human mRNA for DNA-binding protein, TAXREB107, com
	-803369 \$71022	neoplasm-related C140 product (human, thyroid carc
52 CATG AACGACCTCG T	-24951 V00598	
	-24951 V00599	
53 CATG CCCTGCCTTG T	-358783 X55110	prote
	-346761 038846	lator of TAR RNA
	016933	lone hmd
SSICATE AGEACETECA G	-148949 211692	H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor 2.
SECATE CECCEGNACA C	-416261 X73974	
	053660	
ST CATE CTAAAAAAA A	-458753 M33680	TAPA-1 mRN
CATG GGCTGATGTG	-686319 009510	mRNA, complete
	009587	Human glycyl-tRNA synthetase mRNA, complete cds.
	030658	Human T-cell mRNA for glycyl tRNA synthetase, comp
sa care attended A	-253260 X55954	Human mRNA for HL23 ribosomal protein homologue.
	X52839	Human mRNA for ribosomal protein L17.
AN CATG GANANATGGT T	-524524 X61156	
	X15005	L 1
	043901	Human 37 kD laminin receptor precursor/p40 ribosom
6	303799	ein
	M14199	mRNA, 5' e
61 CATG CAGCTCACTG A	-302367 087735	Human mRNA for ribosomal protein 114, complete cds
	L10376	- 1
	\$80520	seat-cc
62 CATG ATAATTCTTT 6	-200576 014973	Human ribosomal protein S29 mRNA, complete cds.

			L31610	5) \$29 rit
10	SPICE BATCHER	a a	-55227 228407	H. sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein 18.
5.4	63 CATG AATAGGTCCA	- A	-51925 M64716	Human ribosomal protein S25 mRNA, complete cds.
	*	ر ر		
, t	SE COTE DADADADADA	G, T)	-1 X83412	H.sapiens Bl mRNA for mucin.
			232564	H.sapiens FRGAMMA mRNA (819bp) for folate receptor
			232633	H.sapiens FRGAMMA' mRNA for folate receptor (817bp
			X76180	H.sapiens mRNA for lung amiloride sensitive Na+ ch
			008470	Human FR-gamma' mRNA, complete cds.
			008471	
			048697	Human mariner-like element-containing mRNA, clone
			028532	40
			M55914	Human c-myc binding protein (MBP-1) mRNA, complete
			L06175	Homo Sapiens P5-1 mRNA, complete cds.
			\$73775	calmitine=mitochondrial calcium-binding protein [h
			817393	transcript ch138 (human, RF1, RF48 stomach cancer c
			X60036	H.sapiens mRNA for mitochondrial phosphate carrier
19	CATE CONCAGACAGA	U	-335945 X79238	H.sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein 1.30.
	2		116991	Human thymidylate kinase (CDC8) mRNA, complete cds
5	CATE AAGGTGGAGG	A	-44683 X80822	H. sapiens mRNA for ORF.
69	CATE CCTAGCTGGA	£	-379369 X52856	processed
3		-	X52857	processed
			X52854	endogene.
			X52851	Human cyclophilin gene for cyclophilin (EC 5.2.1.8
			Y00052	
69	CATG GAACACATCC	A	-528694 X63527	1.19.
			286958	in L19 [human, breast
ů.	CATG AAGGAGATGG	5	-41531 X69181	اند
			X15940	Human mRNA for ribosomal protein L31.
F	CATC AGGTTACGGA	4	-171113 229650	- 1
	2		D17233	Human HepG2 3' region MboI cDNA, clone hmd4c12m3.
1	72 CATG AGGTCCTAGC	O	-177610 X08096	Human GST pi gene for glutathione S-transferase pi
:	לוכנות שמיים		L	

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	X06547	Human mRNA for class Pi glutathione S-transferase
	X15480	Human mRNA for anionic glutathione-S-transferase (
	X08058	Human glutathione S-transferase pi gene.
	012472	
4.5	021689	Human glutathione S-transferase-Plc gene, complete
	062589	Human glutathione S-transferase Pic (GSTplc) mRNA,
	M69113	Human fatty acid ethyl ester synthase-III mRNA seg
	M24485	Homo sapiens (clone pHGST-pi) glutathione S-transf
7 1 CATG TGGTGTTGAG G	-965603 X69150	H. saplens mRNA for ribosomal protein S18.
	M96153	<b>U</b> 1
	1.06432	
74 CATG CTCAACATCT C	-475448 M17885	വ വ
CATG	-769045 L25899	Human ribosomal protein L10 mRNA, complete cds.
76 CATG AGGGCTTCCA A	-174037 X58125	5) DNA segment containing (1
	017268	Human HepG2 3' region MboI cDNA, clone hmd5hU9m3.
	M73791	
	M64241	Human Wilm's tumor-related protein (QM) mRNA, comp
	835960	laminin receptor homolog (3' region) [human, mRNA
T CLAC GGATTTGGCC T	-671654 M17887	
	M11147	Human ferritin L chain mRNA, complete cds.
	M12938	Human ferritin light subunit mRNA, partial cds.
	M10119	Human ferritin light subunit mRNA, complete cds.
78 CLTG ATTAACAAAG C	-246019 X04409	coupling protein G(s) alpha-
,	X04408	(s) alpha
	60095X	
	X07036	Human mRNA stimulatory GTP-binding protein alpha s
	M21142	Human guanine nucleotide-binding protein alpha-sub
	M14631	cleotic
79 CATG TGTACCTGTA A	-+68173 236832	
	K00558	nplete cds.
HOLCHIG TEGECCEACE C	-355718 X56494	ind M2-type pyru
	M23725	Human M2-type pyruvate kinase mRNA, complete cds.
	M26252	Human TCB gene encoding cytosolic thyroid hormone-

RICATE TARTARAGET G	-798764 X67247	H.saplens rpS8 gene for ribosomal protein S8.
B2 CATG GCATAATAGG T	-602315 X89401	H.sapiens mRNA for large subunit of ribosomal prot
2	014967	Human riboscmal protein L21 mRNA, complete cds.
	025789	Human ribosomal protein L21 mRNA, complete cds.
	L38826	Homo sapiens L21 ribosomal protein gene, partial c
A CATG TACCATCAAT A	-807748 X53778	H.sapiens hng mRNA for uracil DNA glycosylase.
	034995	Human normal keratinocyte substraction library mRN
	302642	Human glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase mRN
	M36164	Human glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase mRN
	M33197	Human glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GA
84 CATG ATTTGTCCCA G	-260949 X14957	Human hmgI mRNA for high mobility group protein I.
	X14958	Human hmgI mRNA for high mobility group protein Y.
	M23614	Human HMG-I protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), clon
	M23619	Human HMG-I protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), clon
	117131	high mobility group protein
	M23615	Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), clon
	M23616	Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), clon
	M23617	Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), clon
	M23618	Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), clon
S CATG GAGGGAGTTT C	-567488 014968	Human ribosomal protein L27a mRNA, complete cds.
CATG	-416106 012465	Human ribosomal protein L35 mRNA, complete cds.
	-753749 263072	H.sapiens CpG island DNA genomic Msel fragment, cl
88 CATG GTGAAACCCA ALL	-753749 X16294	Human repetitive DNA containing interspersed repea
89 CATG AAGACAGTGG C	-33979 X66699	- 1
	T06499	Homo sapiens ribosomal protein L37a (RPL37A) mRNA,
	L22154	Human ribosomal protein L37a mRNA sequence.
90 CATG CCCCAGC CAGS T	-348755 X55715	40S ribosomal prote
	014990	(rpS3)
	014991	Human XP2NE ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, comp
	014992	Human IMR-90 ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, com
	842658	S3 ribosomal protein (human, colon, mRNA, 826 nt).
91 CATG TGGGCAVAGC C	-959498 X63526	H.sapiens mRNA for protein homologous to elongatio
	211531	H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor-1-gamma.

	MS5409	Human pancreatic tumor-related protein mRNA, 3' en
-	3500111030000	triosephosi
92 CATG TGAGGGAATA A	-528269 M10030	1
93 CATG GACGACACGA G	-549145 058682	SA (RPS4X)
	M58458	ribosomar process of the con
	M22146	
OA CREE AACGCGGCCA A	-26261 223063	y ract
	L10612	Idmon
	M95775	inhibitory
×	L19686	macrophage migration inhibi
	M25639	ory factor
	-935680 X03342	rotein L32.
	K03002	F 1
A TOO CACABOACT A	-278636 U57847	Human ribosomal protein S27 mRNA, complete Cds.
	L19739	SEI) mRNA, COMP
T CASC GCAGTGGACA T	-667269 L11566	cotein Li8 (RP
	-615043 254999	Msel fragment,
	257572	rragment,
	256073	H.saplens CpG island DNA genomic Msel fragment, Cl
	X53505	A for ribosomal protein Sl.
	-696375 M92381	Ruman thymosin beta 10 mRNA, complete cds.
99 CATG GGGGMANTCG	M20259	-10 mRNA, complete cds.
	-5993501014969	L28 mRNA,
100 CAFG GCAGCCAICC G	017257	Human HepG2 3' region Mbol cDNA, clone hmd5d04m3.
A SHOOTON TANDER A	-796831 X77770	S26 mRNA.
S TOOLOGUUT	X69654	ribosomal
A SOSOBARIOS STAD CO.	-672342 012404	cds.
	X79239	somal protein \$13.
	L01124	Human ribosomal protein S13 (RPS13) mRNA, complete
C CONTROL OT ACT CO.	-775658 X65923	
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	002523	trinucleot
104 CATG CCGTCCAAGG G	-374027 M60854	protein S16 mRNA, complete cds.
Caro arcanoro	-1027448 212962	to yeast ribo
	\$64030	L41 ribosomal protein homolog (clon.: /Bb) [numan,

in 18.	Human mRNA fragment for cytokeratin 18.	atin 18.	Human keratin 18 (K18) gene, complete cds.	Human cytokeratin 18 mRNA, 3' end	Human keratin 18 mRNA, complete cds.	Human cytokeratin 18 mRNA, 3' end.	Human L23 mRNA for putative ribosomal protein.	Human male bone marrow myeloblast mRNA for KIAA022	Human DNA for Alu element P1N6.		eta (HLA-DR	some 6 HindIII fr	Human clone 2102V-I chromosome 18p telomeric seque	Human Alu repeat sequence A3.		repeat	Himan Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HALUSBOB.	repeat,		Alu-Sb2	1		Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HALUSB35.	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HSB-2P.	repeat, clone	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HUM-10.	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HUM-7.	Human (Lawn) c-myc proto-oncogene, complete coding	Homo sapiens platelet/endothelial cell adhesion mo	Human XV2c gene.	- 1	phosphorylase kinase catalytic subunit PHKG2 homol
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111 CATG GACTGCGTGC C	-555450	EST
112 CATG CTTAATCCTG A	-508767	EST
113 CATG GGTTGGCAGG G	-719435	EST
114 CATG GCCCTCTGCC A	-613862	EST
115 CATG AACAGAAGCA A	-18469	EST
116 CATG CTGCCGAGCT C	-497192	EST
117 CATG TTCCTCGGGC A	-1007018	EST
118 CATG AACTAATACT A	-28872	EST
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121 CATG GAACCCTGGG A	-529899	EST
122 CATG AACTAAAAA A	-28673	EST
123 CATG GAAATGTAAG A	-528067	1821
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126 CATG TTACCTCCTT C	-989024	181
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# Isolation of partial cDNA (3' fragment) by 3' directed PCR reaction

This procedure is a modification of the protocol described in Polyak et al. (1997) Nature 389:300. Briefly, the procedure uses SAGE tags in PCR reaction such that the resultant PCR product contains the SAGE tag of interest as well as additional cDNA, the length of which is defined by the position of the tag with respect to the 3' end of the cDNA. The cDNA product derived from such a transcript driven PCR reaction can be used for many applications.

RNA from a source believed to express the cDNA corresponding to a given tag is first converted to double-stranded cDNA using any standard cDNA protocol. Similar conditions used to generate cDNA for SAGE library construction can be employed except that a modified oligo-dT primer is used to dreive the first strand synthesis. For example, the oligonucleotide of compositon 5'-B-TCC GGC GCG CCG TTT T CC CAG TCA CGA(30)-3', contains a poly-T stretch at the 3' end for hybridization and priming from poly-A tails, an M13 priming site for use in subsequent PCR steps, a 5' Biotin label (B) for capture to strepavidin-coated magnetic beads, and an AscI restriction endonuclease site for releasing the cDNA from the streptavidin-coated magnetic beads. Theoretically, any sufficiently-sized DNA region capable of hybridizing to a PCR primer can be used as well as any other 8 base pair recognizing endonuclease.

cDNA constructed utilizing this or similar modified oligo-dT primer is then processed exactly as described in U.S. Patent No. (insert) up until adapter ligation where only one adapter is ligated to the cDNA pool. After adapter ligation, the cDNA is released from the streptavidin-coated magnetic beads and is then used as a template for cDNA amplification.

Various PCR protocols can be employed using PCR priming sites within the 3' modified oligo-dT primer and the SAGE tag. The SAGE tag-derived PCR primer employed can be of varying length dictated by 5' extension of the tag into the adaptor sequence. cDNA products are now available for a variety of applications.

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This technique can be further modified by: (1) altering the length and/or content of the modified oligo-dT primer; (2) ligating adaptors other than that previously employed within the SAGE protocol; (3) performing PCR from template retained on the streptavidin-coated magnetic beads; and (4) priming first strand cDNA synthesis with non-oligo-dT based primers.

## Isolation of cDNA using GeneTrapper or modified GeneTrapper Technology

The reagents and manufacturer's instructions for this technology are commercially available from Life Technologies, Inc., Gaithersburg, Maryland. Briefly, a complex population of single-stranded phagemid DNA containing directional cDNA inserts is enriched for the target sequence by hybridization in solution to a biotinylated oligonucleotide probe complementary to the target sequence. The hybrids are captured on streptavidin-coated paramagnetic beads. A magnet retrieves the paramagnetic beads from the solution, leaving nonhybridized single-stranded DNAs behind. Subsequently, the captured single-stranded DNA target is released from the biotinylated oligonucleotide. After release, the cDNA clone is further enriched by using a nonbiotinylated target oligonucleotide to specifically prime conversion of the single-stranded target to double-stranded DNA. Following transformation and plating, typically 20% to 100% of the colonies represent the cDNA clone of interest. To identify the desired cDNA clone, the colonies may be screened by colony hybridization using the 32P-labeled oligonucleotide as described above for solution hybridization, or alternatively by DNA sequencing and alignment of all sequences obtained from numerous clones to determine a consensus sequence.

The genes which are identified herein as being differentially expressed in normal and cancer cells can be used diagnostically and prognostically. Transcription levels in a test sample suspected of being neoplastic can be determined and compared to the levels in normal colon cells. The test sample may be from any tissue suspected of neoplasia, and particularly from either suspected colorectal or suspected pancreatic cancer cells. The control cells for

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the purposes of comparison are normal cells, preferably of the same tissue type as the test sample, e.g., colon cells, or pancreatic duct epithelial cells. Upregulation of transcription or downregulation of transcription is therefore diagnostic of the neoplastic state, depending on what gene is used as a test reagent. Similarly, transcription levels can be monitored to assess patent responses to anti-tumor therapies. Transcription levels will also provide prognostic information. For example, the level of transcription in a test sample can be compared to levels found in bona fide normal and tumor cells. More extreme deviations from normal expression levels indicate a poorer prognosis.

Transcription levels can be determined according to any means known in the art. These include, without limitation, Northern blots, nuclear run-on assays, in vitro transcription assays, primer extension assays, quantitative reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reactions (RT-PCR), and hybrid filter binding assays. These techniques are well known in the art. See J.C. Alwine, D.J. Kemp, G.R. Stark, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 74, 5350 (1977); K. Zinn, D. Di-Maio, T. Maniatis, *Cell* 34, 865 (1983); G. Veres, R.A. Gibbbs, S.E. Scherer, C.T. Caskey, *Science* 237, 415 (1987).

Similarly, upregulated genes and downregulated genes can be detected by measuring expression of their protein products. This can be done by any means known in the art, including but not limited to Western (immuno) blot, enzyme linked immunoadsorbent assay, radioimmunoassay, and enzyme assay. Such techniques are well known in the art. Protein products can be detected in tissue samples of a test patient, using a suspect sample as a test sample, and a matched normal tissue sample from the same tissue type as a control. If normal tissue is not available then a closely related tissue type can be used. Desirably both the samples being compared will be from the same individual. Alternatively, aberrant expression levels of protein products can be detected in body samples, such as blood, serum, feces, urine, sputum. As a control, a normal matched sample can be used from a healthy individual. Aberrant expression levels of transcripts can also be detected in such body samples, particularly in blood and serum.

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Probes for use in the assays for transcription levels of particular genes or sets of genes may be RNA or DNA. The probes will be isolated substantially free of other cellular RNAs or DNAs. If the reagent contains one probe then it will comprise at least 50% of the nucleic acids in the reagent composition. If the reagent contains more than one probe, then the proportion will decrease accordingly, so that specific probes will still comprise at least 50% of the nucleic acids in the reagent composition.

Probes can be labeled according to any means known in the art. These may include radioactive labels, fluorescent labels, enzymatic labels, and binding partner labels such as biotin. Means for labeling and detecting probes are well-known in the art. Probes comprise at least 10, 11, 12, 15, 20, or 30 contiguous nucleotides of a selected gene.

This invention provides proteins or polypeptides expressed from the polynucleotides of this invention, which is intended to include wild-type and recombinantly produced polypeptides and proteins from procaryotic and eucaryotic host cells, as well as muteins, analogs and fragments thereof. In some embodiments, the term also includes antibodies and anti-idiotypic antibodies.

It is understood that functional equivalents or variants of the wild-type polypeptide or protein also are within the scope of this invention, for example, those having conservative amino acid substitutions. Other analogs include fusion proteins comprising a protein or polypeptide.

The proteins and polypeptides of this invention are obtainable by a number of processes well known to those of skill in the art, which include purification, chemical synthesis and recombinant methods. Full length proteins can be purified from a colon or pancreatic cell or tissue lysate by methods such as immunoprecipitation with antibody, and standard techniques such as gel filtration, ion-exchange, reversed-phase, and affinity chromatography using a fusion protein as shown herein. For such methodology, see for example Deutscher et al. (1999) Guide To Protein Purification: Methods In Enzymology (Vol. 182, Academic Press). Accordingly, this invention also

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provides the processes for obtaining these proteins and polypeptides as well as the products obtainable and obtained by these processes.

The proteins and polypeptides also can be obtained by chemical synthesis using a commercially available automated peptide synthesizer such as those manufactured by Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems, Inc., Model 430A or 431A, Foster City. The synthesized protein or polypeptide can be precipitated and further purified, for example by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). Accordingly, this invention also provides a process for chemically synthesizing the proteins of this invention by providing the sequence of the protein and reagents, such as amino acids and enzymes and linking together the amino acids in the proper orientation and linear sequence.

Alternatively, the proteins and polypeptides can be obtained by well-known recombinant methods as described, for example, in Sambrook et al., (1989), supra, using the host cell and vector systems described above.

Also provided by this application are the polypeptides and proteins described herein conjugated to a detectable agent for use in the diagnostic methods. For example, detectably labeled proteins and polypeptides can be bound to a column and used for the detection and purification of antibodies. They also are useful as immunogens for the production of antibodies as described below. The proteins and fragments of this invention are useful in an in vitro assay system to screen for agents or drugs, which modulate cellular processes.

The proteins of this invention also can be combined with various liquid phase carriers, such as sterile or aqueous solutions, pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, suspensions and emulsions. Examples of non-aqueous solvents include propyl ethylene glycol, polyethylene glycol and vegetable oils. When used to prepare antibodies, the carriers also can include an adjuvant that is useful to non-specifically augment a specific immune response. A skilled artisan can easily determine whether an adjuvant is required and select one. However, for the purpose of illustration only, suitable adjuvants include, but

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are not limited to Freund's Complete and Incomplete, mineral salts and polynucleotides.

This invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising any of a protein, analog, mutein, polypeptide fragment, antibody, antibody fragment or anti-idiotipic antibody of this invention, alone or in combination with each other or other agents, and an acceptable carrier. These compositions are useful for various diagnostic and therapeutic methods.

Antibodies can be generated using the proteins encoded by the transcripts identified by the tags disclosed herein. Use of all or portions of the protein as immunogens is routine in the art. Similarly, fusion proteins can be used as immunogens. Antibodies can be affinity purified using the proteins or portions thereof used as immunogens. Similarly, monoclonal antibodies specifically immunoreactive with the protein sequences of the invention can be generated according to techniques which are well known in the art.

Antibodies can be used analytically to quantitate the expression of particular transcripts identified herein as upregulated or downregulated in cancer. In addition, antibodies can be conjugated or non-covalently linked to cytotoxic agents, such as cytotoxins, radionuclides, chemotherapeutic drugs, etc. Such antibodies can be used therapeutically to specifically target cancer cells in which the protein antigens are upregulated. These include the proteins encoded by the transcripts identified by the tags shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5. Means of making such linked cytotoxic antibodies and of administering the same are well known in the art.

Also provided by this invention is an antibody capable of specifically forming a complex with the proteins or polypeptides as described above. The term "antibody" includes polyclonal antibodies and monoclonal antibodies. The antibodies include, but are not limited to mouse, rat, and rabbit or human antibodies.

Laboratory methods for producing polyclonal antibodies and monoclonal antibodies, as well as deducing their corresponding nucleic acid sequences, are known in the art, see Harlow and Lane (1988) supra and

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Sambrook et al. (1989) supra. The monoclonal antibodies of this invention can be biologically produced by introducing protein or a fragment thereof into an animal, e.g., a mouse or a rabbit. The antibody producing cells in the animal are isolated and fused with myeloma cells or heteromyeloma cells to produce hybrid cells or hybridomas. Accordingly, the hybridoma cells producing the monoclonal antibodies of this invention also are provided.

Thus, using the protein or fragment thereof, and well known methods, one of skill in the art can produce and screen the hybridoma cells and antibodies of this invention for antibodies having the ability to bind the proteins or polypeptides.

If a monoclonal antibody being tested binds with the protein or polypeptide, then the antibody being tested and the antibodies provided by the hybridomas of this invention are equivalent. It also is possible to determine without undue experimentation, whether an antibody has the same specificity as the monoclonal antibody of this invention by determining whether the antibody being tested prevents a monoclonal antibody of this invention from binding the protein or polypeptide with which the monoclonal antibody is normally reactive. If the antibody being tested competes with the monoclonal antibody of the invention as shown by a decrease in binding by the monoclonal antibody of this invention, then it is likely that the two antibodies bind to the same or a closely related epitope. Alternatively, one can pre-incubate the monoclonal antibody of this invention with a protein with which it is normally reactive, and determine if the monoclonal antibody being tested is inhibited in its ability to bind the antigen. If the monoclonal antibody being tested is inhibited then, in all likelihood, it has the same, or a closely related, epitopic specificity as the monoclonal antibody of this invention.

The term "antibody" also is intended to include antibodies of all isotypes. Particular isotypes of a monoclonal antibody can be prepared either directly by selecting from the initial fusion, or prepared secondarily, from a parental hybridoma secreting a monoclonal antibody of different isotype by using the sib selection technique to isolate class switch variants using the

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procedure described in Steplewski et al. (1985) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 82:8653 or Spira et al. (1984) J. Immunol. Methods 74:307.

This invention also provides biological active fragments of the polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies described above. These "antibody fragments" retain some ability to selectively bind with its antigen or immunogen. Such antibody fragments can include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Fab,
- (2) Fab',
- (3) F(ab')2,
- (4) Fv, and
- (5) SCA

A specific example of "a biologically active antibody fragment" is a CDR region of the antibody. Methods of making these fragments are known in the art, see for example, Harlow and Lane, (1988) supra.

The antibodies of this invention also can be modified to create chimeric antibodies and humanized antibodies (Oi, et al. (1986) BioTechniques 4(3):214). Chimeric antibodies are those in which the various domains of the antibodies' heavy and light chains are coded for by DNA from more than one species.

The isolation of other hybridomas secreting monoclonal antibodies with the specificity of the monoclonal antibodies of the invention can also be accomplished by one of ordinary skill in the art by producing anti-idiotypic antibodies (Herlyn, et al. (1986) Science 232:100). An anti-idiotypic antibody is an antibody which recognizes unique determinants present on the monoclonal antibody produced by the hybridoma of interest.

Idiotypic identity between monoclonal antibodies of two hybridomas demonstrates that the two monoclonal antibodies are the same with respect to their recognition of the same epitopic determinant. Thus, by using antibodies to the epitopic determinants on a monoclonal antibody it is possible to identify other hybridomas expressing monoclonal antibodies of the same epitopic specificity.

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It is also possible to use the anti-idiotype technology to produce monoclonal antibodies which mimic an epitope. For example, an anti-idiotypic monoclonal antibody made to a first monoclonal antibody will have a binding domain in the hypervariable region which is the mirror image of the epitope bound by the first monoclonal antibody. Thus, in this instance, the anti-idiotypic monoclonal antibody could be used for immunization for production of these antibodies.

As used in this invention, the term "epitope" is meant to include any determinant having specific affinity for the monoclonal antibodies of the invention. Epitopic determinants usually consist of chemically active surface groupings of molecules such as amino acids or sugar side chains and usually have specific three dimensional structural characteristics, as well as specific charge characteristics.

The antibodies of this invention can be linked to a detectable agent or label. There are many different labels and methods of labeling known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

The antibody-label complex is useful to detect the protein or fragments in a sample, using standard immunochemical techniques such as immunohistochemistry as described by Harlow and Lane (1988) supra. Competitive and non-competitive immunoassays in either a direct or indirect format are examples of such assays, e.g., enzyme linked immunoassay (ELISA) radioimmunoassay (RIA) and the sandwich (immunometric) assay. Those of skill in the art will know, or can readily discern, other immunoassay formats without undue experimentation.

The coupling of antibodies to low molecular weight haptens can increase the sensitivity of the assay. The haptens can then be specifically detected by means of a second reaction. For example, it is common to use haptens such as biotin, which reacts avidin, or dinitropherryl, pyridoxal, and fluorescein, which can react with specific anti-hapten antibodies. See Harlow and Lane (1988) supra.

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The monoclonal antibodies of the invention also can be bound to many different carriers. Thus, this invention also provides compositions containing the antibodies and another substance, active or inert. Examples of well-known carriers include glass, polystyrene, polypropylene, polyethylene, dextran, nylon, amylases, natural and modified celluloses, polyacrylamides, agaroses and magnetite. The nature of the carrier can be either soluble or insoluble for purposes of the invention. Those skilled in the art will know of other suitable carriers for binding monoclonal antibodies, or will be able to ascertain such, using routine experimentation.

Compositions containing the antibodies, fragments thereof or cell lines which produce the antibodies, are encompassed by this invention. When these compositions are to be used pharmaceutically, they are combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also provides a screen for various agents which modulate the expression of a gene in a pancreatic or colon cell. To practice the method in vitro, suitable cell cultures or tissue cultures are first provided. The cell can be a cultured cell or a genetically modified cell in which a trancript from SEQ ID NOS:1-732, or their complements, is expressed. Alternatively, the cells can be from a tissue biopsy. The cells are cultured under conditions (temperature, growth or culture medium and gas (CO<sub>2</sub>)) and for an appropriate amount of time to attain exponential proliferation without density dependent constraints. It also is desirable to maintain an additional separate cell culture; one which does not receive the agent being tested as a control.

As is apparent to one of skill in the art, suitable cells may be cultured in microtiter plates and several agents may be assayed at the same time by noting genotypic changes, phenotypic changes or cell death.

When the agent is a composition other than a DNA or RNA, the agent may be directly added to the cell culture or added to culture medium for addition. As is apparent to those skilled in the art, an "effective" amount must be added which can be empirically determined. When the agent is a polynucleotide, it may be directly added by use of a gene gun or

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electroporation. Alternatively, it may be inserted into the cell using a gene delivery vehicle or vector as described above.

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An agent is a potential therapeutic if it alters the expression of gene in the cell. Altered expression can be detected by assaying for altered mRNA expression or protein expression using the probes, primers and antibodies as described herein.

For the purposes of this invention, an "agent" is intended to include, but not be limited to a biological or chemical compound such as a simple or complex organic or inorganic molecule, a peptide, a protein (e.g. antibody) or a polynucleotide (e.g. anti-sense). A vast array of compounds can be synthesized, for example polymers, such as polypeptides and polynucleotides, and synthetic organic compounds based on various core structures, and these are also included in the term "agent". In addition, various natural sources can provide compounds for screening, such as plant or animal extracts, and the like. It should be understood, although not always explicitly stated that the agent is used alone or in combination with another agent, having the same or different biological activity as the agents identified by the inventive screen. The agents and methods also are intended to be combined with other therapies.

The above disclosure generally describes the present invention. A more complete understanding can be obtained by reference to the following specific examples which are provided herein for purposes of illustration only, and are

not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

#### EXAMPLE 1

This example demonstrates the characterization of the general transcription of human colorectal epithelium, colorectal cancers, and pancreatic cancers.

We used the recently developed SAGE (serial analysis of gene expression) method to identify and quantify a total of 303,706 transcripts derived from human colorectal (CR) epithelium, CR cancers or pancreatic cancers (Table 1A) (3). These transcripts represented approximately 48,741

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different genes (4) that ranged in average expression from 1 copy per cell to as many as 5,300 copies per cell (5). The number of different transcripts observed in each cell population varied from 14,247 to 20,471. The bulk of the mRNA mass (75%) consisted of transcripts expressed at more than five copies per cell on average (Table 1B). In contrast, the majority (86%) of transcripts were expressed at less than 5 copies per cell, but in aggregate this low abundance class represented only 25% of the mRNA mass. This distribution was consistently observed among the different samples analyzed and was consistent with previous studies of RNA abundance classes based on RNA-DNA reassociation kinetics (Rot curves). Monte Carlo simulations revealed that our analyses had a 92% probability of detecting a transcript expressed at an average of three copies per cell (7).

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Table 1 - Summary of SAGE Analysis

A. Overall Summary

	Normal	Colon	Colon	Pancreatic	Pancreatic	
1	Colon	Tumors	Cell Lines	Tumors	Cell Lines	Total
Total Tags	62,168	878,09	60,373	61,592	58,695	303,706
Unique Genes¹ GenBank²	14,721 8,753 (59)	19,690 10,490 (53)	17,092	20,471 11,547 (56)	14,247 8,922 (63)	48,741 26,339 (54)

<sup>1</sup> Indicates the number of different genes represented by the total tags analyzed (4).

<sup>2</sup> Indicates the number of genes that matched an entry in GenBank. The number in parentheses indicates the corresponding percentage of total unique tags.

Table 1 - Summary of SAGE Analysis

B. Summarized by Abundance Classes\*

	Normal	Colon	Colon	Pancreatic	Pancreatic Cell	7
Copies/Cell	Colon	Tumors	Cell Lines	Tumors	Lines	Total
> 500						•
Unique Genes	62 (29)	54 (25)	54 (19)	32 (11)	70 (26)	55 (19)
GenBank	(56) 65	52 (96)	53 (98)	32 (100)	70 (100)	54 (98)
			1 - 30			
> 50 and < 500						
Unique Genes	645 (28)	470 (21)	618 (27)	(57 (29)	585 (27)	595 (26)
GenBank	545 (84)	429 (91)	579 (94)	(60) (03)	529 (90)	553 (93)
			· · · · · ·			
> 5 and < 50		**.				
Unique Genes	4,569 (27)	5,011 (29)	5,733 (34)	6,146 (36)	4,895 (31)	6,209 (30)
GenBank	2,893 (63)	3,204 (64)	3,682 (64)	4,054 (66)	3,168 (65)	4,241 (68)

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Unique Genes	9,445 (16)	14,155 (25)	10,687 (20)	13,636 (24)	8,697 (16)	41,882 (25)
GenBank	5,256 (56)	6,805 (48)	5,879 (55)	6,852 (50)	5,155 (59)	21,491 (51)
					,	

\*For unique genes, the first number denotes the number of different genes (4) represented in the indicated abundance class. The number in parentheses indicates the mass fraction (X100) of total transcripts represented by the indicated abundance class. For GenBank entries, the first number indicates the number of different genes that matched an entry in GenBank in the indicated abundance class. The number in parentheses indicates the corresponding percentage of total genes. Many of the SAGE tags appeared to represent previously undescribed transcripts, as only 54% of the tags matched entries in GenBank (Table 1). Twenty percent of these matching transcripts corresponded to characterized mRNA sequence entries in GenBank, whereas 80% matched uncharacterized EST entries. As expected, the likelihood of a tag being present in the databases was related to abundance; GenBank matches were identified for 98% of the transcripts expressed at more than 500 copies per cell but for only 51% of the transcripts expressed at ≤ 5 copies per cell. Because the SAGE data provide a quantitative assay of transcript abundance, unaffected by differences in cloning or PCR efficiency, these data provide an independent and relatively unbiased estimate of the current completeness of publicly available EST databases.

### **EXAMPLE 2**

This example demonstrates a comparison of the expression pattern of normal colon epithelium and primary colon cancers.

Comparison of expression patterns between normal colon epithelium and primary colon cancers revealed that the majority of transcripts were expressed at similar levels (Fig. 1A). However, the expression profiles also revealed 289 transcripts that were expressed at significantly different levels [P < 0.01, (8)]. Of these 289, 181 were decreased in colon tumors compared to normal colon (average decrease 10-fold; Fig. 1B; examples in Fig. 2A). Conversely, 108 transcripts were expressed at higher levels in the colon cancers than in normal colon (average increase 13-fold; Fig. 1C; examples in Fig. 2A). Monte Carlo simulations indicated that the analysis would have detected over 95% of those transcripts expressed at a 6-fold or greater level in normal vs. tumor cells or vice versa (9). Because relatively stringent criteria were used for defining differences [P < 0.01, (8)], the number of differences reported above is likely to be an underestimate.

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#### **EXAMPLE 3**

This example demonstrates the similarities and differences between cancer cell line transcription and transcription of primary cancer tissues. To determine how many of the 289 differences were independent of the cellular microenvironment of cancers in vivo, SAGE data from CR cancer cell lines was compared to that from primary CR cancer tissues (Fig. 1B, 1C). Perhaps surprisingly, the majority of transcripts (130 of 181) that were expressed at reduced levels in cancer cells in vivo were also expressed at significantly lower levels in the cell lines (Fig. 1B). Likewise, a significant fraction of the transcripts expressed at increased levels in primary cancers were also expressed at higher levels in the CR cancer cell lines (Fig. 1C). Thus, many of the gene expression differences that distinguish normal from tumor cells in vivo persist during in vitro growth. However, despite these similarities there were also many differences. For example, only 47 of 228 genes expressed at higher levels in CR cancer cell lines were also expressed at high levels in the primary CR cancers.

In combination, comparing the expression pattern of CR cancer cells (in vivo or in vitro) to normal colon revealed 548 differentially expressed transcripts (Fig. 1B,C, Tables 2 and 3). The average difference in expression for these transcripts was 15 fold. Although the ability to detect differences is influenced by the magnitude of the variance with the power to detect smaller differences being less, 92 transcripts that were less than three fold different were identified among the 548 transcripts. However, those genes exhibiting the greatest differences in expression are likely to be the most biologically important.

#### **EXAMPLE 4**

This example demonstrates the similarities and differences between colorectal cancer transcription and pancreatic cancer transcription.

To determine whether the changes noted in CR cancers were neoplasia or cell type specific, we performed SAGE on mRNA derived from pancreatic cancers. A total of 404 transcripts were expressed at higher levels in pancreatic cancers compared to normal colon epithelium (examples in Fig. 2B). The majority (268) of these transcripts were pancreas-specific (10) (Example in Fig. 2C) although 136 were also expressed at high levels in CR cancers. These 136 transcripts constituted 47% of the 289 transcripts increased in CR cancers relative to normal colon and are likely to be related to the neoplastic process rather than to the specific cell type of origin.

#### EXAMPLE 5

This example demonstrates the reproducibility of the transcription patterns observed among a larger number of cancer samples.

One question that arose from these data is the potential heterogeneity of expression between individual tumors. The SAGE data were acquired from two examples of each tissue type (normal colon, primary CR cancer, CR cancer cell line, etc.). To examine the generality of these expression profiles, we arbitrarily selected 27 differentially expressed transcripts and evaluated them in six to twelve samples of normal colon and primary cancers by Northern blot analysis (11). In general, expression patterns were very reproducible among different samples. Of 10 genes with elevated expression in normal colon relative to CR cancers as determined by SAGE, each was detected in the normal colon samples and was expressed at considerably lower levels in tumors (examples in Fig. 2A). Similarly, most of the genes identified by SAGE as increased in CR or pancreatic cancers were confirmed to be reproducibly expressed in the majority of primary cancers examined by Northern blot (examples in Fig. 2A). It is important to note, however, that there were differences among the cancers, with a few cancers exhibiting particularly high or low levels of individual transcripts. Such differences in gene expression

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undoubtedly contribute to the observed heterogeneity in biological properties of cancers derived from the same organ.

## **EXAMPLE 6**

This example demonstrates the identities of some of the transcripts which were found to be differentially expressed in tumor and normal tissues. What are the identities of the differentially expressed genes? Of the 548 differentially expressed transcripts, 337 were tentatively identified through database comparisons. When tested, the great majority (93%) of these identifications proved to be legitimate (13), as expected from previous SAGE analyses. Although a large number of differentially expressed genes were identified, some simple patterns did emerge. For example, genes that were expressed at higher levels in normal colon epithelium than in CR tumors were often differentiation-related. These genes included liver fatty acid binding protein, cytokeratin 20, carbonic anhydrase, guanylin and uroguanylin, which are known to be important for the normal physiology or architecture of the colon epithelium (Table 2). On the other hand, genes that were increased in CR cancers were often related to the robust growth characteristics that these cells exhibit. For example, gene products associated with protein synthesis, including 48 ribosomal proteins, five elongation factors, and five genes involved in glycolysis were observed to be elevated in both CR and pancreatic cancers compared to normal colon cells. Although the majority of the transcripts could not have been predicted to be differentially expressed in cancers, several have previously been shown to be dysregulated in neoplastic The latter included IGFII, B23 nucleophosmin, the Pi form of glutathione S-transferase, and several ribosomal proteins which were all increased in cancer cells as previously reported. Likewise, Dra and gelsolin were both decreased in cancer as previously reported. Surprisingly, two widely studied oncogenes, c-fos and c-erbb3, were expressed at much higher levels in normal colon epithelium than CR cancers, in contrast to their up-regulation in transformed cells.

In summary, these data provide basic information necessary for understanding the gene expression differences that underlie cancer phenotypes. They additionally provide a necessary framework for interpreting the significance of individual differentially expressed genes. Although this study demonstrated that a large number of such differences exist (approximately 500 at the depth of analysis employed), it was equally remarkable that the fraction of transcripts exhibiting significant differences was relatively small, representing 1.5 % of the transcripts detected in any given cell type (26). The fact that many, but not all, of the differences were preserved during in vitro culture demonstrates the utility of cultured lines for examination of some aspects of gene expression, but also provides a note of caution in relying on such lines to perfectly mimic tumors in their natural environment. Finally, the finding that hundreds of specific genes are expressed at different levels in CR cancers, and that some of these are also expressed differentially in pancreatic cancers, provides a wealth of new reagents for future biologic and diagnostic experimentation.

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- 2. V. E. Velculescu, L. Zhang, B. Vogelstein, K. W. Kinzler, Science 270, 484 (1995); V. E. Velculescu, et al., Cell 88, 243 (1997).
- of tags (30,000) were derived from two different patients for each tissue. For primary tumors (two CR carcinomas and two pancreatic adenocarcinomas), RNA was isolated from portions of tumors judged to contain 60%-90% tumor cells by histopathology. The cells grown in vitro were derived from CR (SW837, Caco2) and pancreatic (ASPC-1, PL45) cancer cell lines. CR epithelial cells were isolated from sections of normal colon mucosa from two patients using EDTA as previously described [S. Nakamura, I. Kino, S. Baba, Gut 34, 1240 (1993)]. Histopathology confirmed that the isolated cells were greater than 90% epithelial. Isolation of Poly-A RNA and SAGE was performed as previously described (2). SAGE data was analyzed by means of SAGE software and GenBank Release 95 as previously described (2).
- 4. A total of 69,393 different SAGE tags were identified among the 303,706 tags analyzed. A small fraction of these different tags were likely due to sequencing errors. SAGE analysis of yeast (2), wherein the entire genomic sequence is known, demonstrated a sequencing error rate of ~ 0.7%, translating to a SAGE tag error rate of 6.8% (1 0.993<sup>10</sup>). Because these sequencing mistakes are essentially random, they do not substantially affect the analysis although they could artificially inflate the number of unique genes identified. Therefore, to be conservative, we reduced our estimate of unique genes identified by this maximum tag error rate (e.g., 6.8% of 303,706 total tags). The number of different tags derived from the same gene due to alternative splicing was assumed to be negligible.

- 5. Abundances can be simply determined by dividing the observed number of tags for a given transcript by the total number of tags obtained. An estimate of approximately 300,000 transcripts per cell was used to convert the abundances to copies per cell [N. D. Hastie, J. O. Bishop, Cell 9, 761 (1976)].
- 6. J. O. Bishop, J. G. Morton, M. Rosbash, M. Richardson, *Nature* **250**, 199 (1974); B. Lewin, Gene Expression Vol 2 (John Wiley and sons, New York 1980).
- 7. Computer simulations indicated that analysis of 300,000 tags would yield a 92 % chance of detecting a tag for a transcript whose expression was at least three copies per cell on average among the tissues examined and assuming 300,000 transcripts per cell.
- To minimize the number of assumptions and to account for the large number of comparisons being made, Monte Carlo analysis was used for determining statistical significance. The null hypothesis was that the level, kind, and distribution of transcripts were the same for cancer and normal cells. For each transcript, 100,000 simulations were performed to determine the relative likelihood due to chance alone ("p-chance") of obtaining a difference in expression equal to or greater than the observed difference, given the null hypothesis. This likelihood was converted to an absolute probability value by simulating 40 experiments in which a representative number of transcripts (27,993 transcripts in each experiment) was identified and compared. The distribution of transcripts used for these simulations was derived from the average level of expression observed in the original samples. The distribution of the p-chance scores obtained in the 40 simulated experiments (false positives) was then compared to those obtained experimentally. Based on this comparison, a maximum value of 0.0005 was chosen for p-chance. This yielded a false positive rate that was no higher than 0.01 for the least significant p-chance value below the cutoff.
- 9. Two hundred simulations assuming an abundance of 0.0001 in one sample and 0.0006 in a second sample revealed a significant difference (P < 0.01, [8]) 95% of the time.

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- 10. It is not possible to obtain pancreatic ductal epithelium, from which pancreatic carcinomas arise, in sufficient quantities to perform SAGE. It is therefore not possible to determine whether these transcripts were derived from genes that were highly expressed only in pancreatic cancers or were also expressed in pancreatic duct cells.
- 11. Total RNA isolation and Northern blot analysis was performed as described [W. S. el-Deiry, et al., Cell 75, 817 (1993)].
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- Northern blot analyses were done on 45 of the 337 differentially expressed transcripts with tentative database matches. In three cases, the pattern of expression was not differentially expressed as predicted by SAGE and, for the purposes of this calculation, were presumed to represent incorrect database matches.
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   Sci USA 86, 9193 (1989).
- 26. In the case of normal and neoplastic colon cancer tissue, 548 differentially transcripts were identified among the 36,125 unique transcripts.
  - 27. All references cited are hereby incorporated by reference herein.
- 28. Sequences tags in Tables 2-4 are consecutively numbered to form SEQ ID NOS: 1-732.

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#### **CLAIMS**

1. A method of diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to belower in the first sample than in the second sample.

2. A method of diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein a comparison of at least two of said transcripts is performed.
- 4. The method of claim 2 wherein a comparison of at least two of said transcripts is performed.

- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein a comparison of at least five of said transcripts is performed.
- 6. The method of claim 2 wherein a comparison of at least five of said transcripts is performed.
- 7. The method of claim 1 wherein a comparison of at least ten of said transcripts is performed.
  - 8. The method of claim 2 wherein a comparison of at least ten of said transcripts is performed.
  - 9. The method of claim 1 wherein a comparison of at least twenty of said transcripts is performed.
    - 10. The method of claim 2 wherein a comparison of at least twenty of said transcripts is performed.
    - 11. The method of claim 1 wherein a comparison of at least thirty of said transcripts is performed.
- 15 12. The method of claim 2 wherein a comparison of at least thirty of said transcripts is performed.
  - 13. An isolated and purified human nucleic acid molecule which comprises a SAGE tag selected from SEQ ID NO:1-732.
  - 14. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 13 which is a cDNA molecule.

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- 15. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 13 wherein the SAGE tag is located at the 3' end of the molecule, adjacent to the 3'-most NlaIII restriction enzyme site.
- 16. An isolated nucleotide probe comprising at least 10 nucleotides of a human nucleic acid molecule, wherein the human nucleic acid molecule comprises a SAGE tag selected from SEQ ID NO: 1-732.
  - 17. The probe of claim 16 which comprises the selected SAGE tag.
  - 18. A diagnostic reagent for evaluating neoplasia of a colorectal tissue, comprising at least 2 probes according to claim 16.
- 19. The diagnostic reagent of claim 18 which comprises at least 5 probes according to claim 16.
  - 20. The diagnostic reagent of claim 18 which comprises at least 10 probes according to claim 16.
  - 21. The diagnostic reagent of claim 18 which comprises at least 20 probes according to claim 16.
  - 22. The diagnostic reagent of claim 18 which comprises at least 30 probes according to claim 16.
  - 23. A diagnostic reagent for evaluating neoplasia of a colorectal tissue, comprising at least 2 probes according to claim 17.
  - 24. A method of diagnosing pancreatic cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

25. A method of diagnosing cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human tissue of the same tissue type, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

26. A method to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a colon cancer patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic colonic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

27. A method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer, comprising the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first tissue sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

28. A method of diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of expression of the protein is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

29. A method of diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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30. A method to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic pancreatic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

31. A method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human tissue of the same tissue type, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

32. A method of diagnosing pancreatic cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein encoded by a transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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33. A method of diagnosing cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human tissue, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

34. A method to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a colon cancer patient, comprising the steps of

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic colonic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

35. A method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first tissue sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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36. A method to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient-having pancreatic cancer, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic pancreatic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

37. A method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human tissue of the same tissue type, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

A method of treating a cancer cell, comprising the step of:

administering to a cancer cell an antibody which specifically binds to a protein encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5, wherein the antibody is linked to a cytotoxic agent.

39. An antibody linked to a cytotoxic agent, wherein the antibody specifically binds to a protein encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5.

40. A method of detecting colon cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein in a first body sample to a second body sample, wherein the first sample is a body sample of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

41. A method of detecting pancreatic cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein encoded by a transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

42. A method of detecting cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein in a first sample to
a second sample, wherein the first sample is of patient and the second sample
is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified
by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5, wherein
the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting
of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

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identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

A method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood urine, feces, sputum, and serum:

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

44. A method to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein said first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

45. A method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those

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shown Table 5, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

46. A method of detecting colon cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first body sample to a second body sample, wherein the first sample is a body sample of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

47. A method of detecting pancreatic cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

48. A method of detecting cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample to
a second sample, wherein the first sample is of patient and the second sample
is of a normal human, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected

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from the group consisting of those shown Table 5, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

49. A method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

50. A method to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer, comprising the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein said first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

51. A method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient, comprising the steps of:

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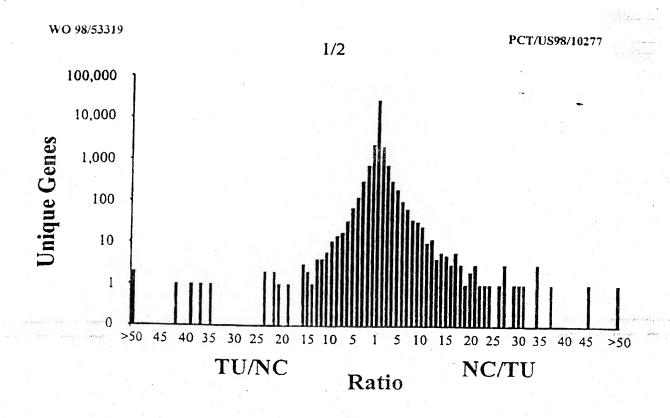
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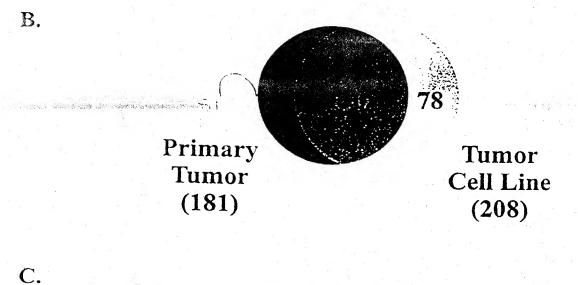
comparing the level of expression of at least one transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5. wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

52. A method for screening for candidate agents that modulate the expression of a polynuleotide selected from the group consisting of the polynucleotides in SEQ ID NOS:1-732 or their respective complements, comprising contacting a test agent with a colon or pancreatic cell and monitoring expression of the polynucleotide, wherein the test agent which modifies the expression of the polynucleotide is a candidate agent.

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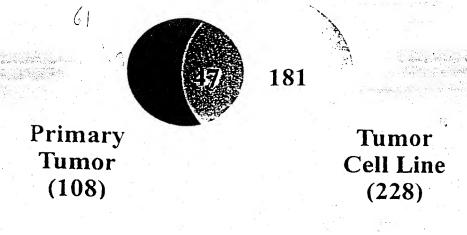


FIG. 2

A.

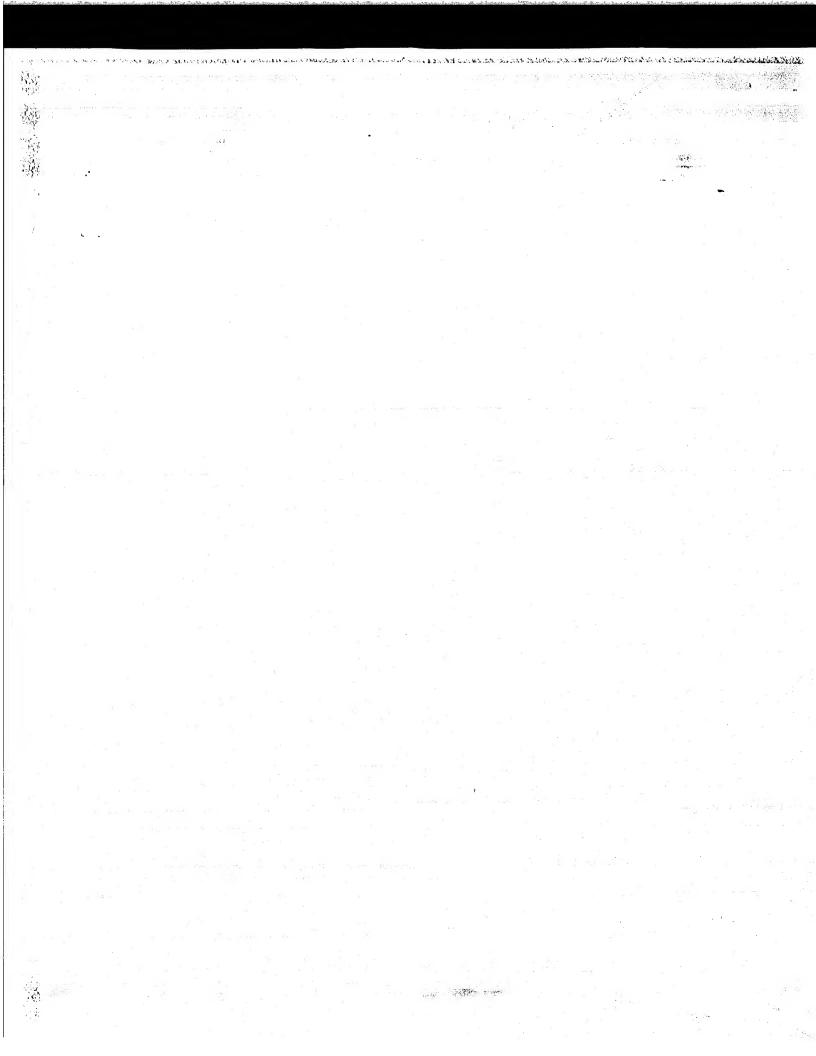
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B.

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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY [US/US]; Suite 2-100, 2024 E. Monument Street, Baltimore, MD 21205 (US).

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### (57) Abstract

As a step towards understanding the complex differences between normal and cancer cells, gene expression patterns were examined in gastrointestinal tumors. More than 300,000 transcripts derived from at least 45,000 different genes were analyzed. Although extensive similarity was noted between the expression profiles, more than 500 transcripts that were expressed at significantly different levels in normal and neoplastic cells were identified. These data provide insights into the extent of expression differences underlying malignancy and reveal genes that are useful as diagnostic or prognostic markers.

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Inter anal Application No. PCT/US 98/10277

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJ	ECT MATTER
IPC 6 C1201/68	G01N33/574

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 C12Q G01N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	Relevant to claim No.
Category *	Ctation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	SUGIO K ET AL.: "Differential expression of c-myc gene and c-fos gene in premalignant and malignant tissues."  CANCER RESEARCH, vol. 48. no. 17, 1988,	1,3,13, 16,17,28
	see the whole document	
X	VAN BELZEN N ET AL.: "Detection of different gene expression in	1,3,5,7, 9,11
* *,	differentiating colon carcinoma cells by differential display"  JOURNAL OF PATHOLOGY,	
* -	vol. 178, no. Suppl., - 1996 page 2A XP002089886	
<b>Y</b>	see abstract	26,28,34
* 100	-/	

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Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No
Y	WO 95 21944 A (SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP; ROSENBERG MARTIN (US); DEBOUCK CHRISTINE) 17 August 1995 see the whole document	26,28,34
<b>Y</b>	See abstract see page 2, line 44 - line 51 see page 10, line 12 - line 15; claims 1,9; figure 2	1,3,5,7, 9,11, 13-23, 26,28, 34,52
• <b>Y</b> • • • • • ••• • •	EP 0 761 822 A (UNIV JOHNS HOPKINS MED) 12 March 1997  see the whole document	1,3,5,7, 9,11, 13-23, 26,28, 34,52
<b>Y</b>	WO 95 11923 A (DANA FARBER CANCER INST INC; CHEN LAN BO (US); BAO SHIDENG (CN); L) 4 May 1995  see the whole document	1,3,5,7, 9,11, 13-18, 23,26, 28,34,52
Y	VELCULESCU V E ET AL: "SERIAL ANALYSIS OF GENE EXPRESSION" SCIENCE, vol. 270, 20 October 1995, pages 484-487, XP002053721 cited in the application see the whole document	1,3,5,7, 9,11, 13-18, 23,26, 28,34,52
<b>Y</b>	SCHWEINFEST C W ET AL.: "Subtraction hybridization cDNA libraries from colon carcinoma and hepatic cancer" GENETIC ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS, vol. 7, 1990, pages 64-70, XP002089887 see the whole document	1,3,5,7, 9,11, 13-18, 23,26
Y A	WO 97 14812 A (CHIRON CORP) 24 April 1997 see the whole document  GRESS T M ET AL.: "A pancreatic cancer-specific expression profile" ONCOGENE, vol. 13, 1996,	52

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ategory <sup>a</sup>	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		
-	WO 95 19369 A (UNIV VANDERBILT) 20 July 1995 see the whole document		
4	GRESS T ET AL.: "Identification of genes with pancreatic cancer specific expression by use of cDNA representational difference analysis" GASTROENTEROLOGY, vol. 110, no. 4 Suppl., 1996, XP002089889 see abstract		
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P,X	VAN BELZEN N ET AL.: "A novel gene which is up-regulated during colon epithelial cell differentiation and down-regulated in colorectal neoplasms"  LABORATOR: INVESTIGATION, vol. 77, no. 1, 1997, pages 85-92, XP002089891 see the whole document		1,3,5,7, 9,11,13, 14, 16-18, 23,26, 28,34
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### FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1,3,5,7,9,11,13-23,26,28,34,52 (partial)

### **INVENTION 1:**

An isolated and purified human nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:291 of table 3 (INVENTION 1), an isolated nucleotide probe hybridizing to it, a diagnostic reagent comprising at least two of such probes, methods of diagnosing or prognosing colon cancer using them, and a method for screening for agents modulating the expression of such a sequence using them.

2. Claims: 1,3,5,7,9,11,13-23,26,28,34,52 (partial)

INVENTION 2 to INVENTION 259:
An isolated and purified human nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:292 of table 3 (INVENTION 2), an isolated nucleotide probe hybridizing to it, a diagnostic reagent comprising at least two of such probes, methods of diagnosing or prognosing colon cancer using them, and a method for screening for agents modulating the expression of such a sequence using them.

...ibidem for each of the SEQ ID Nos:293 to 549 (INVENTION 3 to INVENTION 259) as specified in table 3, separately.

3. Claims: 2,4,6,8,10,12-23,27,29,35,38-40,43,46,49, 52 (partial)

INVENTION 260 to INVENTION 549:
An isolated and purified human nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:1 of table 2 (INVENTION 260), an isolated nucleotide probe hybridizing to it, a diagnostic reagent comprising at least two of such probes, methods of diagnosing or prognosing colon cancer using them, a method of treating a cancer cell using them, an antibody linked to a cytotoxic agent used in such a method, and a method for screening for agents modulating the expression of such a sequence using them.

...ibidem for each of the SEQ ID Nos:2 to 290 (INVENTION 261 to INVENTION 549) as specified in table 2, separately.

4. Claims: 13-24,30,32,36,38,39,41,44,47,50,52 (partial)

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## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

INVENTION 550 to INVENTION 732:
An isolated and purified human nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID N0:550 of table 4 (INVENTION 550), an isolated nucleotide probe hybridizing to it, a diagnostic reagent comprising at least two of such probes, methods of diagnosing or prognosing pancreatic cancer using them, a method of treating a cancer cell using them, an antibody linked to a cytotoxic agent used in such a method, and a method for screening for agents modulating the expression of such a sequence using them.

...ibidem for each of the SEQ ID Nos:551 to 732 (INVENTION 551 to INVENTION 732) as specified in table 4, separately.

5. Claims: 24,30,32,36,38,39,41,44,47,50 (partial)

INVENTION 733 to INVENTION 734:
Methods of diagnosing or prognosing pancreatic cancer
relying on a human nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID
NO:733 of table 4 (INVENTION 733), a method of treating a
cancer cell using it, and an antibody linked to a cytotoxic
agent used in such a method.

...ibidem for SEQ ID Nos:734 (INVENTION 734) as specified in table 4.

6. Claims: 25,31,33,37-39,42,45,48,51 (partial)

INVENTION 735 to INVENTION 870: Methods of diagnosing or prognosing cancer relying on a human nucleic acid molecule comprising SEQ ID NO:735 of table 5 (INVENTION 735), a method of treating a cancer cell using it, and an antibody linked to a cytotoxic agent used in such a method.

...ibidem for each of the SEQ ID Nos:736 to 870 (INVENTION 736 to INVENTION 870) as specified in table 5, separately.

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